

BRIGIDINE COLLEGE RANDWICK



YEAR 11 Mathematics Common  
March 16, 2006  
Time: 45 minutes

Student  
Teacher

Show all necessary working.

Neatness may be taken into consideration in the awarding of marks.

1. Calculate  $\frac{\sqrt{41.6} + 39.5}{0.52 + 321}$  (to 3 significant figures) 2 m

answer

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2. A book costs \$32.50 is sold for \$28.75. Express the loss as a percentage of the cost price. (1 decimal place) 2 m

answer

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3. After being discounted by 20%, a DVD player sold for \$230. What was the original price marked on this DVD player? 2 m

answer

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4. Evaluate  $|-5 \times -3| + 2|6 \times -2| - |8|$ . (Show working.) 2 m

answer

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5. Express 3.24 (ie 3.242424...) as a fraction. 3 m

answer

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6. Completely simplify the following (leaving denominator Rational when necessary)

a.  $2\sqrt{7} - 3\sqrt{28} \pm \sqrt{63}$

answer

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2 m

b.  $\frac{5}{2\sqrt{3}}$

answer

---

1 m

c.  $(4\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{2})^2$

answer

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2 m

d.  $\frac{1-3\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{3}-1}$

answer

---

3 m

7. Completely factorise the following expressions.

a.  $8x^2 - 12x$

1 m

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b.  $4x^2 - 9$

1 m

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c.  $3x^2 - 16x + 5$

2 m

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d.  $16x^3 - 54$

3 m

---

answer  
only

8. Simplify the following expressions

a.  $\frac{10x}{12} - \frac{x}{6}$

2 m

b.  $\frac{-2(a^3b)^3}{(2a^3)^2}$

2 m

c.  $\frac{a-1}{a^2-6a+5}$

3 m

d.  $\frac{x^2-x-6}{2x^3+16} \times \frac{2x}{x^2-3x}$

3 m

9. Solve the following equations.

a.  $\frac{2x}{3} + x = \frac{1}{2}$

2 m

b.  $x^2 - 7x + 12 = 0$

2 m

c.  $3x^2 = 5 - 2x$

3 m

d.  $|3x - 5| = x - 2$

3 m

10. Solve the following simultaneous equations

a.  $2x + y = 9$  ①  
 $y = x - 3$  ②

b.  $xy = 12$   
 $3x - 2y = 14$

2 m

11. Solve the following inequations

a.  $-3 < \frac{2x}{3} - 2 < 4$

b.  $\left| \frac{4 - 3x}{2} \right| > 5$

3 m

3 m

12. By using the method of 'completing the square', solve the equation  $x^2 = 6x + 1$ .

3 m

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Show all necessary working.  
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1. Calculate  $\frac{\sqrt{41.6} + 39.5}{0.52 + 321}$  (to 3 significant figures) 2 m

$0.028009311$  (1mark)  $0.028$  (1mark)  $0.0281$  (1mark)  
 $0.143$  (1mark) - forgot to use brackets in surd. answer  $0.0280$   
 $338$  (1mark) - forgot to use brackets in denominator.

2. A book costs \$32.50 is sold for \$28.75. Express the loss as a percentage of the cost price. (1 decimal place) 2 m

$\text{loss} = 32.50 - 28.75 = \$3.75$  ✓

$\frac{3.75}{32.50} \times 100$  ✓

answer  $11.5\%$

3. After being discounted by 20%, a DVD player sold for \$230. What was the original price marked on this DVD player? 2 m

$\begin{array}{r} 80\% \\ \hline \leftarrow \$230 \rightarrow \\ 20\% \end{array}$  ✓  
 $80\% = 230$  ✓  
 $1\% = 2.875$   
 $100\% = \$287.50$  ✓  
 answer  $\$287.50$

4. Evaluate  $|-5x - 3| + 2|6x - 2| - |8|$ . (Show working.) 2 m

$\begin{array}{r} 15 \\ + 2 \times 12 \\ \hline - 8 \end{array}$  ✓

answer  $31$

5. Express  $3.\dot{2}\dot{4}$  (ie  $3.242424\dots$ ) as a fraction. 3 m

$x = 3.242424\dots$   
 $10x = 32.4242\dots$   
 $100x = 324.2424\dots$

$\therefore 99x = 321$  ✓  
 $x = \frac{321}{99}$  or  $\frac{107}{33}$  or  $\frac{38}{33}$  ✓

answer \_\_\_\_\_

(11)

6. Completely simplify the following (leaving denominator Rational when necessary) 2 m

a.  $2\sqrt{7} - 3\sqrt{28} + \sqrt{63}$   
 $2\sqrt{7} - 3\sqrt{4 \times 7} + \sqrt{9 \times 7}$  ✓  
 $2\sqrt{7} - 6\sqrt{7} + 3\sqrt{7}$   
 $= -\sqrt{7}$  ✓

b.  $\frac{5}{2\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}$   
 $\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{6}$  ✓

answer  $\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{6}$  1 m

c.  $(4\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{2})^2$

$(4\sqrt{3})^2 - 2 \times 4\sqrt{3} \times 2\sqrt{2} + (2\sqrt{2})^2$  ✓  
 $16x3 - 16\sqrt{6} + 4 \times 2$  or equivalent  
 $56 - 16\sqrt{6}$  ✓  
correct expansion

d.  $\frac{1+3\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{3}-1} \times \frac{2\sqrt{3}+1}{2\sqrt{3}+1}$  ✓

$\frac{2\sqrt{3}+1 - 6\sqrt{9} - 3\sqrt{3}}{(2\sqrt{3})^2 - (1)^2}$  ✓  
 $\frac{-\sqrt{3} - 17}{11}$  ✓

11

answer  $56 - 16\sqrt{6}$

answer  $-\sqrt{3} - 17$

3 m

7. Completely factorise the following expressions. 2 m

a.  $8x^2 - 12x$

1 m  $4x(2x - 3)$  ✓

b.  $4x^2 - 9$

1 m  $(2x-3)(2x+3)$  ✓

c.  $3x^2 - 16x + 5$

2 m  $(3x-1)(x-5)$  ✓

d.  $16x^3 - 54$

3 m  $2(2x-3)(4x^2 + 6x + 9)$  ✓  
 $2[(2x)^3 - (3)^3]$

8. Simplify the following expressions

a.  $\frac{10x}{12} - \frac{x}{6} \times \frac{2}{2}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{10x - 2x}{12} \\ &= \frac{8x}{12} = \frac{2x}{3} \end{aligned}$$

2m

b.  $\frac{-2(a^3b)^3}{(2a^3)^2} = \frac{-2a^9b^3}{4a^6}$

$$= \frac{-a^3b^3}{2}$$

2m

c.  $\frac{a-1}{a^2 - 6a + 5}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{a-1}{(a-5)(a-1)} \\ &= \frac{1}{a-5} \end{aligned}$$

2m

d.  $\frac{x^2 - x - 6}{2x^3 + 16} \times \frac{2x}{x^2 - 3x}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{(x-3)(x+2)}{2(x^3+8)} \times \frac{2x}{x(x-3)} \\ &= \frac{(x-3)(x+2)}{2(x+2)(x^2-2x+4)} \times \frac{2x}{x(x-3)} \\ &= \frac{1}{x^2-2x+4} \end{aligned}$$

3m

9. Solve the following equations.

a.  $\frac{6x}{3} + \frac{x^6}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \times 6$

$$\begin{aligned} 4x + 6x &= 3 \quad \text{or equivalent} \\ 10x &= 3 \\ x &= \frac{3}{10} \end{aligned}$$

2m

b.  $x^2 - 7x + 12 = 0$

$$(x-4)(x-3) = 0$$

$$x = 4, x = 3$$

2m

c.  $3x^2 = 5 - 2x$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x^2 + 2x - 5 &= 0 \\ 3x \times -1 &\\ (3x+5)(x-1) &= 0 \\ x = -\frac{5}{3}, x = 1 & \end{aligned}$$

3m

d.  $|3x - 5| = x - 2$

$$3x - 5 = x - 2 \quad \text{or } -(3x - 5) = x - 2$$

$$2x = 3 \quad -3x + 5 = x - 2$$

$$x = 1.5 \quad 7 = 4x$$

Test:  $|3x - 5| = 1.5 - 2$  Test:  $x = \frac{7}{4}$

$$0.5 = -0.5 \quad |3x - 5| = \frac{7}{4} - 2$$

reject.  $\frac{1}{4} = -\frac{1}{4}$

reject.

3m

10. Solve the following simultaneous equations

a.  $2x + y = 9$   
 $y = x - 3$

b.  $xy = 12 \quad \text{--- (1)}$   
 $3x - 2y = 14 \quad \text{--- (2)}$

$$\begin{aligned} 2x + x - 3 &= 9 \\ 3x - 3 &= 9 \\ x &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 1$$

from (1)  $y = \frac{12}{x}$  sub in (2)

$$3x - 2 \times \frac{12}{x} = 14$$

$$3x^2 - 24 = 14x$$

$$3x^2 - 14x - 24 = 0$$

$$3x \cancel{-6}$$

$$(3x+4)(x-6) = 0$$

$$x = -\frac{4}{3}, x = 6$$

$$y = -9, y = 2$$

2m

4m

11. Solve the following inequations

a.  $-3 < \frac{2x^3 - 3x^3 + 3}{3} < 4$

$$-9 < 2x - 6 < 12$$

$$-3 < 2x < 18$$

$$-\frac{3}{2} < x < 9$$

b.  $\left| \frac{4-3x}{2} \right| > 5$

$$\frac{4-3x}{2} < -5 \quad \frac{4-3x}{2} > 5$$

$$4-3x < -10 \quad 4-3x > 10$$

$$-3x < -14 \quad -3x > 6$$

$$x > \frac{14}{3} \text{ or } x < -2$$

3m

3m

12. By using the method of 'completing the square', solve the equation  $x^2 = 6x + 1$ .

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 - 6x &= 1 \\ x^2 - 6x + (\frac{6}{2})^2 &= 1 + (\frac{6}{2})^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 9 = 10$$

$$(x-3)^2 = 10$$

$$x-3 = \pm \sqrt{10}$$

$$x = 3 \pm \sqrt{10}$$