EXERCISES – ALGEBRA

Name:

1. Expand and Simplify where possible:

(a)
$$5x - 4(2x - 3) + 6x - 8$$

(b)
$$(5-4x)(2x+3)$$

(c)
$$(2x-5)^2$$

2. Simplify

(a)
$$\frac{8ab^2}{9c} \times \frac{3ac}{4abc}$$

(b)
$$\frac{x}{x+3} - \frac{x-4}{x}$$

3. Factorise:

(a)
$$4A^2 - 9Y^2$$

(b)
$$6x^2 - 7x - 3$$

4. Solve the following equations:-

(a)
$$3x + 10 = 11x - 2$$

(b)
$$\frac{x}{3} - \frac{x-5}{2} = 6$$

(c)
$$x^2 - 10x + 5 = 0$$

- by completing the square!

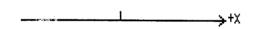
5. Make "x" the subject of the following:

(a)
$$v = u - ax$$

(b)
$$b = \frac{a + x}{x}$$

6. Solve for all possible values of x:-

(a)
$$9 - 5x > 13$$



(b)
$$|6 - 3x| = x$$

- 7. The sides of a rectangle are measured to be 12cm by 7cm (to the nearest cm).
 - (a) What is the absolute error for the length of the longest side.
 - (b) What is the relative error of its Perimeter based on the inaccuracies of the above measurements.

8. Solve simultaneously:

$$2x + y - 6 = 0$$
 and $y = x^2 - 3x$

EXERCISES - ALGEBRA

Name:

ANSWERS

1. Expand and Simplify where possible:

(a)
$$5x-4(2x-3)+6x-8$$

= $5x-8x+(2+6x-8)$
= $3x+4$

(b)
$$(5-4x)(2x+3)$$

= $(0x+(5-8x^2-12x)$
= $15-2x-8x^2$

$$(c) (2x-5)^{2}$$

$$= 4x^{2} - 20x + 25$$

2. Simplify

(a)
$$\frac{8ab^2}{9c} \times \frac{3dc}{4abc}$$
$$= 2ab$$

(b)
$$\frac{x}{x+3} - \frac{x-4}{x}$$

$$= \frac{x^2 - (x+3)(x-4)}{x(x+3)}$$

$$= \frac{x^2 - (x^2-x-12)}{x(x+3)}$$

$$= \frac{x^2 - x^2 + x + (2x+3)}{x(x+3)}$$

3. Factorise:

(a)
$$4A^2 - 9Y^2$$

= $(2A + 3Y)(2A - 3Y)$

(b)
$$6x^2 - 7x - 3$$

= $\frac{(6x - 9)(6x + 2)}{6}$
= $(2x - 3)(3x + 1)$

4. Solve the following equations:-

(a)
$$3x + 10 = 11x - 2$$

 $10 + 2 = 11x - 3x$
 $12 = 8x$
 $65 = x$

$$\frac{6x}{3} - \frac{x-5}{2} = 6 \times 6$$

$$\frac{6x}{3} - 6(x-5) = 36$$

$$2x - 3(x-5) = 36$$

$$2x - 3x + 15 = 36$$

$$-x = 21$$

$$x = 2$$

(c)
$$x^2 - 10x + 5 = 0$$

- by completing the square!

$$x^{2} - 10x = -5$$

$$x^{2} - 10x + 25 = -5 + 25$$

$$(3x - 5)^{2} = 20$$

$$x - 5 = \pm \sqrt{20}$$

$$x = +5 \pm 2\sqrt{5}$$

(a)
$$v = u - ax$$

$$\alpha x = u - V$$

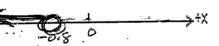
(b)
$$b = \frac{a+x}{x}$$

$$7x - x = a$$
) factorise

$$x = \frac{a}{b-1}$$

6. Solve for all possible values of x :-Graph your soln. on the number line.

(a)
$$9 - 5x > 13$$



$$-(6-300)=30$$

- 7. The sides of a rectangle are measured to be 12cm by 7cm (to the nearest cm).
 - (a) What is the absolute error for the length of the longest side.

(b) What is the relative error of its Perimeter based on the inaccuracies of the above measurements.

$$=\frac{4}{38}\times\frac{100\%}{100\%}$$

8. Solve simultaneously:

$$2x+y-6=0 \text{ and } y=x^2-3x$$

$$2x + (x^2 - 3x) - 6 = 0$$

$$(x-3)(x+2)=0$$

$$y = 0$$
 $y = 10$