opic Test: Meas

Total time allowed: 45 minutes Total marks: 35

Write 367 000 in scientific notation:

A 36.7×10^4

B 0.367×10^{5}

C 3.67 × 10⁵

D 3.67 \times 10⁻⁵



Convert 8.5 metres to millimetres.

A 850 mm

B 8500 mm

C 85 mm

D 0.085 mm



The radius of the Earth is approximately 6400 km. What is the circumference of the Earth at

the equator?

A 40212 km

 $B 1.29 \times 10^8 \text{ km}$

C 20106 km

D 38340 km



The mass of an orange was 250 g to the nearest 10 g. The percentage error in this mearsurement is:

A ±4%

B ±2%

C ±0.4%

D ±0.2%



The longest side of a right-angled triangle is called the:

A shortest side

B middle side

C hypotenuse

D none of these



If two shorter sides of a right-angled triangle are 7 m and 8 m, then the hypotenuse is:

 $A \sqrt{65} m$

B √85 m

 $C \sqrt{113} \text{ m}$

D $\sqrt{193}$ m



If the corresponding angles of two triangles are equal then the triangles are definitely:

A congruent

B similar

C equilateral

D isosceles

Evaluate 12 sin 85°, correct to two decimal places.

A 12.05

B 11.95

C 1.05

D 137.16



A 3-metre ladder leans against a building with its top reaching a height of 2.6 metres. What angle does the ladder make with the wall, correct to the nearest degree?

A 35°

B 40°

C 30°

D none of these

The diagonal of a rectangle makes an angle of 42° with one of the longer sides. If the width of the rectangle is 12 cm, find the length of the diagonal correct to one decimal place.

A 15.8 m

B 22.5 m

C 10.5 m

D 17.9 m

A flagpole and a building are on level ground, 95 metres apart. From the top of the flagpole the angle of depression to the top of the building is 46°. If the flagpole is 120 metres high, how high is the building? Give your answer correct to the nearest metre.

A 20 m

B 35 m

C 26 m

D 22 m

How many square centimetres are in a square metre?

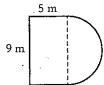
A 100

B 1000

C 10000

D 100000

What is the perimeter of this figure to one decimal place?



A 33.1 cm

B 42.1 cm

C 47.3 cm

D 76.8 cm

The number 0.0106359 to two significant figures is:

A 0.01

B 0.010

C 0.011

D 0.0106

A cube has a volume of 3375 cm³. Find the length of each edge of the cube.

A 5 cm

B 15 cm

C 25 cm

D 35 cm



A swimming pool is in the shape of a rectangular prism, 10 metres long, 4 metres wide and 2.1 metres deep. Calculate the volume of water which the pool holds when full in:

a cubic metres

1 mark

What is the scale factor of the large triangle to the smaller triangle?

b Find the value of x.

1 mark

1 mark

b litres (1000 L = 1 m³)

1 mark



A traffic roundabout consists of a central circular garden of diameter 12 metres, and two laneways for traffic, each $3\frac{1}{2}$ metres wide, completely encircling the garden.

a Calculate the area of the garden.

1 mark

Alexa walked across a block of land and made the following notes in her notebook (all measurements are in metres).

a Draw a sketch of the field diagram to correspond to these notes.

1 mark

b The local council wishes to resurface the roundabout laneways. Calculate the area of roadway to be resurfaced.

2 marks

b Calculate the perimeter of the block of land to one decimal place.

2 marks

- - Name a pair of similar triangles.

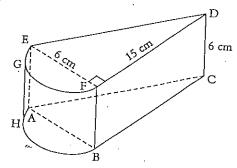
1 mark

c What is the cost of fencing the block of land if materials and labour cost a total of \$18 per metre?

1 mark

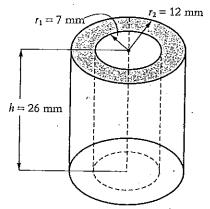
d What is the cost of returfing the land if grass costs \$6.50 per square metre?

2 marks



2 marks

Calculate the volume of the following solids to one decimal place:



2 marks

In 1.5 hours 324 litres of water pours out of a pipe. Express the rate at which the water is flowing in mL/min.

1 mark

An estate is to be shared between three charities in a ratio of 2:3:5. If the estate is worth \$1.2 million, calculate the amount each charity receives.

1 mark

$$367000 = 3.67 \times 10^5$$
 v

$$C = 2\pi r$$

$$= 2 \times \pi \times 6400$$

$$= 40212 \text{ km} \quad \checkmark$$

Greatest possible error is
$$0.5 \times \text{smallest unit used}$$

= $0.5 \times 10 \text{ g}$
 $\frac{5 \text{ g}}{250 \text{ g}} \times 100 = 2\%$

Hypotenuse
$$\checkmark$$

$$h^2 = 7^2 + 8^2$$

$$h^{2} = 7 + 8$$

$$h^{2} = 49 + 64$$

$$h^{2} = 113$$

$$h = \sqrt{113} \text{ m} \quad \checkmark$$

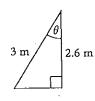
$$12\sin 85^{\circ} = 11.954.33638... [Cal.]$$
$$= 11.95 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{2.6}{3}$$

$$\cos \theta = 0.866666...$$

$$\theta = 29.926... [Cal.]$$

$$\theta = 30^{\circ} [\text{to nearest degree}]$$



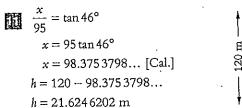
$$\sin 42^{\circ} = \frac{12}{d}$$

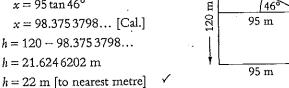
$$d \sin 42^{\circ} = 12$$

$$d = \frac{12}{\sin 42^{\circ}}$$

$$d = 17.9337186... [Cal.]$$

$$d = 17.9 \text{ cm } [1 \text{ d.p.}]$$





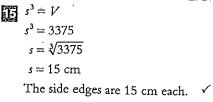
Perimeter = Distance around the outside

$$P = \text{Three straight sides} + \text{Circumference of half a circle}$$
 $P = 5 + 9 + 5 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2\pi \times 4.5$

$$P = 33.13716...$$
 [from calculator]
 $P = 33.1 \text{ cm}$ [to 1 d.p.]

 $1 \text{ m}^2 = 10\,000 \text{ cm}^2 \checkmark$

Significant figures are counted left to right from the first non-zero digit, rounding where necessary. For example,
$$0.0\underline{10}6359 = 0.011$$
.



a
$$V = l \times b \times h$$

= $10 \times 4 \times 2.1 \text{ m}^3$
= $84 \text{ m}^3 \checkmark$
b $1 \text{ m}^3 = 1000 \text{ L}$
 $84 \text{ m}^3 = 84 \times 1000 \text{ L}$
= $84000 \text{ L} \checkmark$

a
$$A = \pi r^2$$

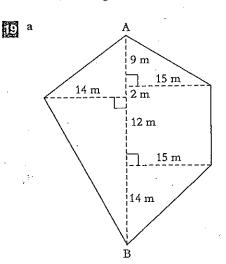
 $= \pi \times 6^2$
 $= 113.0973355...$ [Cal.]
 $= 113.1 \text{ m}^2$ [1 d.p.] \checkmark

b Area of two laneways =
$$\pi R^2 - \pi r^2$$

= $\pi (13)^2 - \pi (6)^2$
= 417.831 8229... [Cal.]
= 417.83 m² [2 d.p.]

a
$$\triangle ABC$$
 and $\triangle AED$
b $\frac{x}{3} = \frac{15}{5}$
 $x = \frac{15}{5} \times 3$

c The scale factor of the large triangle to the smaller triangle is $\frac{15}{5} = 3$.



b Using Pythagoras' Theorem: $P = \sqrt{(9^2 + 15^2)^2 + 14 + \sqrt{(15^2 + 14^2)}}$ $+\sqrt{(26^2+14^2)}+\sqrt{(14^2+11^2)}$ P = 99.34528... [from calculator] P = 99.3 m [to 1 d.p.]c Cost of fencing = 99.34528... × \$18 = \$1788.20 ✓

d Cost of returfing
= Area × \$6.50
=
$$(\frac{1}{2} \times 37 \times 14 + \frac{1}{2} \times 15 \times [37 + 14]) \times $6.50$$

= \$4169.75

a Volume =
$$Ah$$

= $(\pi r_2)^2 - (\pi r_1)^2 \times h$
= $(\pi \times 12^2 - \pi \times 7^2) \times 26 \quad \checkmark$
= 7759.733854... [Cal.]
= 7759.7 mm³ [one decimal place]

b Volume =
$$Ah$$

= $(\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times r^2 + \frac{1}{2} \times b \times h_1) \times h_2$
= $(\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 3^2 + \frac{1}{2} \times 15 \times 6) \times 6$
= $354.823\,0016...$ [Cal.]
= $354.8\,\text{cm}^3$ [one decimal place]

$$\frac{324 \text{ litres}}{1.5 \text{ hours}} = \frac{324000 \text{ mL}}{90 \text{ minutes}}$$
$$= 3600 \text{ mL/min} \quad \checkmark$$

\$1.2 million divided in the ratio 2:3:5 (10 parts)
$$= \frac{2}{10} \times 1200000 : \frac{3}{10} \times 1200000 : \frac{5}{10} \times 1200000$$

$$= $240000 : $3600000 : $6000000$$