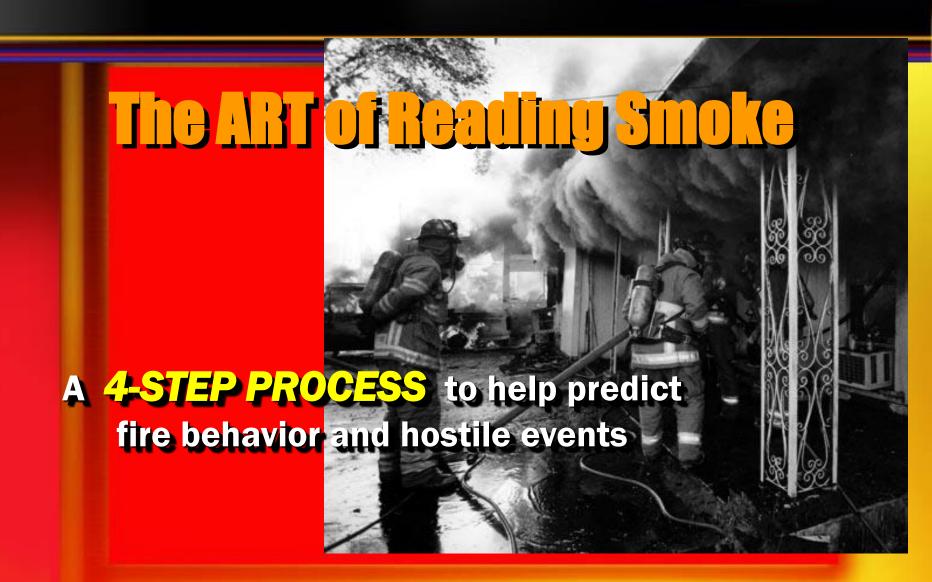
The ART of Reading Smoke

Email Phil Jose for Classes!!



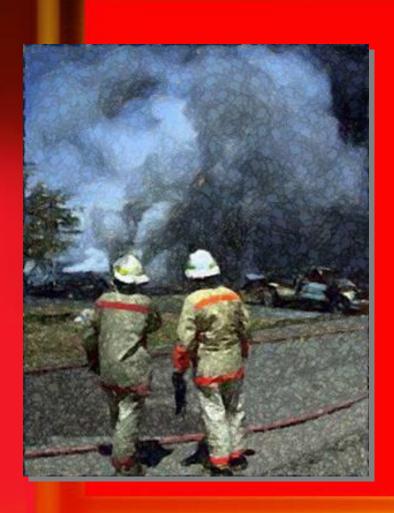


Step 1: Evaluate Key Factors

- Volume
- Velocity (Pressure)
- Density
- Color



VOLUME



- Always relative to the "Box"
- Tells "how much" fuel has off-gassed
- > Sets the Stage

VELOCITY (Pressure)



- > How fast is the smoke leaving?
- Can indicate volume or heat
- Helps find the location of the actual fire

DENSITY



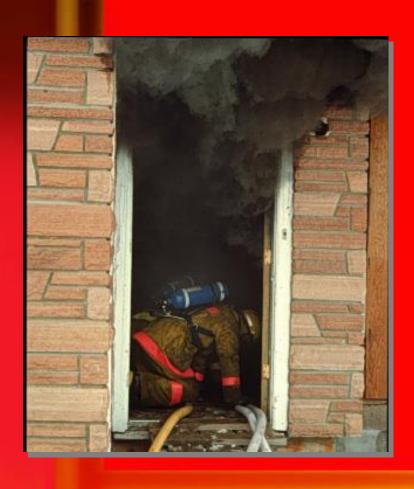
- **► Most Important**Factor
- Quality of Burning
- > Continuity of Fuel
- Likelihood of an event
- "Degree" of the Event

COLOR



- Rarely tells "material burning"
- Stage of Heating
- **Location of Fire**
- Amount of Flaming
- > "Brown" Smoke
- > "Black Fire"

"BLACK FIRE"



"Black Fire" is the term we give to High Volume, High **Velocity, Extremely** Dense, Black Smoke. It is the sure sign of impending flashover - VENT & COOL are your only choices.

Step 2: Weigh Factors

- Container (most important factor)
- Thermal Balance
- Weather
- Firefighting efforts



Step 3: Judge the Rate of Change



How fast are SMOKE conditions getting better or worse?

Step 4: Predict the Even

Consider that:

- One hostile event can and usually will - lead to another event.
- Communicate your observations.
- Warning Signs are not always visual – use your KNOWLEDGE and EXPERIENCE.

TRUST YOUR INSTINCTS....



Some other "Tricks"

When you open a door or window - watch what the smoke does - and what the fresh air does!

Some other "Tricks"

A 5-second change in any key factor means an event has taken place - the key is to define what event has taken place and to forecast what will likely happen next.

