YEAR 12 EXTENSION 1 TEST 31-8-05

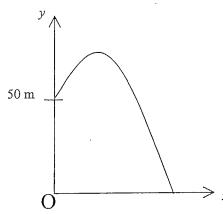
Projectiles, Probability, Permutations and Combinations, Binomial Theorem.

	Ŋ	Vame	Class	٠
Instructions	s: Show all nece	essary working thro	ughout the test on A4 paper.	
Begin a new	v page as specifi	ied.	Time allowed: 50 minutes	
[Be	egin a new pa	age]		HRK
1.				
(a	•	ne value of the term $-\frac{1}{x^2}$) ¹²	m independent of x in the expansion of	of 3
(b) By con	mparing coefficier	nts of x^4 in both sides of	
		$(x)^4 (1+x)^4 = (1+x)^4$ $(x)^2 = {}^8C_4$	$(x)^8$, show that	3
(c	(i)	Write down the F powers of x	Binomial expansion of $(1+x)^n$ in asce	ending 1
		Hence show that	$C^n C_0 + {}^n C_1 + {}^n C_2 + \dots + {}^n C_n = 2^n$	2
	(ii)	Write down the	expanded form of $\sum_{k=1}^{n-1} {}^{n}C_{k}$	1
	(iii)	Show that ${}^{n}C_{1}$	$+ {}^{n}C_{2} + + {}^{n}C_{n-1} = 2^{n} - 2$	1
(d	and 95	hine is known to p % are satisfactory he production of the	produce items of which 5% are too show. A random sample of twenty items is the machine.	ort s taken
	Find th	e probability (con	rect to two decimal places) that:	
	(i)	all of these items	are satisfactory	1
	(ii)	at least eighteen	of these items are satisfactory	. 3

[Begin a new page]

2.	(a)	The let	tters of the term "DELICIOUS FEAST" are arranged randomly w:	
		(i)	prove that the number of different arrangements is 10 897 286 400	2
		(ii)	determine the number of ways that the vowels and consonants can alternate.	2
	(b)	At a ro	ound table there are 3 boys and 7 girls.	
		(i)	In how many ways can the 10 people be seated at random?	1
		(ii)	If 3 of the girls wish to be seated next to one another, in how many ways can this seating arrangement be accommodated?	2
		(iii)	If a particular girl Anna is not to be seated between two particular boys Alexander and James, in how many ways can this seating arrangement be accommodated?	3
	(c)	Yello	der a pack of 40 playing cards consisting of the colours Red, Blu w and Green, with cards numbered from 1 to 10 for each colour. cards are dealt at random from the pack find:	le, If
		(i)	The total number of five card arrangements.	1
		(ii)	The probability of receiving three 4's and two 9's.	2
		(iii)	The probability of receiving five cards whose numbers are consecutive e.g. 3,4,5,6 and 7.	2

3. (a)



The diagram shows the path of a ball that is projected from the top of a tower 50 metres high. Its position t seconds after it is thrown is given by the equations:

x = 20t and $y = 50 + 15t - 5t^2$ where the origin O is on the ground directly below the point of projection.

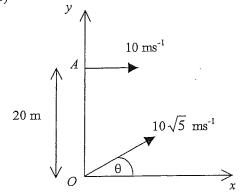
(i) Find the speed of projection

2

(ii) Find the length of time before the ball strikes the ground.

- 1
- (iii) Calculate the maximum height above the ground reached by the ball.
- 2
- (iv) At what angle to the horizontal in the positive direction of the x-axis does the ball strike the ground? Give your answer to the nearest degree.

(b)



OA is a vertical building of height 20 metres. A particle is projected horizontally from A with speed $10 \, \mathrm{ms}^{-1}$. At the same instant another particle is projected from O with speed $10 \, \sqrt{5} \, \mathrm{ms}^{-1}$ at an angle θ above the horizontal. The two particles travel in the same plane of motion. Take $g = 10 \, \mathrm{ms}^{-1}$.

- (i) $\underline{\text{Derive}}$ expressions for the horizontal and vertical displacements relative to O of each particle after t seconds.
 - 4
- (ii) Show that if the two particles collide, then they do so after 1 second.
- 2
- (iii) Show that if the two particles collide, when they do so their paths of motion are perpendicular to each other.
- 2

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$I(a) T_r = {}^{12}C_{r-1}(2n)^{3-r}(-\frac{1}{x^2})^{r-1}$	Now as "Co = "Cn = 1
= 15 (2-1) 13-1 × 13-1 (1) x - 54+3	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 2^{n} - 2 = \frac{n}{2} + $
= 15 (-1 5/3 c (-1) 21 25 18-36	220
	(d) Consider (g+p)20
15-3+=0 ::1=5	where p=p(satisficating)=0.95
T3 = 12(28 (-1))4	9 = P (Satisfication) = 0.05
= 126720 => tem independent of x 12 126720	(2) P(1) (1) (1) (20) (20)
= 2) tem independent at x 12 126 (20)	= (0-95)20
(b) RHS = $(1+x)^8$	= 0-36 (24)
	(11)P(at least 18 are satisfieding)
+ 8C8 x8	= P(18 sates) + P(19 sates) + P(10 sates)
LHS= C1+x)4(1+x)4.	= 20 C18 92 p18 + 20 C19 9 p19 + 20 C20 p20
$= (4(_0+4(_1x+4(_2x^2+4(_3x^3+4(_3x^$	$= \frac{20(18(0.05)^{1}(0.95)^{18} + \frac{20(19(0.05)(0.95)^{14}}{1})}{1}$
· (*(6 +4(x +4(x² +4(x) +4(x² +4(x) +4(x² +4(x² +4(x² +4(x) +4(x) +4(x² +4(x) +	
Comparing correcoeffs of 214 of LHS	= 0.92.(24)
al RHS: 8C4 = 4C0 4C4 + 4C1 4C3	,
+ 4C, 4C, + 4C3 4C1	
$+ \frac{4}{3} $	
+(4(3) ² +(4(4) ²	
$= \underbrace{\frac{1}{4}}_{k=0} \underbrace{\left(\frac{4}{k}\right)^{2}}_{k}$	
kto	
(c) (i) $(1+x)^n = n(a+n(x+n(2x^2+))$	
+ "Cayx" + "Cax	
let x=1 : (1+1) = ~ (0+ ~ (+ ~ (+ + ~ ()	· ·
$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}$	
M IN ON WIN	
$(ii) = C = C + C + C + C + \cdots + C$	
(iii) From (i) and (ii) $2^{n} = {^{n}}_{1} + {^{n}}_{2} + {^{n}}_{3} + {^{n}}_{4} + {^{n}}_{4}$	n .
2 - 17 X 3	

2 (a) DELICIOUS FEAST	(c) (i) No of an agements = 40 Cs
has 14 letters consisting of	= 628 008
the vowels (E) x2, (1) x2,	(11) $P(3x+1s \text{ ad } 2x+9's) = \frac{4C_3x^4C_2}{40C_s}$
'A', 'O' and 'U' and the	
consonants (B, L', C', S' x 2, F) m(T).	= 24 (58008)
Consording 15	= /3/5
(i) No of different avangements	27417 ×10
14!	(11) P(numbers are consenture) = (0-5+1)x(4Ci)
= 14!	40 Cs /
= 10897286400/	= 6144 658008
V	
(11) If vowels and consonants	- 384 41125
	(oR ≥ 9.34 × 10-3)
alterrate : no of arrangements	
21.21.21	
= 6350400	
9 930 100	
(b) {3B,7G?	·
(i) No. of ways = 1x9!	
= 362880	
(11) Consider the 3 girls ose mit.	
This is achieved in 31, ways,	
This Leaves (10-3)41 = 8 people in the	
: No. of ways = 1x 71 x 31	
= 30240	
(iti) No of ways without restrictions = 91	
No. of ways Anna between Alexander & James	
= 1×21×71	
: No. of ways Anna not between Alex & James	
$= 9 \left[-1 \times 2 \left[\times 7 \right] \right]$	
= 352800	`

3(a) x=20t(1)	At ground $t=5$: $tad=\left \frac{-35}{20}\right $
y= 50+156-5(2)	~1/0 = 60° (to record day
7	Bell strikes ground at approx. 1200
$v^2 = \dot{x}^2 + \dot{y}^2$	to the horizontal in the positive
$=(20)^2+(15-10t)^2$	duection of the x-9x19.
At speal of projection t=0	
: v== 202 + 152	(b) (i) For particle projected from A:
= £32	½=10, y=0
÷ v = 25	1, 3° = 0, 3° =-10
: speed of projection 12 25 ms]	1, x = C, y= -10++c2
	when \$ = 10, \(\dot \) = 0
(11) Ball strikes ground when y=0	1, C1 = 10, C2 = 0
:. 0= so +1st-st2	1, 2 = 10, y= 70t
-: 0 = St2-1St-SO	x=10++c3, y=-St2+c4
0 = 2(4x-34-10)	when too xeio y=20
0=S(f-e)(+5)	1. O= C3, 20=C4
: t= s (t >, 0)	1. 2=105+10, y=-562+20
: Ball shike ground after 5 secs.	For particle projected from 0:
(111) At mex, high y=0	in the second se
: 18-10t=0	27V030
∴ ← = 1½	:, x =0, y=70
when (=1= 4=50+15(1=)-5(1=)) 2 2 x EC1, y = 106 + C2
=617	Me too in vosa gavsia
: Max height reached by ball is 61 = n	1. 1. VCOSO = C1, VSLO = C2
1	12 x = V cos V = -10 EA V = 2 x .:
(iv)	in to the cose they, ye -st2 + VES-Oter
(iv)	when 6=0 x=0, y=0
×	: C3 = C4 = O
on ground; to 0 = c	in x = vtcosa, y=-st2 tvtsino
= 15=to C	Now as V=1055
20	:. x = 10/3 + cos0, y = -5t2 + 10/5 + sw 0.



(11) At point of collision of particles	
10 £ = 10 \$ £ cas & -(1)	
and -SE2+20 = -SE2+10/SE sn 0 -(2)	
Now from (1) cos0 = V5	
Now won (1) cost of	
27 21 12 15 2	
i- Triad is: 55/2	
$\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{1}{500 \cdot 1000}$	
200	
: 20 = 10/5t - 2	
V5	·
:. t= 1	·
=) If particles collide they do so after I second.	
do 20 0440 1 42000d.	
2 - 11 du du 14	
(11) Now dy dy dt dx	
11 11 dy = -104 1	
=-t particle at A: de = -10f. 10	
At t=1 dy =-1 = m tongody	
For particle of 0: dy = -10£ +10√5 sin Q	
At t=1 $\frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = -10 + 10\sqrt{5}\left(\frac{y}{\sqrt{5}}\right)$	
1013 (15)	
= 10	·
= 1 = m stargest 0	
As m toget A. m toget 0 = 1	·
=) paths of motion are	
perpadicular to each otherat	
time of collision.	
1 1000	