

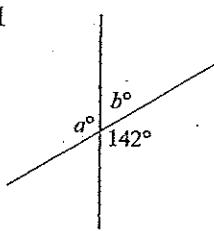
Worksheet 3-02

Find the missing angle 1

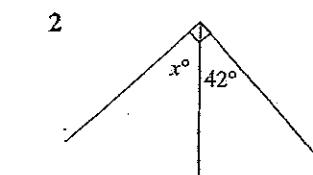
- Complementary and supplementary angles
- Vertically opposite angles
- Angles at a point
- Corresponding, alternate and co-interior angles

Find the value of the pronumeral in each diagram.

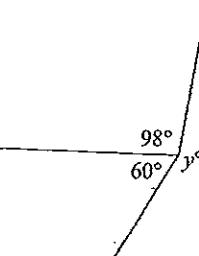
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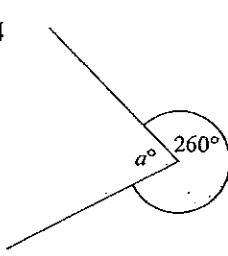
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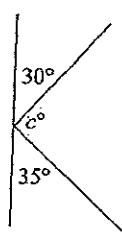
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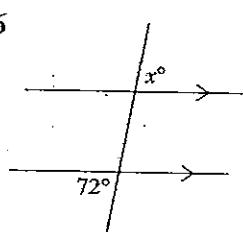
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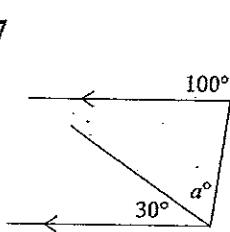
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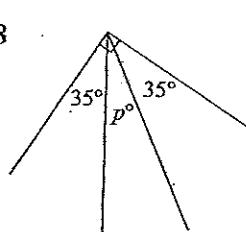
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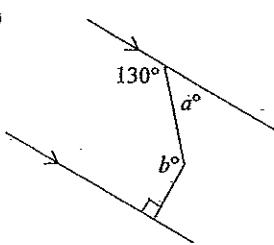
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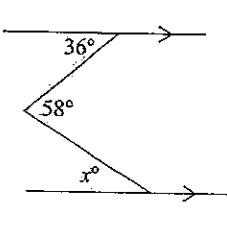
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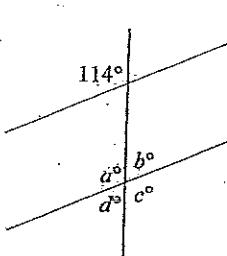
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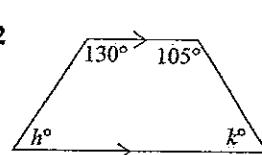
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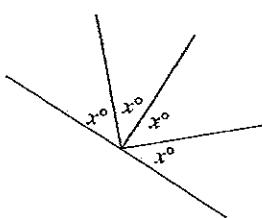
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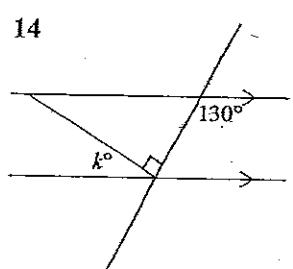
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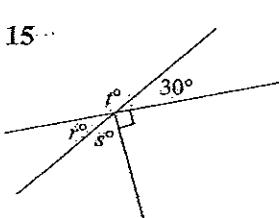
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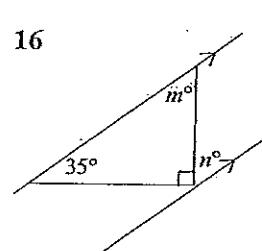
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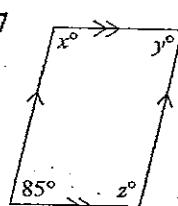
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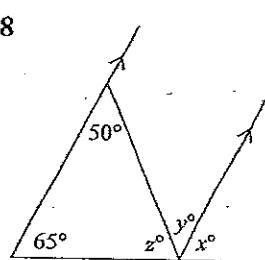
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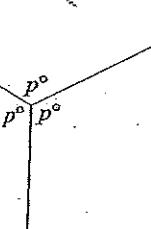
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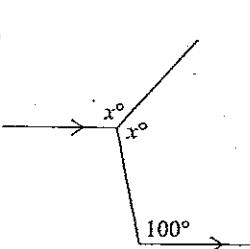
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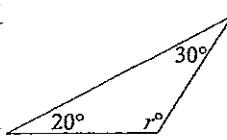
Worksheet 3-03

Triangle geometry

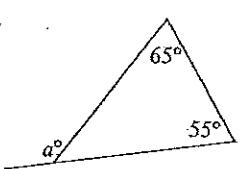
- Angle sum of a triangle
- Equilateral and isosceles triangles
- Exterior angle of a triangle

Find the value of the prounumeral in each diagram.

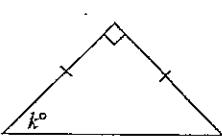
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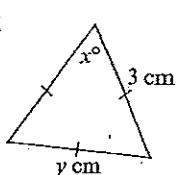
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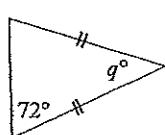
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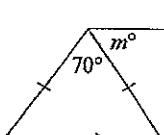
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5



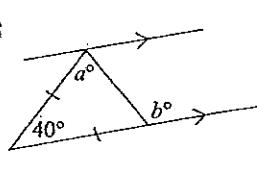
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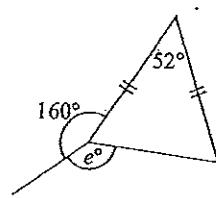
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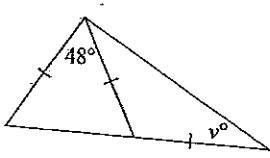
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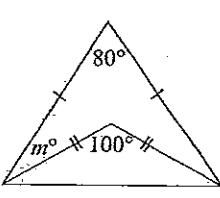
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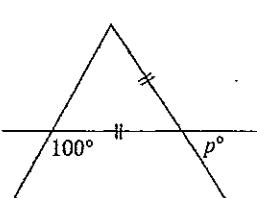
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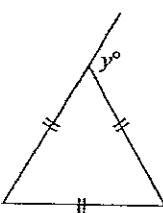
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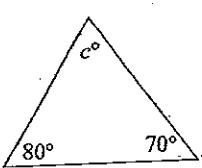
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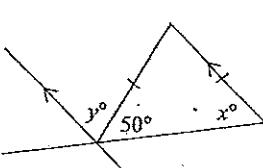
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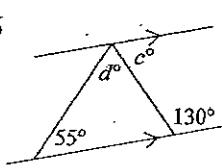
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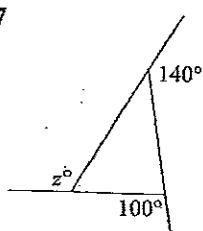
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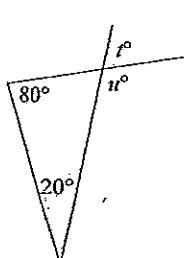
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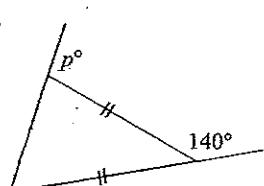
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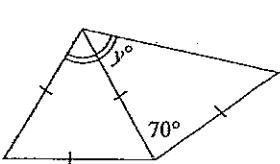
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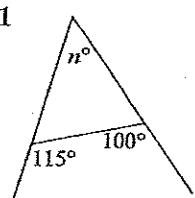
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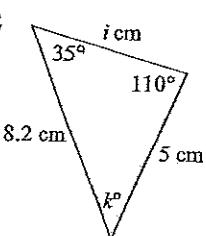
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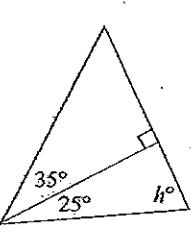
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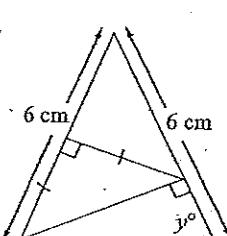
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24

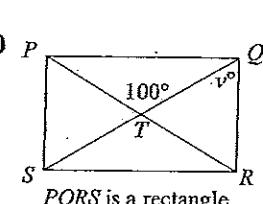
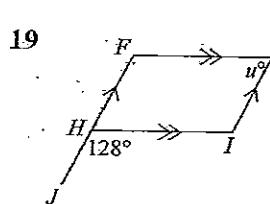
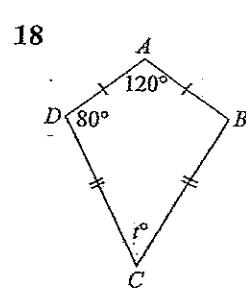
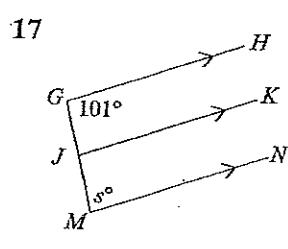
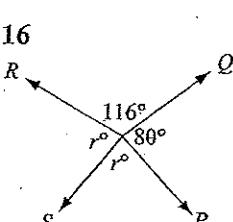
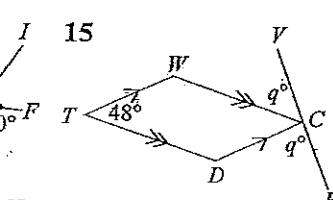
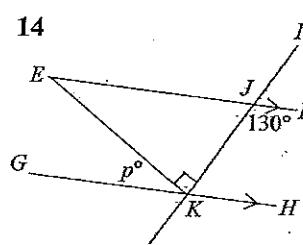
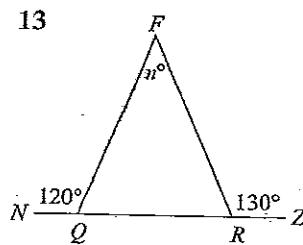
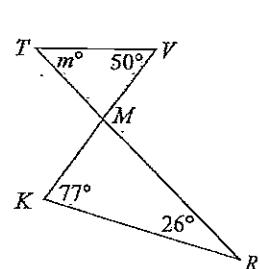
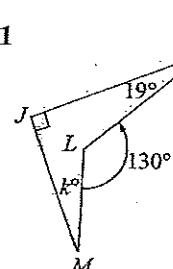
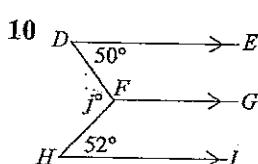
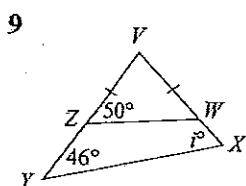
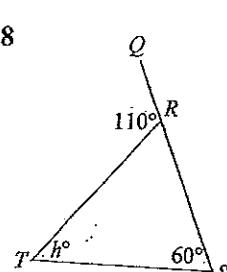
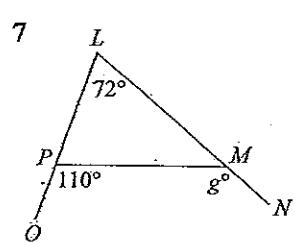
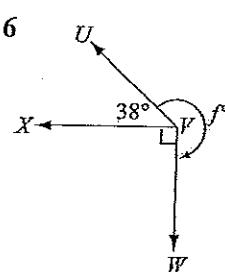
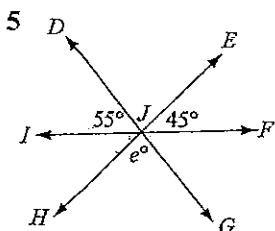
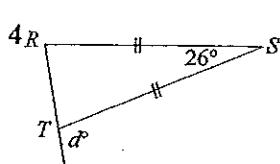
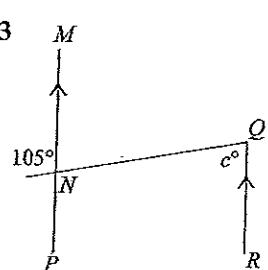
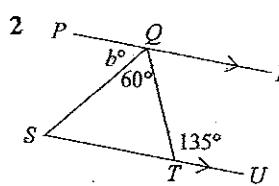
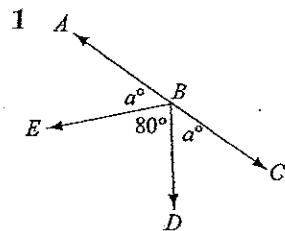


Worksheet 3-07 Find the missing angle 2

- Complementary and supplementary angles
- Vertically opposite angles
- Angles at a point
- Corresponding, alternate and co-interior angles

- Angle sums
- Equilateral and isosceles triangles
- Quadrilaterals

Find the value of the pronumeral in each diagram.

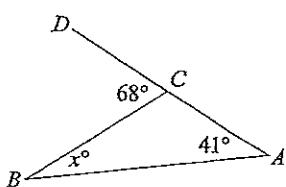


Worksheet 3-08

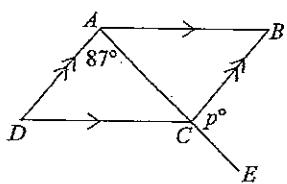
Deductive geometry

On a sheet of paper or in your book, carefully write out the solutions to each of the following deductive geometry problems, listing reasons for each step.

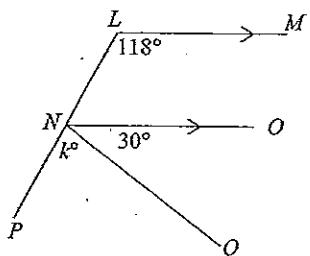
1 Find x .



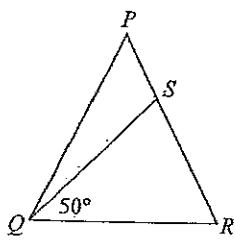
2 Find p .



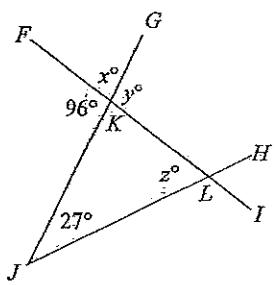
3 Find k .



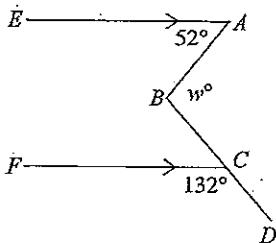
4 $PQ = PR$, $QR = QS$.
Find $\angle QPR$.



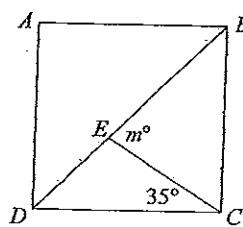
5 Find x , y , z .



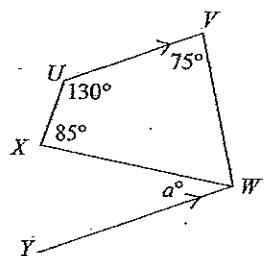
6 Find w .



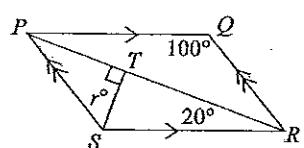
7 $ABCD$ is a square. Find m .



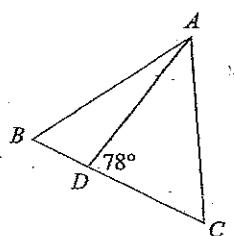
8 Find a .



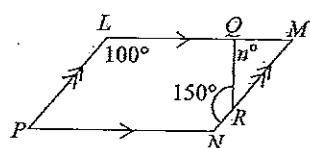
9 Find r .



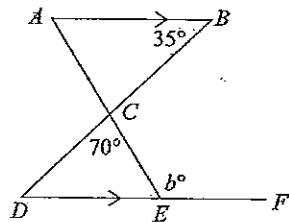
10 Triangle ABC is equilateral.
Find all angles in $\triangle ADC$
and in $\triangle ABD$.



11 Find n .



12 Find b .



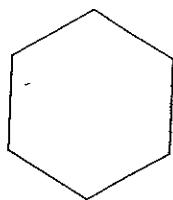
Worksheet 3-09 Angle sum of a polygon

A polygon with n sides has an angle sum (A)

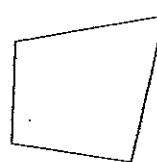
$$A = 180(n - 2)^\circ$$

- 1 Use the formula above to calculate the angle sum of these figures.

a



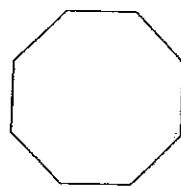
b



c



d



- 2 Calculate the angle sum of:

- a a decagon b a triangle
 c a heptagon d a dodecagon

- 3 Calculate the angle sum of a polygon with:

- a 16 sides b 9 sides
 c 21 sides d 25 sides
 e 100 sides f 58 sides

- 4 Find the number of sides of the polygon that has an angle sum of:

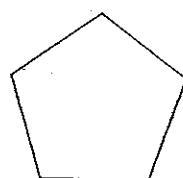
- a 900° b 2340°
 c 3060° d 6840°

- 5 a What is the angle sum of a regular octagon?

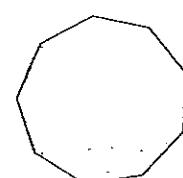
- b So what is the size of one of these angles?

- 6 Find the size of one angle in each of these regular polygons.

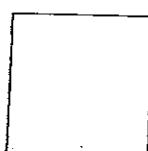
a



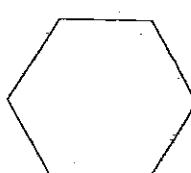
b



c



d



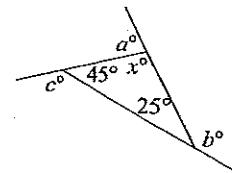
- 7 Calculate the size of one angle in a regular polygon with:

- a 12 sides b 30 sides
 c 15 sides d 24 sides

- 8 Find the number of sides of the regular polygon that has equal angles of size:

- a 140° b 150° c 162° d 170°

- 9 This triangle has three exterior angles, a° , b° and c° .

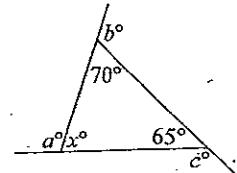


- a Find the values of x , a , b and c .

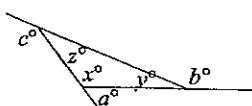
- b What is $a + b + c$, the exterior angle sum of the triangle?

- 10 a Find x , a , b and c for this triangle.

- b What is $a + b + c$?



- 11 a Write a possible value of each of x , y and z .

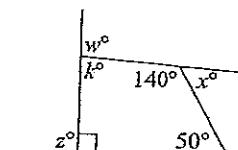


- b Hence find a , b and c .

- c What is $a + b + c$?

- d Complete: The exterior angle sum of any triangle is _____.

- 12 This quadrilateral has four exterior angles: w° , x° , y° and z° .

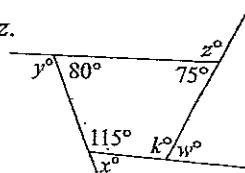


- a Find the values of k , w , x , y and z .

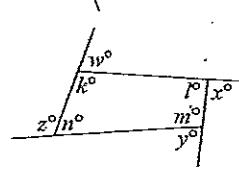
- b What is $w + x + y + z$, the exterior angle sum of the quadrilateral?

- 13 a Find k , w , x , y and z .

- b What is $w + x + y + z$?



- 14 a Write a possible value for each of k , l , m and n .



- b Hence find w , x , y and z .

- c What is $w + x + y + z$?

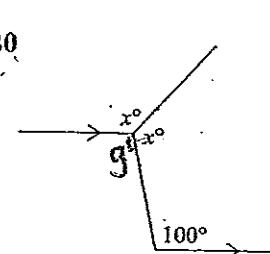
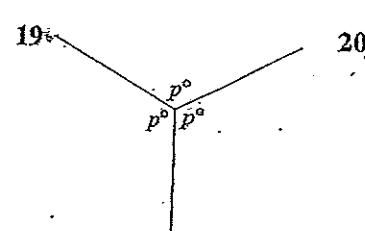
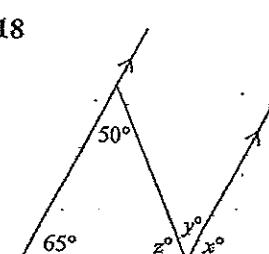
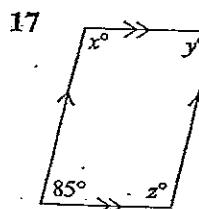
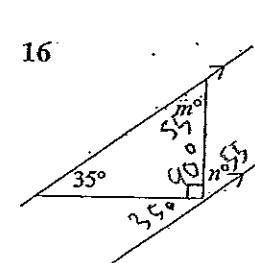
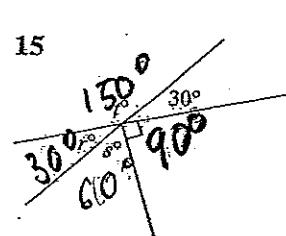
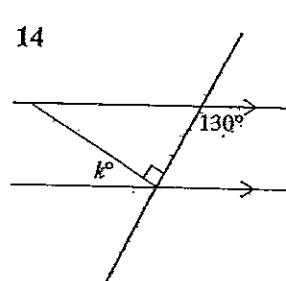
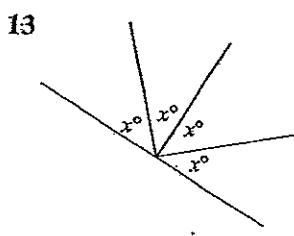
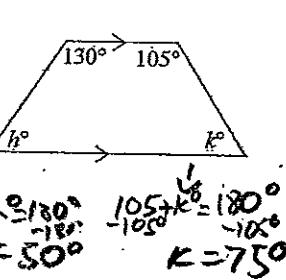
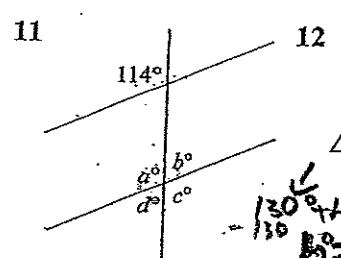
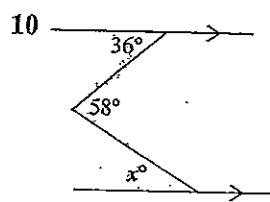
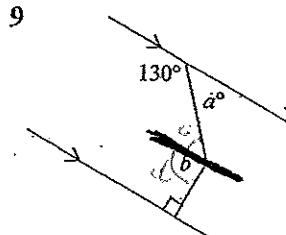
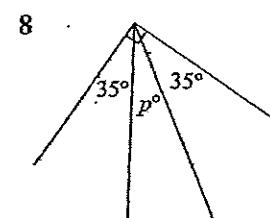
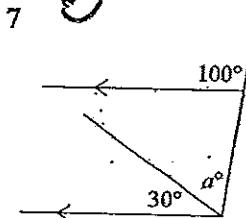
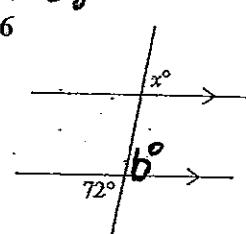
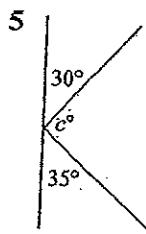
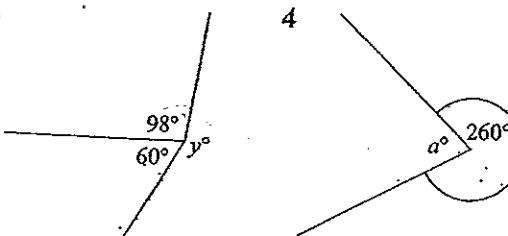
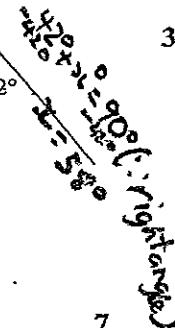
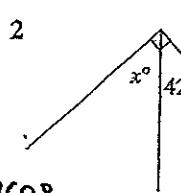
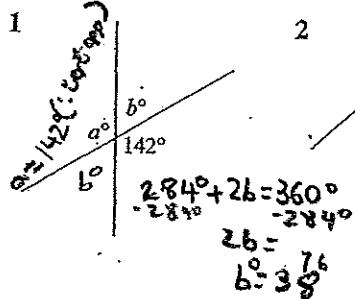
- d Complete: The exterior angle sum of any quadrilateral is _____.

Worksheet 3-02 Find the missing angle 1

- Complementary and supplementary angles
- Vertically opposite angles
- Angles at a point
- Corresponding, alternate and co-interior angles

Find the value of the pronumeral in each diagram.

Moaz 8X



$$60^\circ + y^\circ = 360^\circ$$

$$58^\circ + y^\circ = 360^\circ$$

$$158^\circ - 158^\circ$$

$$y^\circ = 202^\circ \checkmark$$

$$4.) 360^\circ - 260^\circ = 100^\circ \checkmark$$

$$5.) 30^\circ + 35^\circ + c^\circ = 180^\circ (\because \text{straight})$$

$$- 65^\circ + c^\circ = 180^\circ \text{ (line)}$$

$$- 65^\circ$$

$$c^\circ = 115^\circ \checkmark$$

$$6.) b^\circ = 72^\circ (\because \text{vert opp}) \checkmark$$

$$x^\circ = 72^\circ (\because \text{corresponding to } 50^\circ) \checkmark$$

$$8.) 35^\circ + 35^\circ + p^\circ = 90^\circ (\because \text{right angle})$$

$$70^\circ + p^\circ = 90^\circ$$

$$70^\circ - 70^\circ$$

$$p^\circ = 20^\circ \checkmark$$

$$7.) 30^\circ + a^\circ = 100^\circ (\because \text{corresponding})$$

$$30^\circ - 30^\circ$$

$$a^\circ = 70^\circ \checkmark$$

$$9.) 130^\circ + b^\circ = 180^\circ (\because \text{co-interior})$$

$$c^\circ + b^\circ = 180^\circ$$

$$90^\circ + d^\circ = 180^\circ (\because \text{co-interior})$$

$$d^\circ = 90^\circ$$

$$\text{Total} = 90^\circ + 50^\circ$$

$$b^\circ = 140^\circ \checkmark$$

$$a^\circ = 140^\circ (\because \text{Alternate to } c^\circ)$$

$$50^\circ$$

$$1.)$$

$$\therefore x^\circ = 12^\circ (\because \text{Alternate})$$

$$11.) a = 114^\circ (\because \text{corresponding angles})$$

$$\text{straight line}$$

$$114^\circ + b^\circ = 180^\circ (\because \text{Angles at a point})$$

$$b^\circ = 66 \checkmark$$

$$c^\circ = 114^\circ (\text{Vert opp to } a^\circ)$$

$$d^\circ = 66^\circ (\text{Vert opp to } b^\circ)$$

$$2.) x^\circ + x^\circ + x^\circ + x^\circ = 180^\circ (\text{straight line})$$

$$4x^\circ = 180^\circ \checkmark$$

$$x^\circ = 45^\circ \checkmark$$

$$14.) k^\circ + 90^\circ = 180^\circ (\because \text{vert opp})$$

$$- 90^\circ - 90^\circ$$

$$k^\circ = 90^\circ \checkmark$$

$$3.) r^\circ = 30^\circ (\because \text{Vert opp to } 30^\circ) \checkmark$$

$$5^\circ + 90^\circ + 30^\circ = 180^\circ (\because \text{straight})$$

$$5^\circ + 120^\circ = 180^\circ \text{ (line)}$$

$$5^\circ = 60^\circ \checkmark$$

$$t^\circ + 30^\circ = 180^\circ (\because \text{straight})$$

$$- 30^\circ$$

$$t^\circ = 150^\circ \checkmark$$

$$5.) 50^\circ + 65^\circ + z^\circ = 180^\circ (\text{sum of } \Delta)$$

$$- 50^\circ - 65^\circ$$

$$z^\circ = 65^\circ$$

$$16.) 35^\circ + m^\circ + 90^\circ = 180^\circ (\because \text{angle sum of triangle})$$

$$- 125^\circ - 125^\circ$$

$$m^\circ = 55^\circ$$

$$n^\circ = 55^\circ (\because \text{Alternate to } m^\circ)$$

$$17.) 85^\circ + z^\circ = 180^\circ (\because \text{straight})$$

$$z^\circ = 95^\circ \checkmark$$

$$y^\circ = 85^\circ (\because \text{opp Ls of } \Delta)$$

$$x^\circ = 95^\circ (\because \text{vert opp to } z^\circ \text{ coint Ls})$$

$$6.) b^{\circ} = 72^{\circ} (\because \text{vert opp.}) \\ x^{\circ} = 72^{\circ} (\because \text{corresponding to } x^{\circ})$$

$$7.) 30^{\circ} + a^{\circ} = 100^{\circ} (\because \text{corresponding}) \\ 30^{\circ} \quad - 30^{\circ} \\ a^{\circ} = 70^{\circ}$$

$$8.) 35^{\circ} + 35^{\circ} + p^{\circ} = 90^{\circ} (\because \text{right angle}) \\ 70^{\circ} + p^{\circ} = 90^{\circ} \\ p^{\circ} = 20^{\circ}$$

$$9.) 130^{\circ} + b^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} (\because \text{co-interior}) \\ b^{\circ} = 50^{\circ} \\ 40^{\circ} + d^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} (\because \text{co-interior}) \\ d^{\circ} = 90^{\circ} \\ \text{Total} = 90^{\circ} + 50^{\circ} \\ b^{\circ} = 140^{\circ} \\ a^{\circ} = 140^{\circ} (\because \text{Alternate int.})$$

$$10.) \begin{array}{l} 36^{\circ} \rightarrow \\ 36^{\circ} (\because \text{Alternate}) \\ 36^{\circ} + 12^{\circ} = 58^{\circ} \\ 12^{\circ} \leftarrow (\because 36 + \boxed{12} = 58) \\ \therefore x^{\circ} = 12^{\circ} (\because \text{Alternate}) \end{array}$$

$$11.) a = 114^{\circ} (\because \text{corresponding angles}) \\ \text{straight line} \\ 114^{\circ} + b^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} (\because \text{angles at a point}) \\ b^{\circ} = 66^{\circ} \\ c^{\circ} = 114^{\circ} (\because \text{vert opp to } a^{\circ}) \\ d^{\circ} = 66^{\circ} (\because \text{vert opp to } b^{\circ})$$

$$13.) 2x^{\circ} + x^{\circ} + x^{\circ} + x^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} (\cancel{\text{straight line}}) \\ 4x^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} \\ x^{\circ} = 45^{\circ}$$

$$14.) k^{\circ} + 90^{\circ} = 130^{\circ} (\because \text{vert opp}) \\ 90^{\circ} \quad - 90^{\circ} \\ k^{\circ} = 40^{\circ}$$

$$15.) r^{\circ} = 30^{\circ} (\because \text{vert opp to } 30^{\circ})$$

$$s^{\circ} + 90^{\circ} + 30^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} (\because \text{straight line}) \\ s^{\circ} + 120^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} \\ s^{\circ} = 60^{\circ}$$

$$t^{\circ} + 30^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} (\because \text{straight line}) \\ t^{\circ} = 150^{\circ}$$

$$18.) 50^{\circ} + 65^{\circ} + z^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} (\angle \text{sum of A}) \\ 115^{\circ} + z^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} \\ -115^{\circ} \\ z^{\circ} = 65^{\circ}$$

$$y^{\circ} = 50^{\circ} (\because \text{vert opp}) \quad (\text{straight line}) \\ 65^{\circ} + 50^{\circ} + x^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} (\because \text{angles at a point}) \\ 115^{\circ} + x^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} \\ x^{\circ} = 65^{\circ}$$

$$16.) 35^{\circ} + m^{\circ} + 90^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} (\because \text{angle sum}) \\ 125^{\circ} + m^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} \quad \cancel{\text{or tr}} \\ -125^{\circ} \\ m^{\circ} = 55^{\circ} \\ n^{\circ} = 55^{\circ} (\because \text{Algebra to } m^{\circ})$$

$$17.) 85^{\circ} + z^{\circ} = 180^{\circ} (\cancel{\text{straight line}}) \\ z^{\circ} = 95^{\circ} \\ y^{\circ} = 85^{\circ} (\cancel{\text{opp Ls of 180}}) \\ x^{\circ} = 95^{\circ} (\cancel{\text{vert opp}} \quad \cancel{z^{\circ}}) \quad \cancel{\text{coint Ls}}$$

$$19.) p^{\circ} + p^{\circ} + p^{\circ} = 360^{\circ} \\ 3p^{\circ} = 360^{\circ} \\ p^{\circ} = 120^{\circ}$$

0.) $g^{\circ} = 100^{\circ}$ (corresponding angles)

$$x^{\circ} + x^{\circ} + 100^{\circ} = 360^{\circ} \quad (\text{L at a point})$$

$$2x^{\circ} + 100^{\circ} = 360^{\circ}$$

$$2x^{\circ} = 260^{\circ}$$

$$x^{\circ} = 130^{\circ}$$