## <u>Topic 19: Exercises on Harder 3 Unit Simple Harmonic Motion</u> <u>Level 3</u>

- 1. A particle moves in a straight line with simple harmonic motion. At distances  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  from the centre of the motion its speeds are  $v_1$  and  $v_2$  respectively. Show that
- (a) its amplitude is  $\sqrt{\frac{x_2^2 v_1^2 x_1^2 v_2^2}{v_1^2 v_2^2}}$

(b) its period is  $2\pi \cdot \sqrt{\frac{x_2^2 - x_1^2}{v_1^2 - v_2^2}}$ .

2. On a certain day, the depth of water in a harbour at high tide at 5 am is 9 m. At the following low tide at 11.20 am the depth is 3 m. Assuming that the tidal motion is simple harmonic, find the latest time before noon that a ship can enter the harbour if a minimum depth of 7.5 m of water is required.

3. On a certain day, low water for a harbour occurs at 3.30 am and high water at 9.45 am, the corresponding depths of water being 5 m and 15 m. Find between what times during the morning a ship drawing 12.5 *m* of water can safely enter the harbour.

4. The depth of water in a harbour is 7.2 *m* at low water and 13.6 *m* at high water. On Monday, low water is at 2.05 *pm* and high water at 8.20 *pm*. The captain of the ship drawing 12.3 *m* of water wants to leave harbour as early on Monday afternoon as he can. Find his earliest leaving time on Wednesday if he fails to leave on Monday or Tuesday.