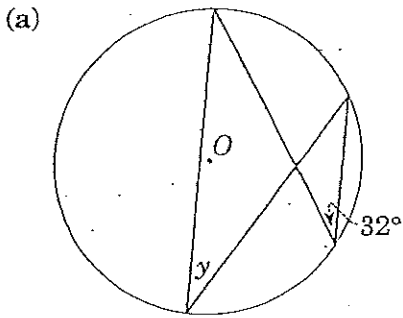


# Circle geometry

Question 1 Find the value of the pronumeral(s) in each case:

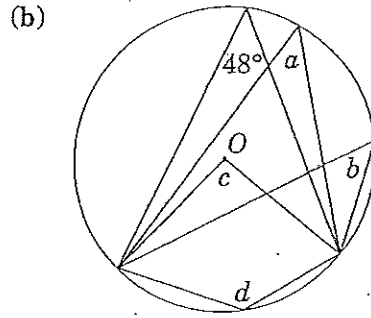



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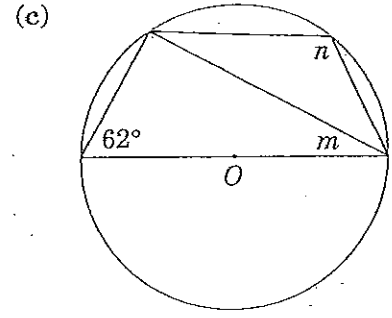



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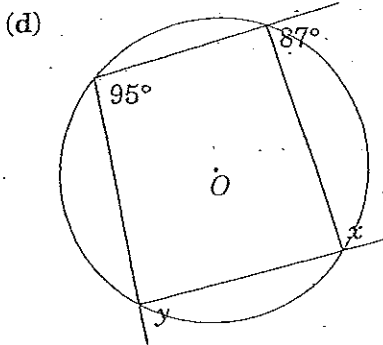



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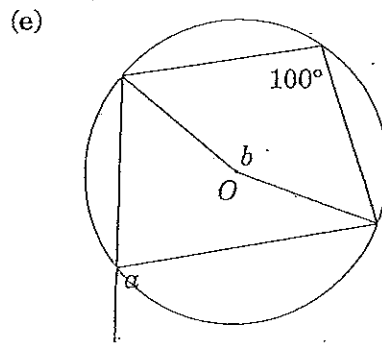



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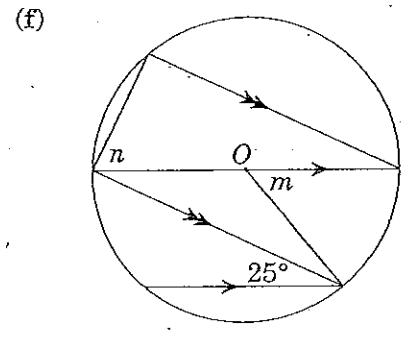



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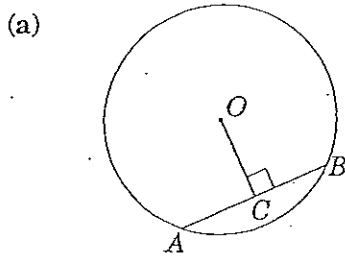

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Question 2



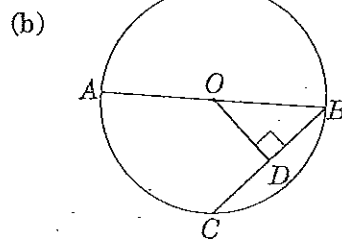
$AB = 16 \text{ cm}$ ,  $OC = 6 \text{ cm}$   
Find the radius of the circle.

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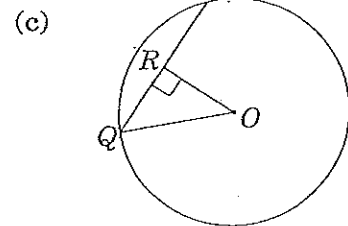
$AB = 34 \text{ cm}$ ,  $BC = 30 \text{ cm}$   
Find  $OD$ .

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$OQ = 20 \text{ cm}$ ,  $OR = 16 \text{ cm}$   
Find  $PQ$ .

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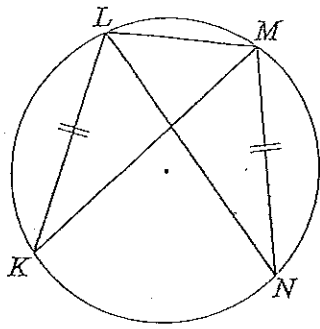
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Question 3

(a)



$KL = MN$

Prove  $KM = LN$  and  $\angle KLM = \angle LMN$ .

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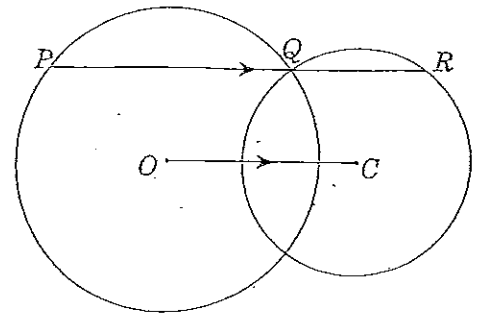
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(b)



$O, C$  are centres.  $PR \parallel OC$

Prove that  $PR = 2 \times OC$ .

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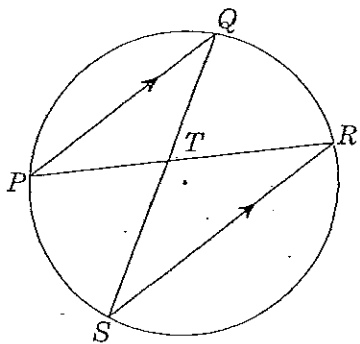
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Question 4

(a)



$PQ \parallel SR$

Prove that  $PT = QT$ .

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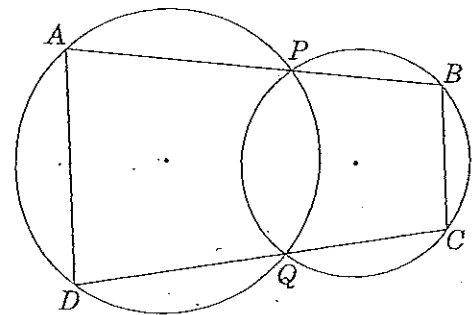
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(b)



$APB$  and  $DQC$  are straight lines.

Prove  $AD \parallel BC$ .

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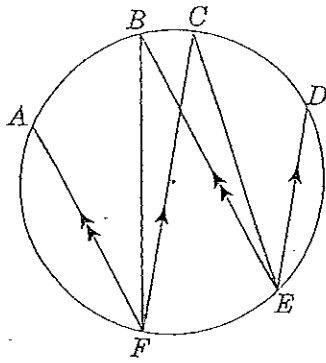
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$AF \parallel BE, CF \parallel DE$

Prove  $\angle AFB = \angle CED$ .

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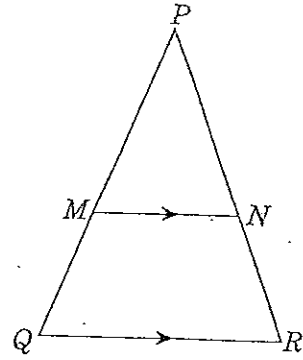
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(d)



$PQ = PR, MN \parallel QR$

Prove that  $MNRQ$  is a cyclic quadrilateral.

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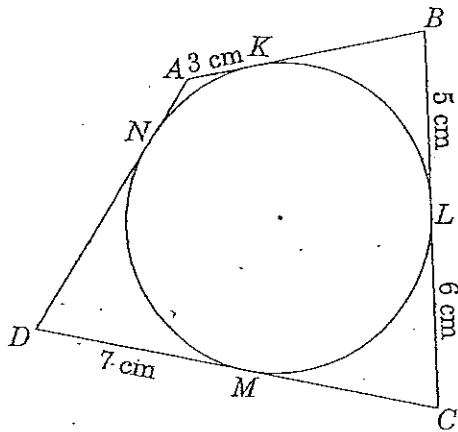
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Question 5



$AB, BC, CD, DA$  are tangents.  
Find the perimeter of  $ABCD$ .

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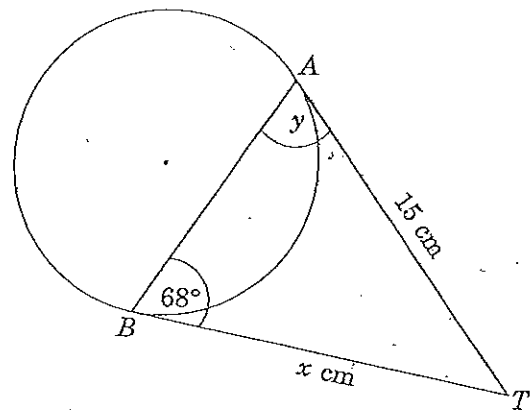
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(b)



$AT, BT$  are tangents.  
Find  $x$  and  $y$ .

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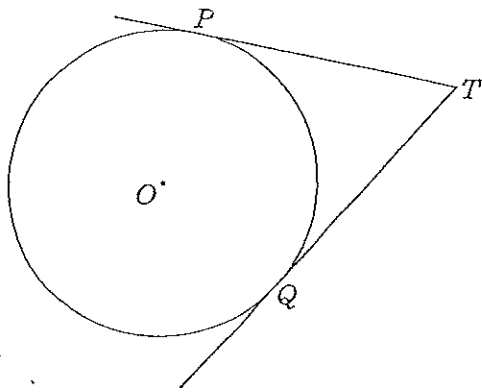
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Question 6

(a)



$PT, QT$  are tangents.  
Prove that  $OPTQ$  is a cyclic quadrilateral.

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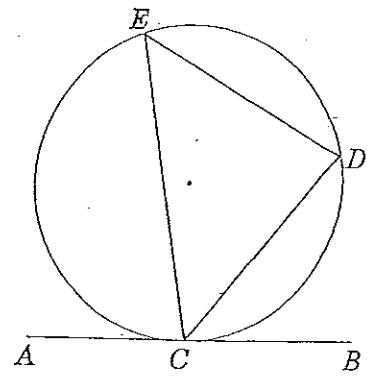
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(b)



$ACB$  is a tangent.  $DC$  bisects  $\angle ECB$ .  
Prove that  $DE = DC$ .

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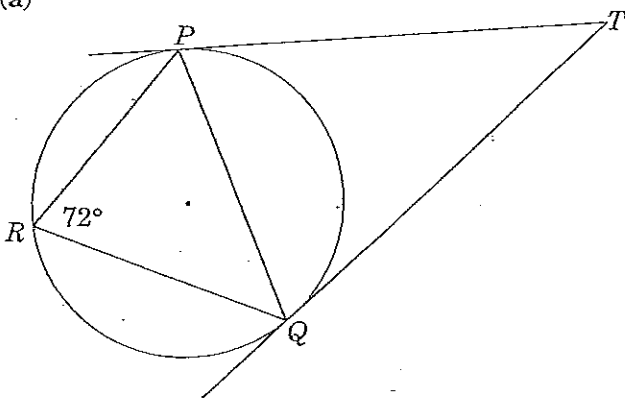
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Question 7

(a)



$PT, QT$  are tangents.  
Find  $\angle PTQ$ .

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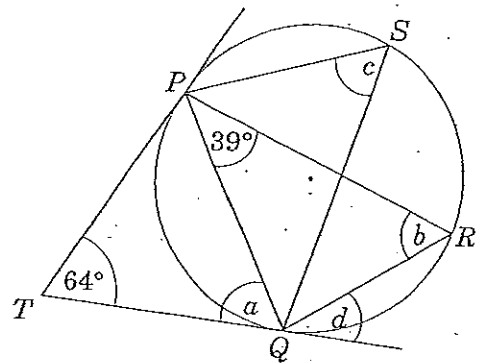
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(b)




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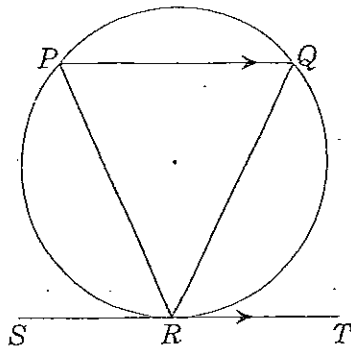
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Question 8

(a)



$PQ \parallel ST$   $ST$  is a tangent.

Prove that  $PR = QR$ .

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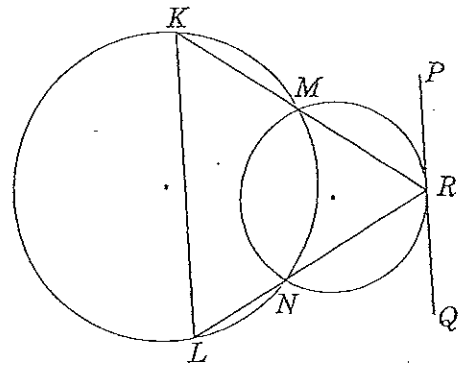
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(b)



$PQ$  is a tangent.

Prove that  $KL \parallel PQ$ .

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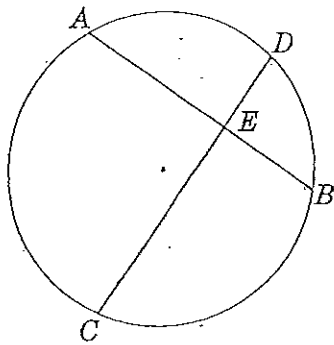
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Question 9

(a)



$AE = 6$  cm,  $EB = 4$  cm,  $CE = 8$  cm

Find  $CD$ .

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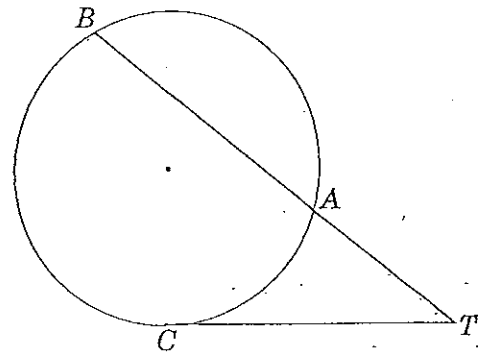
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(b)



$CT$  is a tangent.  $AT = 4$  cm,  $AB = 5$  cm

Find  $CT$ .

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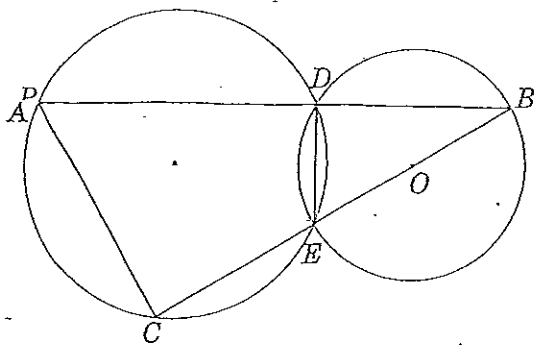
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Question 10

(a)



$BE$  is a diameter of the smaller circle.  
Prove that  $\angle ACB = 90^\circ$ .

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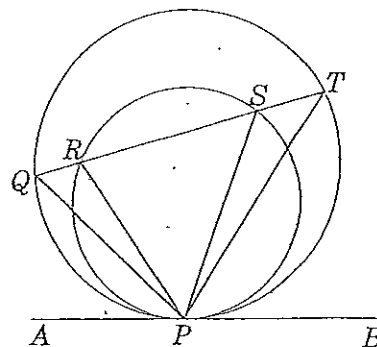
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(b)



$AB$  is a tangent.  
Prove that  $\angle QPR = \angle SPT$ .

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ANSWERS

33 Circle geometry

- 1 (a)  $32^\circ$   
 (b)  $a = 48^\circ, b = 48^\circ, c = 96^\circ, d = 132^\circ$   
 (c)  $m = 28^\circ, n = 118^\circ$   
 (d)  $x = 95^\circ, y = 93^\circ$   
 (e)  $a = 100^\circ, b = 160^\circ$   
 (f)  $m = 50^\circ, n = 65^\circ$
- 2 (a) 10 cm      (b) 8 cm      (c) 24 cm
- 3 and 4 Proofs
- 5 (a) 42 cm      (b)  $x = 15 \text{ cm}, y = 68^\circ$
- 6 Proofs
- 7 (a)  $36^\circ$       (b)  $a = 58^\circ, b = 58^\circ, c = 58^\circ, d = 39^\circ$
- 8 Proofs
- 9 (a) 3 cm      (b) 6 cm
- 10 Proofs