

Rethinking Innovation in Healthcare

Truths, Challenges & Game-Changers

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Healthcare's 4th Industrial revolution

Parallels in the industrial revolution and the medical informatics evolution









Beyond the Headlines

Innovation is more complex and human than robots or AI



Reality Check

\$240B invested, yet 70% of implementations fail



Our Focus

Distinguishing myths from realities in healthcare transformation

Myths vs. Realities



Myth 1

Technology & Innovation Will Solve All Problems



Reality

Innovation Does Not Equate Progress

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Viewpoint

November 2018

Machine Learning and Health Care Disparities in Dermatology

Adewole S. Adamson, MD, MPP^{1,2}; Avery Smith, MS³

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JAMA Dermatol. 2018;154(11):1247-1248. doi:10.1001/jamadermatol.2018.2348

Machine Learning Website

Machine learning (ML), a form of artificial intelligence using computer algorithms, is often applied in ways we take for granted: Spotify to predict music that people may enjoy, Facebook to suggest friends to tag in photos, and Amazon to identify products to buy. Aside from these quotidian tasks, ML holds the promise of enhancing the delivery of quality health care.¹ Recently, ML has been used to create programs capable of distinguishing between images of benign and malignant moles with accuracy similar to that of board-certified dermatologists.² This technology could greatly assist dermatologists in diagnosing and treating skin diseases, thereby improving patient care. However, if not developed with inclusivity in mind, ML could exacerbate health care disparities in dermatology.

Reality

Pitfalls Still Exist

nature machine intelligence

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nature > nature machine intelligence > analyses > article

Analysis Open access Published: 15 March 2021

Common pitfalls and recommendations for using machine learning to detect and prognosticate for COVID-19 using chest radiographs and CT scans

Michael Roberts [™], <u>Derek Driggs</u>, <u>Matthew Thorpe</u>, <u>Julian Gilbey</u>, <u>Michael Yeung</u>, <u>Stephan Ursprung</u>, <u>Angelica I. Aviles-Rivero</u>, <u>Christian Etmann</u>, <u>Cathal McCague</u>, <u>Lucian Beer</u>, <u>Jonathan R. Weir-McCall</u>, <u>Zhongzhao Teng</u>, <u>Effrossyni Gkrania-Klotsas</u>, <u>AIX-COVNET</u>, <u>James H. F. Rudd</u>, <u>Evis Sala</u> & <u>Carola-Bibiane</u> Schönlieb

Nature Machine Intelligence 3, 199–217 (2021) Cite this article

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Data Quality & Bias

Rubbish In, Rubbish Out

Al is only as good as what we train it on

Rules of Traditional Statistical Analysis Apply

- Representative dataset
- Confounders
- Bias
- Data purity

Myth 2

Innovation Means Disruption



Reality

Kaiser Permanente Teleconsultation Program



Myth 3

Innovation Will Improve Wellbeing



Reality

Psychological & Social Impact



Tech Addiction

Constant Health Monitoring

Obsessive /Abussive use of Health Tracking Apps

Patient Anxiety



Doctor-Patient Relationship

Dr Google / Dr Al

Misinformation and Distrust



Medical Education

Al in Exams

Erosion of Core Knowledge

Diminishing Clinical Experience

Existential Crisis for Healthcare Workers?

Is it Real?

Potential replacement of healthcare workers

Most at risk

- Non-procedural clinical specialties
- Consultation roles
- Low-level physical tasks
- Certain simple procedures

Our Own Lessons

NUHS Mixed Reality Program

- Leveraging on Mixed Reality
- Enhance clinical capabilities
- Improve clinician experience
- Improve patient outcomes



How it All Began

From Idea to Implementation



The Myth

Opportunity to change and disrupt the way we practice Medicine









The Reality

Not That Straight Forward

- Gartner Curve
- Adoption Issues
- Implementation Hurdles
- Use Case Selection
- Loss of Interest



Breakthrough

How Do We Move



Breakthrough Integration Models

Keep the Important Things in Mind

Human-Centered Design

Starting with patient and provider needs



Evidence-Based Implementation

Building evaluation from day one

Ecosystem Collaboration

Breaking silos between stakeholders

Human-Centered Design

Staying Human in a Digital World



19 minute read - 26 June 2023

Being human in a digital world: Questions to guide the internet's evolution

With growing calls to halt AI development and widespread cynicism over the metaverse, we need a framework for visionary businesses, regulators, and society to help shape the future of an internet that enhances, rather than supplants, our humanity



Duleesha Kulasooriya Singapore



Michelle Khoo Singapore



Michelle Tan Singapore

The next internet should serve users in deriving ...

Meaning

and

Utility

Positive effects when meaning is a priority

- Users have access to new, resonant experiences that otherwise can't exist in the real world.
- Users have better access to meaningful real-world experiences.
- Some real-world experiences don't translate well to digital and feel diluted/less authentic.
- Some real-world traditions diminish or are lost.

Potential drawbacks when meaning is overemphasized Positive effects when utility is a priority

- Tasks can be accomplished more efficiently.
- More time can be allocated to higher-level human activities.

- An overemphasis on optimizing outcomes leads to a neglect of process.
- Overreliant users struggle to cope when technology fails.

Potential drawbacks when utility is overemphasized

Source: Deloitte analysis.

Experiences on the next internet should be ...

Directed

and

Empowering

Positive effects when experiences are directed

- Interfaces are clear and simple to use.
- Experience is under control and can be designed for accessibility.

- Creativity is stifled and the space for individuals to exercise choices is restricted.
- Users end up feeling manipulated due to lack of choice.

Potential drawbacks when directed experiences are overemphasized Positive effects when experiences are empowering

- Users can think and decide for themselves.
- Creativity is encouraged, which could result in new use cases that couldn't have been designed for.
- Overloading users with choices could cause decision fatigue.
- Some users struggle to adopt due to a lack of guidance.

Potential drawbacks when empowerment is overemphasized

Source: Deloitte analysis.

Governance of the next internet should rely on ...

Responsibility

and

Regulation

Positive effects when relying on individual and collective responsibility

- Companies have more leeway to experiment with quicker innovation cycles.
- Self-regulation is led by an industry that knows its sector best.
- Abuse of trust could lead to harm.
- Harms caused may not be appropriately addressed without authority.

Potential drawbacks from an overreliance on responsibility Positive effects when relying on regulation

- Rights that are too important to leave to personal discretion are preserved.
- A safe environment is created for all.

- Businesses struggle to innovate and thrive.
- Overstandardized virtual environments are boring and lack creativity.

Potential drawbacks from an overreliance on regulation

Source: Deloitte analysis.

Deloitte. deloitte.com/insights.com

Ecosystem Collaboration

Find the Right Partners



Evidence-Based Implementation



How Did We Fair?

Human-Centered Care

Use Case as our Core

Planning for Graft Reduction



Rib Tumour Localisation and Excision



Holomedicine: The use of mixed reality device to aid clinician in thoracic surgery

Dr Lowell Leow¹, Dr Zachery Yeo², Ng Kian Wei², Elaine Tan Ying Zhen², Guo Qinfeng², Hugh Tay Keng Lian², Adrian Hwang Jian Tay², A/Prof Ngiam Kee Yuan², Marcus Ong Ming Wei², A/Prof John Tam¹, Dr Gao Yujia²

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Life Changing Application



Ecosystem Collaboration

Found our Soulmates

NUHS Hybrid Architecture

Project Daedalus





Dedicated Indoor 5G Network

Dedicated Service with no Public Interference





Evidence-Based Implementation

Found our Data

Where is the Evidence?

Following the Numbers

КРІ	Target	Outcome
Commercial Deployment and Operationalisation	For system sign-off and deployment before end of project term	NUH 5G network signed-off and operational since November 2023. Met target expectations
Professional Training	30 staff to be trained in the use of Holomedicine and Mixed Reality in clinical and training use cases	40 staff have been trained till date. Exceeded target expectations
Reduction in Surgical Time	Reduction in surgical time of 10-15% compared to standard practice	 Thoracic surgery: 30-45 minutes reduction in operating time (16-25% reduction) Paediatric Liver Transplant: 45-60 minutes reduction in operating time (8-10% reduction) Laparoscopic Adrenal Surgery: 45-60 minutes reduction in surgical time (30- 40% reduction)

NUHS Production LLM Architecture

Restricted

Hurdles and Limitations

Translating from Bench to Bedside

Lessons Learnt

Growing Pains

Lessons Learnt

Dare to Fail?

Clinical AI Development Process and Functional Domains

Stakeholder Ecosystem

Understand and Evaluate

The Path Forward

Practical Steps

Value Alignment

Economic, clinical, and operational value within 24 months

Implementation Science

CFIR framework with champions at every level

Patient-Centered Outcomes

Beyond clinical: quality of life, access, experience

Next Steps

Assess readiness, build cross-functional teams, create safe spaces

Healthcare Innovation Success Factors

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'Do Not Fear Failure, But Be Afraid of Not Having The Opportunity to Succeed'

Restricted

Thank you.

