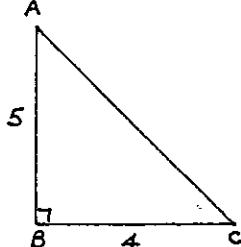


QUESTION 1 : (10marks)

- (a) In the given triangle, evaluate
- (i) length AC



$$(ii) \tan A =$$

$$(iii) \sec C =$$

(b) Find the value of  $x$  if:

$$(i) \cos 25^\circ = \sin x^\circ$$

$$(ii) \sec 20^\circ = \operatorname{cosec}(x+30)^\circ$$

(c) Fill in the table below:  
(with exact values)

DEG	$0^\circ$	$30^\circ$	$45^\circ$	$60^\circ$	$90^\circ$
RATIO					
sin	$0^\circ$	$\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1
cos		$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$		0
cot	$\infty$		1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	0

QUESTION 2 : (20marks)

(a) Find the exact value of:

$$(i) \sin 225^\circ$$

$$(ii) \tan 300^\circ$$

$$(iii) \cot 570^\circ$$

$$(iv) \cos(-120^\circ)$$

$$(v) \sec(-315^\circ)$$

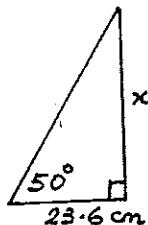
(b) Solve the equations for  $x$  if  $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$

$$(i) \sin x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

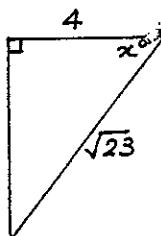
$$(ii) \tan x = -\sqrt{3}$$

(c) Find the value of  $x$

(i) (to 1 d.p.)



(ii) (to the nearest minute)



(d) If  $x = 30^\circ$ ,  $y = 45^\circ$   
find the exact value of

$$(i) \sin 2x$$

$$(ii) 2 \sin y \cos y$$

$$(iii) \sec^2 x - \tan^2 x$$

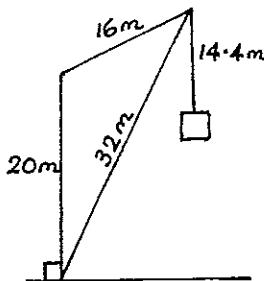
$$(iv) \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 y}$$

QUESTION 3 : (10marks)

(i) (a) State the Sine Rule  
for any  $\triangle ABC$

(b) ABCD is a parallelogram  
in which  $\angle BAD = 40^\circ$ ,  $AD = 37\text{ cm}$   
and  $AC = 65$ . Draw a neat sketch  
and find  $\angle ACD$  (to nearest degree).

(ii) In the diagram PQR is a crane carrying a load at S.  
Calculate  $\angle QPR$  and the height  
of S above the ground.

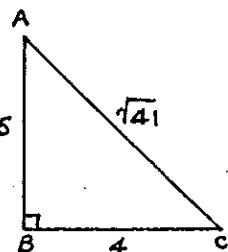


**QUESTION 1 : (10marks)**

(a) In the given triangle, evaluate

(i) length AC

$$AC = 5^2 + 4^2$$
$$AC = \sqrt{41} \checkmark$$



(ii)  $\tan A = 4/5 \checkmark$

(iii)  $\sec C = \sqrt{41}/4 \checkmark$

(b) Find the value of  $x$  if:

(i)  $\cos 25^\circ = \sin x^\circ$   
 $x^\circ = 65^\circ \checkmark$

(ii)  $\sec 20^\circ = \operatorname{cosec}(x+30)^\circ$   
 $x = 40^\circ \checkmark$

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(c) Fill in the table below:  
(with exact values)

DEG RATIO	0°	30°	45°	60°	90°
sin	0°	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	1
cos	1	$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0
cot	$\infty$	$\sqrt{3}$	1	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	0

**QUESTION 2 : (20marks)**

(a) Find the exact value of:

(i)  $\sin 225^\circ$   
 $= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \checkmark$

(ii)  $\tan 300^\circ$   
 $= -\sqrt{3} \checkmark$

(iii)  $\cot 570^\circ$   
 $= \sqrt{3} \checkmark$

(iv)  $\cos(-120^\circ)$   
 $= -\frac{1}{2} \checkmark$

(v)  $\sec(-315^\circ)$   
 $= \sqrt{2} \checkmark$

(b) Solve the equations for  $x$  if  $0^\circ \leq x \leq 360^\circ$ 

(i)  $\sin x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$60^\circ, 120^\circ$

(ii)  $\tan x = -\sqrt{3}$

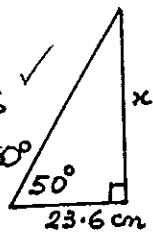
$120^\circ, 300^\circ$

(c) Find the value of  $x$ 

(i) (to 1 d.p.)

$\tan 50^\circ = \frac{x}{23.6} \checkmark$

$x = 23.6 \tan 50^\circ$   
 $= 28.1 \text{ cm}$



(ii) (to the nearest minute)

$\cos x^\circ = \frac{4}{\sqrt{23}} \checkmark$

$x^\circ = 33^\circ 29'$

(d) If  $x = 30^\circ$ ,  $y = 45^\circ$   
find the exact value of

(i)  $\sin 2x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \checkmark$

(ii)  $2 \sin y \cos y$

$2 \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2}{2} = 1 \checkmark$

(iii)  $\sec^2 x - \tan^2 x$

$\frac{4}{3} - \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{3}{3} = 1 \checkmark$

(iv)  $\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 y}$

$\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)}$

$= \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{2}}$

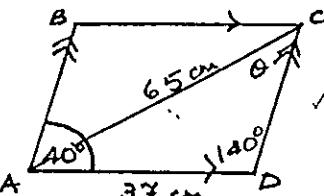
$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}}$

$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \checkmark$

20

**QUESTION 3 : (10marks)**(i) (a) State the Sine Rule  
for any  $\triangle ABC$ 

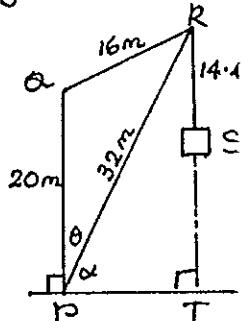
$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C} \checkmark$

(b) ABCD is a parallelogram  
in which  $\angle BAD = 40^\circ$ ,  $AD = 37 \text{ cm}$   
and  $AC = 65$ . Draw a neat sketch  
and find  $\angle ACD$  (to nearest degree).

$\frac{65}{\sin 140^\circ} = \frac{37}{\sin \theta} \checkmark$

$\sin \theta = \frac{37 \sin 140^\circ}{65} \checkmark$

$\angle ACD = 21^\circ \checkmark$

(ii) In the diagram PQR is a crane carrying a load at S.  
Calculate  $\angle QPR$  and the height  
of S above the ground.

$\text{Let } \angle QPR = \theta$

$16^2 = 20^2 + 32^2 - 2 \cdot 20 \cdot 32 \cdot \cos \theta \checkmark$

$256 = 400 + 1024 - 1280 \cos \theta \checkmark$

$\frac{1168}{1280} = \cos \theta \checkmark$

$\theta = 24^\circ 9' \checkmark$

$\therefore \angle RPT = 65^\circ 51' \checkmark$

$\frac{RT}{\sin 65^\circ 51'} = \frac{32}{\sin 90^\circ} \text{ ft. L. triangle}$

$RT = \frac{32 \sin 65^\circ 51'}{1} \checkmark$

$RT = 29.2 \text{ m} \checkmark$

$RT = RS = ST$   
 $\therefore ST = 14.8 \text{ m} \checkmark$

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