	ACF	Examinations
12.1	$r \sim L$	LAGITHMUNICION

Practise Paper 1 YEAR 12 YEARLY EXAMINATION

Mathematics General 2

General Instructions

- · Reading time 5 minutes
- Working time 2.5 hours
- · Write using black or blue pen
- Board-approved calculators may be used
- A formula and data sheet is provided at the back of this paper
- In Questions 26-30, show relevant mathematical reasoning and/or calculations

Total marks - 100

Section I

25 marks

- Attempt Questions 1-25
- Allow about 35 minutes for this section

Section II

75 marks

- Attempt Ouestions 26-30
- · Allow about 1 hour 55 minutes for this section

Section I

25 marks Attempt Questions 1 - 25 Allow about 35 minutes for this section

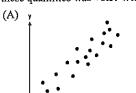
Use the multiple-choice answer sheet for Questions 1-25

- 1 Sam has 32 GB of data storage on a USB drive? How many data files of average size 6.4 MB can he store?
 - (A) 5
 - (B) 204.8
 - (C) 5000
 - (D) 5120
- 2 The table shows the amount Victoria spent on food items in one week. She would like to display this information as a sector graph. What size angle is needed to represent meat and fish?

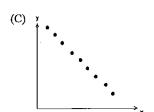
Food	Amount
Groceries	\$100
Fruit and vegetables	\$24
Meat and fish	\$36
Milk and dairy	\$20

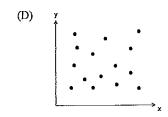
- (A) 10°
- (B) 18°
- (C) 36°
- (D) 72°
- 3 Which expression is equivalent to $2y^2(y+4)-y^2$?
 - (A) $2y^3 y^2 + 4$
 - (B) $2y^3 + 7y^2$
 - (C) $y^3 + 4y^2$
 - (D) $8y^3 y^2$
- 4 Indiana works part-time and earns \$16.50 per hour. If she works from 6.00 pm to midnight she is paid time-and-a-half. Last week Indiana worked 15 hours normal pay and 4 hours at time-and-a-half. What is her gross pay for last week?
 - (A) \$245.50
 - (B) \$313.50
 - (C) \$346.50
 - (D) \$470.25

5 A developing country compared body mass to income. The correlation coefficient for these quantities was +0.5. Which scatterplot could represent the result?









- 6 What is the value of $\cos \theta$ in the triangle below?
 - (A) $\frac{a}{b}$
 - (B) $\frac{a}{c}$
 - (C) $\frac{b}{a}$
 - (D) $\frac{b}{c}$



- 7 The scale on an aerial photograph is given as 1 mm = 180 m. If the length of land is 240 m, what is the map length between these points?
 - (A) 1.33 mm
 - (B) 2.67 mm
 - (C) 3.2 mm
 - (D) 60 mm
- 8 In a normally distributed set of scores, the mean is 60 and the standard deviation is 8. Approximately what percentage of the scores will lie between 44 and 76?
 - (A) 34%
 - (B) 68%
 - (C) 95%
 - (D) 99.7%

9 Cameron earns \$38 500 in a year. His allowable deductions total \$2 500. Using the table below, which of the following expressions represents his total tax payable?

Taxable income	Tax payable
0 - \$18 200	Nil .
\$18 201 - \$37 000	Nil + 19 cents for each \$1 over \$18 200
\$37 001 - \$80 000	\$3572 + 32.5 cents for each \$1 over \$37 000
\$80 001 - \$180 000	\$17 550 + 37 cents for each \$1 over \$80 000
\$180 001 and over	\$54 550 + 45 cents for each \$1 over \$180 000

- (A) $$3572 + 1000×0.325
- (B) $$3572 + 1500×0.325
- (C) $\$0 + \17800×0.19
- (D) $\$0 + \18200×0.19
- 10 The colour of the each car passing through an intersection was recorded. When analysing this data, which of the following could be found?
 - (A) Mean
 - (B) Median
 - (C) Mode
 - (D) Range
- 11 The ages of residents attending two community meetings is displayed in the double stem-and-leaf plot opposite. What is the difference in the medians between the age of the residents in meeting A and meeting B?

	Meeting
0	9
i	337 0266899
2	0266899
3	2335
	1 2

- (A) = 0
- **(B)** 1
- (C) 2
- (D) 3
- 12 Andrew was driving at a speed of 70 km/h and reaction time of 0.50 seconds. What is the stopping distance using the formula $d = \frac{5Vt}{18} + \frac{V^2}{170}$?
 - (A) 12 m
 - (B) 24 m
 - (C) 39 m
 - (D) 44 m

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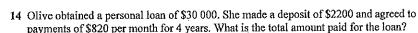
13 What is the correct expression for x in triangle ABC?





(C) $x = \frac{29 \sin 61^{\circ}}{\sin 79^{\circ}}$





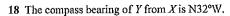
- (A) \$9360
- (B) \$11 560
- (C) \$39 360
- (D) \$41 560

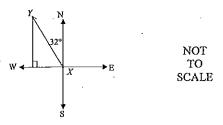
- (A) \$1.84
- (B) \$7.35
- (C) \$29.28
- (D) \$184.49

16 What is the gradient of a line given the equation
$$y = 3x - 5$$
?

- (A) □5
- (B) □3
- (C) 3
- (D) 5

- (A) 2
- (B) 18
- (C) 36
- (D) 72





What is the compass bearing of X from Y?

- (A) N32°W
- (B) N58°E
- (C) S32°E
- (D) S58°W

- (A) \$2.19
- (B) \$4.70
- (C) \$4.95
- (D) \$56.65

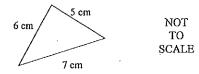
20 The number of people in a town is given by
$$N=1000(2.5')$$
 where N is the number of people and t is the time in years. What is the population after 2 years?

- (A) 1581
- (B) 2500
- (C) 5000
- (D) 6250

21 Solve the equation
$$\sqrt{x} - 16 = 20$$
.

- (A) 2
- (B) 6
- (C) 16
- (D) 1296

- 22 Tyson's water usage in one day was 60 L shower, 39 L toilet, 33 L tap and 8 L washing machine. What percentage water usage is for the washing machine?
 - (A) 5.7%
 - (B) 8.0%
 - (C) 42.9%
 - (D) 140%
- 23 The largest angle in the triangle below is θ .



What is the value of θ ?

- (A) 44°
- (B) 57°
- (C) 78°
- (D) 82°
- 24 Addison is a hospital patient who is given 1.5 litres of fluid over 8 hours. What is the required drip rate in mL/h?
 - (A) 0.2
 - (B) 5.3
 - (C) 12
 - (D) 187.5
- 25 Heidi borrows \$4 000 for a trip to Hawaii. She repays the loan over 2 years at an interest rate of 8% p.a. compounding monthly. What is Heidi's monthly instalment?
 - (A) \$195.48
 - (B) \$691.55
 - (C) \$1056.96
 - (D) \$23 364.72

Section II

75 marks
Attempt Questions 26 □ 30
Allow about 1 hour and 55 minutes for this section

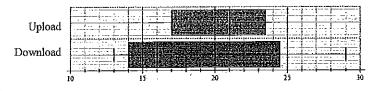
Answer the questions in the spaces provided.

Your responses should include relevant mathematical reasoning and/or calculations.

Question 26 (15 marks)

(i)

(a) The double box-and-whisker plot shows the amount of data uploaded and downloaded by Zara each day for the past month.



Find the interquartile range for uploading.	1

(ii)	What percentage of downloading is the amount of data less than 16?	1

(iii)	Nathan said that the graph shows Zara downloads more data than she uploads. Do you agree with Nathan's statement? Give a reason for your answer.
	· ·

(b)	Simplify $4a(b+a)-a(b-4a)$		

How much is her gross fortnightly pay?
Emily has 9% of her gross income paid into a superannuation fund. How much each fortnight is paid into superannuation?
Emily pays PAYG tax of \$585 per fortnight and has tax deductions of \$8 per week for dry cleaning, \$90 for work-related travel and \$410 per year for union fees.
What is Emily's total allowable tax deduction?
Calculate Emily's taxable income.
Medicare is calculated at 1.5% of the taxable income. How much is Emily's Medicare levy?

A cai	afe offers the following meal choices for burgers:			
•	Beef, fish or vegetable patty (B, F or V) Plain or wholemeal bun (P or W) Chips or salad (C or S)			
(i)	How many choices are possible?			
(ii)	Construct a tree diagram to show the different choices.			
	·			
-				
(iii)	What is the probability of choosing a plain beef burger with a salad?			

Question 27 (15 marks)

(a) Archie borrowed \$372 000 at 8% p.a. reducible interest. The interest is charged monthly and the monthly repayment is \$2840. The table shows the amounts owing during the first month.

Months (n)	Principal (P)	Interest (I)	P+I	P + I - R
1	\$372 000.00	\$2480.00	\$374 480.00	\$371 640.00
2				
3	-			

How mu	ch is owed at the end of the second month?
Calculate	the interest to be paid at the beginning of the third month

(b) Molly is playing a game with three possible results. This is shown in the table below.

	Probability	Financial Outcome
Result A	25%	Win \$100
Result B	40%	Win \$75-
Result C	35%	Lose \$125

What is Molly's financial expectation when playi	ing this game?

	·
	s the 4 th girl in a family of 4 girls and no boys. She decides to look at
he pr	obability of gender in families.
i)	What is the probability of a family of 4 girls and no boys?
ii)	What is the probability of a family of 3 girls and then a boy?
iii)	What is the probability of a family of 3 girls and a boy born in any position in the family?
	•

		<u></u>		
		•		
ater he catches 3	hes 64 bream in a 32 bream and fou method to estima	ind 16 of them v	vere tagged. U	se the
ater he catches 3	hes 64 bream in a 32 bream and fou method to estima	ind 16 of them v	vere tagged. U	se the
ater he catches 3	32 bream and fou	ind 16 of them v	vere tagged. U	se the
ater he catches 3	32 bream and fou	ind 16 of them v	vere tagged. U	se the
ater he catches 3	32 bream and fou	ind 16 of them v	vere tagged. U	se the

Question 28 (15 marks)

(a) The table shows the present value of a \$1 annuity.

	Present value of \$1					
Period	2%	4%	6%	8%	10%	12%
1	0.98	0.96	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.89
2	1.94	1.89	1.83	1.78	1.74	1.69
3	2.88	2.78	2.67	2.58	2.49	2.40
4	3.81	3.63	3.47	3.31	3.17	3.04

_	
_	
\$	What is the value of an annuity that would provide a present value of 47 988 after 3 years at 8% per annum compound interest?
_	
c	An annuity of \$1000 each six months is invested at 12% per annum, ompounded biannually for 2 years. What is the present value of the innuity?

questi (i)	How many possible combinations of answers are there for the 25
	questions?
(ii)	What is the probability of randomly achieving 25 marks?
(iii)	How many possible combinations of answers are there for the 25 questions, if each question was given another choice (E)?
The d P (45°	
The d P (45'	liagram below represents the earth. O is the centre of the earth and

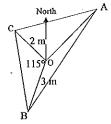
(d)	The number of crimes in two suburbs is recorded in the two-way table
• •	below.

	Suburb X	Suburb Y	_
Personal assaults	34	18	
Crimes with a weapon	22	28	

(i)	How many personal assaults were committed in both suburbs?
(ii)	How many crimes were committed in Suburb Y?
(iii)	Express the number of personal assaults as a percentage of all crimes. Express your answer to the nearest percent.
(iv)	What fraction of the crimes for Suburb X involved crimes with a weapon?
Mitcl and is	nell purchased a used car for \$16 000. It depreciated by 20% per annum sexpected to be used for 10 years. What is the salvage value of the car after two years?
(ii)	How many years will it take for the salvage value of the car be less than \$4 000? Answer to the nearest whole year.

Question 29 (15 marks)

(a) The diagram shows the position of A, B and C relative to O. In the diagram A is NE of O, C is NW of O, ΔCOB is 115°, CO is 2 m and BO is 3m.

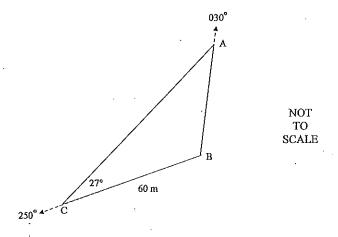


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What is the true bearin	og of B from O?
What is the distance fro	rom B to C? Answer correct to two decimal
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	·
What is the spee of tric	angle BOC? Answer correct to two decimal

(i)	Find the value of s if $a = 12$ and $t = 16$.
(ii)	Rearrange the equation $s = at^2$ to make t the subject.
/!!!\	Find the value of t if $s = 27$ and $a = 3$
(iii)	Find the value of t if $s - 2t$ and $a - 5$
kilon	by is standing on a cliff and looking at the horizon. The distance (d) in etres to the horizon from a height (h) in metres is $d = 7.5 \sqrt{\frac{h}{5}}$.
(i)	What is the distance to the horizon if the height is 15 m? Answer correct to one decimal place.
(ii)	

(d) ABC represents a triangular area of land. The bearing of A from B is 030° and the bearing of C from B is 250°. The distance BC is 60 m and the distance $\angle ACB$ is 27°



(ii)

	٠	

Question 30 (15 marks)

(a) The table below shows the approximate coordinates for three cities.

City	Latitude	Longitude
Wollongong	34°S	150°E
Perth	31°S	115°E
Tokyo	35°N	139°E

=	<u> </u>
A car race leaves Wo	petween Wollongong and Perth takes 89 hours. A car ongong at 8 am on Wednesday morning, Find the day and
leaves Wo	between Wollongong and Perth takes 89 hours. A car ongong at 8 am on Wednesday morning. Find the day and his car arrives in Perth. (Ignore time zones).
leaves Wo	ongong at 8 am on Wednesday morning. Find the day and
leaves Wo	ongong at 8 am on Wednesday morning. Find the day and
leaves Wo	ongong at 8 am on Wednesday morning. Find the day and
leaves Wo	ongong at 8 am on Wednesday morning. Find the day and his car arrives in Perth. (Ignore time zones).

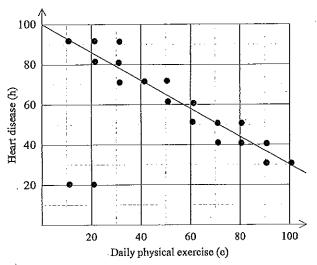
1

(b) The number of staff employed in eight stores for business A and business B is listed below.

Business A	75	95	45	252	20	145	36	30
Business B	74	82	64	115	56	73	63	90

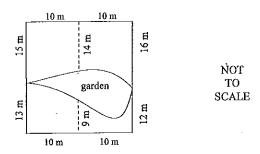
- (i) Find the range and interquartile range for each set of data.
- (ii) Find the mean and median for each set of data.
- (iii) Which is the better measure for the centre of this data? Explain your answer.
- (iv) Compare and contrast the two sets of data.

(c) The scatterplot shows daily physical exercise (e) versus heart disease (h).



- Calculate the gradient of the line.
- ii) What is the equation of the line of best fit drawn?
- ii) Estimate the value of the correlation coefficient.

(d) There is a garden inside the rectangular block of land as shown in the diagram.



Use Simpson's R Answer correct to	Rule to find the approximate area of the garden. o one decimal place.

End of paper

FORMULAE AND DATA SHEET

Financial Mathematics

Simple interest

$$I = Prn$$

- P is initial amount
- is interest rate per period, expressed as a decimal
- n is number of periods

Compound interest

$$A = P(1+r)^{\alpha}$$

- A is final amount
- P is initial amount
- is interest rate per period, expressed as a decimal
- n is number of compounding periods

Present value and future value

$$PV = \frac{FV}{(1+r)^a}, FV = PV(1+r)^a$$

- is interest rate per period, as expressed as a decimal
- n is number of compounding periods

Straight-line method of depreciation

$$S = V_0 - Dn$$

- S is salvage value of asset after n periods
- V_0 is initial value of asset.
- D is amount of depreciation per period
- n is number of periods

Declining-balance method of depreciation

$$S = V_0(1-r)^n$$

- S is salvage value of asset after n periods
- V_0 is initial value of asset
- is depreciation rate per period, expressed as a decimal
- n is number of periods

Data Analysis

Mean of a sample

$$\overline{x} = \frac{\text{sum of scores}}{\text{number of scores}}$$

z-score

For any score x,

$$z = \frac{x - \overline{x}}{s}$$

- x is mean
- s is standard deviation

Outlier(s)

score(s) less than $Q_L - 1.5 \times IQR$ or score(s) more than $Q_{IJ} + 1.5 \times IQR$

 Q_L is lower quartile

 \mathcal{Q}_U is upper quartile

IQR is interquartile range

Least-squares line of best fit.

 $y = \text{gradient} \times x + y$ -intercept

gradient = $r \times \frac{\text{standard deviation of } y \text{ scores}}{\text{standard deviation of } x \text{ scores}}$

$$y$$
-intercept = \vec{y} – (gradient $\times \vec{x}$)

- is correlation coefficient
- \bar{x} is mean of x score
- \vec{y} is mean of y scores

Normal distribution

- pproximately 68% of scores have z-scores between --1 and 1
- pproximately 95% of scores have z-scores between -2 and 2
- pproximately 99.7% of scores have z-scores between -3 and 3

Spherical Geometry

Circumference of a circle

 $C = 2\pi r$ or $C = \pi d$

r Is radius

d is diameter

Arc length of a circle

$$l = \frac{\theta}{360} 2\pi r$$

r is radius

 θ is number of degrees in central angle

Radius of Earth

(taken as) 6400 km

Time differences

For calculation of time differences using longitude: 15° = 1 hour time difference

Area

Circle

 $A = \pi r^2$

r is radius

Sector

$$A = \frac{\theta}{360} \pi r^2$$

r is radius

heta is number of degrees in central angle

Annulus

$$A = \pi (R^2 - r^2)$$

R is radius of outer circle

r is radius of inner circle

Trapezium

$$A = \frac{h}{2}(a+b)$$

h is perpendicular height

a and b are the lengths of the parallel sides

Area of land and catchment areas

unit conversion: 1, ha = 10 000 m²

Surface Area

Sphere

 $A=4\pi r^2$

r is radius

Closed cylinder

$$A=2\pi r^2+2\pi rh.$$

r is radius

h is perpendicular height

Volume

Prism or cylinder

V = Ah

r is radius

h is perpendicular height

Pyramid or cone

$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

A is area of the base

h is perpendicular height

Volume and capacity

unit conversion: $1 \text{ m}^3 = 1000 \text{ L}$

Approximation Using Simpson's Rule

Area

$$A \approx \frac{h}{3}(d_f + 4d_m + d_l)$$

h distance between successive measurements

 d_f is first measurement

d is middle measurement

 d_r is last measurement

Volume

$$V \approx \frac{h}{3}(A_L + 4A_n + A_R)$$

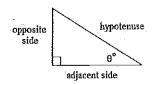
h distance between successive measurements

 ${\cal A}_L$ is area of left end

 A_{M} is area of middle

 A_R is area of right end

Trigonometric Ratios



 $\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opposite side}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$

 $\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adjacent side}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$

 $\tan\theta = \frac{\text{opposite side}}{\text{adjacent side}}$

Sine rule

In $\triangle ABC$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

Cosine rule

In ∆ABC

$$\cos C = \frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2ab}$$

 $c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab\cos C$

Units of Memory and File Size

1 byte
$$= 8$$
 bits

1 kilobyte =
$$2^{10}$$
 bytes = 1024 bytes

1 megabyte =
$$2^{20}$$
 bytes = 1024 kilobytes

1 gigabyte =
$$2^{30}$$
 bytes = 1024 megabytes

I terabyte =
$$2^{40}$$
 bytes = 1024 gigabytes

Blood Alcohol Content Estimates

$$BAC_{Mak} = \frac{(10N - 7.5H)}{6.8M}$$
 or

$$BAC_{Fessale} = \frac{(10N - 7.5H)}{5.5M}$$

is number of standard drinks consumed

H is number of hours of drinking

M is person's mass in kilograms

Distance, Speed and Time

$$D = ST$$
, $S = \frac{D}{T}$, $T = \frac{D}{S}$

 $average speed = \frac{total distance travelled}{total time taken}$

 $stopping distance = \begin{cases} reaction-time \\ distance \end{cases} + \begin{cases} braking \\ distance \end{cases}$

Probability of an Event

The probability of an event where outcomes are equally likely is given by:

 $P(\text{event}) = \frac{\text{number of favourable outcomes}}{\text{total number of outcomes}}$

Straight Lines

Gradient

 $m = \frac{\text{vertical change in position}}{\text{horizontal change in position}}$

Gradient-intercept form

y = mx + b

m is gradient

b is y-intercept

ACE Examination Practise Paper 1 HSC Mathematics General 2 Yearly Examination

Worked solutions and marking guidelines

Section 1		
	Solution	Criteria
1	Data files = $\frac{32 \times 1024}{6.4}$ = 5120	1 Mark: D
2	Angle size = $\frac{36}{180} \times 360 = 72^{\circ}$	1 Mark: D
3	$2y^{2}(y+4) - y^{2} = 2y^{3} + 8y^{2} - y^{2}$ $= 2y^{3} + 7y^{2}$	1 Mark: B
4	Gross pay = $15 \times 16.50 + 4 \times 1.5 \times 16.50$ = \$346.50	1 Mark: C
5	Correlation coefficient of +0.5 is a positive linear relationship with medium strength.	i Mark: A
6	$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}} = \frac{b}{c}$	l Mark: D
7	180m = 1 mm or $30m = \frac{1}{6}$ mm 240m = $\frac{8}{6}$ mm ≈ 1.33 mm	1 Mark: A
8	$z = \frac{x - \overline{x}}{s} \text{and } z = \frac{x - \overline{x}}{s}$ $= \frac{44 - 60}{8} = -2 \qquad = \frac{76 - 60}{8} = 2$ 95% of scores have a z-score between -2 and 2	1 Mark: C
9	Tax payable = \$38 500 - \$2 500 = \$36 000 Taxable income between \$18201 and \$37000 (2 nd line) \$0 + \$17 800 × 0.19	1 Mark: C
10	Categorical data - Mode	1 Mark: C
11	Meeting A the median is 25. Meeting B the median is 26. Difference in medians is 1.	1 Mark: B
12	$d = \frac{5Vt}{18} + \frac{V^2}{170}$ $= \frac{5 \times 70 \times 0.50}{18} + \frac{70^2}{170} \approx 39 \text{ m}$	1 Mark; C

13	$\frac{x}{\sin 61^\circ} = \frac{29}{\sin 79^\circ}$ $x = \frac{29\sin 61^\circ}{\sin 79^\circ}$	1 Mark; C
14	Total paid = $2200 + \$820 \times 12 \times 4$ = $\$41560$	1 Mark: D
15	Electricity = 2.1×3.5 = 7.35 kWh Cost = 7.35×0.251 = \$1.84	1 Mark: A
16	Gradient intercept formula: $y = mx + b$. Gradient is 3	1 Mark: C
17	Number of outcomes = 9×8 = 72	1 Mark; D
18	S32°E	1 Mark: C
19	Charge = $0.25 + (300 + 60) \times 0.94$ = \$4.95	1 Mark: C
20	$N = 1000(2.5')$ $= 1000(2.5^{2}) = 6250$	1 Mark: D
21	$\sqrt{x} - 16 = 20$ $\sqrt{x} = 36$ $x = 36^{2}$ $= 1296$	1 Mark: D
22	Number of litres = $60+39+33+8=140$ L Washing machine = $\frac{8}{140} \times 100 \approx 5.7\%$	1 Mark; A
23	$\cos\theta = \frac{5^2 + 6^2 - 7^2}{2 \times 5 \times 6}$ $\theta = 78^\circ$	1 Mark: C
24	Drip rate = $\frac{1.5 \times 1000}{8}$ = 187.5 mL/h	1 Mark: D
25	$A = P(1+r)^{4}$ $= 4000 \left(1 + \frac{0.08}{12}\right)^{24} = \4691.55 Instalments = \\$4691.55 \div 24 $= \$195.48$	1 Mark: A

Sectio	n II	
	Solution	Criteria
26(a) (i)	IQR = 23.5 - 17 = 6.5	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(a) (ii)	Percentage = 50% (Median)	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(a) (iii)	Disagree. Median amount of data uploaded (21) is more than the median amount of data downloaded (16). Spread of the data is greater for downloading compared to uploading.	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(b)	$4a(b+a)-a(b-4a) = 4ab+4a^{2}-ab+4a^{2}$ $= 8a^{2}+3ab$	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 Mark: Expands grouping symbols or adds like terms
26(c) (i)	Fortnightly pay = $78000 \div 26$ = \$3000	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(c) (ii)	Superannuation = 9% of \$3000 = \$270	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(c) (iii)	Tax deduction = $8 \times 52 + 90 + 410$ = $$916$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(c) (iv)	Taxable income = 78000 - 916 = \$77 084	1 Mark; Correct answer.
26(c) (v)	Medicare levy = 1.5% of \$77 084 = 0.015×77084 = \$1156.26	1 Mark; Correct answer.
26(d) (i)	Number of choices = $3 \times 2 \times 2$ = 12	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 Mark: Lists the choices or makes some progress
26(d) (ii)	Patty Bun Sides P C S C S C C S C C S C C C C C C C C C	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 Mark: One stage of the tree diagram is correct.
26(d) (iii)	$P(BPS) = \frac{n(BPS)}{n(s)} = \frac{1}{12}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.

27(a) (i)	\$371 640.00	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(a) (ii)	$371\ 640 \times \left(1 + \frac{0.08}{12}\right)^{1} - 2840 = 371\ 277.60$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(a) (iii)	$$$371\ 277.60 \times \frac{0.08}{12} = 2475.18	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(a) (iv)	\$371 277.60+\$2475.18-\$2840=\$370 912.78	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(b)	Financial expectation = Sum[P(E)×Financial outcome] = (25%×\$100) + (40%×\$75) + (35%×-\$125) = \$11.25	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 Mark: Makes some progress towards solution.
27(c) (i)	$BAC_{Fenzle} = \frac{(10N - 7.5H)}{5.5M}$ $= \frac{(10 \times 7 - 7.5 \times 5)}{(5.5 \times 65)}$ ≈ 0.0909	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 Mark: Substitutes one correct value into the formula.
27(d) (i)	$P(GGGG) = \frac{n(GGGG)}{n(s)} = \frac{1}{16}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(d) (ii)	$P(GGGB) = \frac{n(GGGB)}{n(s)} = \frac{1}{16}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(d) (iii)	Four outcomes: GGGB, GGBG, GBGG, BGGG $P(3G1B) = \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{16} + \frac{1}{16}$ $= \frac{1}{4}$	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 Mark: Makes some progress towards the solution.
27(e)	$V = \frac{h}{3} (A_f + 4A_m + A_l)$ $= \frac{15}{3} \times (11 + 4 \times 18 + 17)$ $= 500 \text{ m}^3$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(f)	$\frac{64}{p} = \frac{16}{332}$ $16p = 21248$ $p = 1328$ Fish population is approximately 1328.	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 mark: Uses the capture-recapture method with two correct values.

28(a) (i)	Intersection value is 1.89 (4% and 2 years) $PV = 1.89 \times 6000$ $= $11,340$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(a) (ii)	Intersection value is 2.58 (8% and 3 years) $47988 = x \times 2.58$ $x = \frac{47988}{2.58}$ = \$18 600 Value of the annuity is \$18 600 per year.	1 Mark: Correct answer,
28(a) (iii)	Intersection value is 3.47 (6% and 4 years) $PV = 3.47 \times 1000$ $= $3 470$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(b) (i)	Number of outcomes = $4 \times 4 \times 4 \times \times 4 \times 4$ (25 fours) = 4^{25} = $1.125899907 \times 10^{15}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(b) (ii)	$P(\text{Full marks}) = \frac{1}{1.125899907 \times 10^{15}}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(b) (iii)	Number of outcomes = 5^{25} = $2.980232239 \times 10^{17}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(c) (i)	Angular distance = $45 + 60$ = 105°	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(c) (ii)	$l = \frac{105}{360} \times 2 \times \pi \times 6400$ = 11728.61257 = 11 700 km	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(d) (i)	34 + 18 = 52	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(d) (ii)	18 + 28 = 46	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(d) (iii)	Percentage = $\frac{52}{102} \times 100$ $= 51\%$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(d) (iv)	Fraction = $\frac{22}{56} = \frac{11}{28}$	1 Mark; Correct answer.
28(e) (i)	$S = V_0 (1-r)^n$ = 16000 \times (1-0.20)^2 = \$10 240	1 Mark: Correct answer.

28(e) (ii)	$S = V_0 (1-r)^n$ $4000 = 16000 \times (1-0.20)^n$	2 Marks: Correct answer.
	$\frac{4000}{16000} = 0.80^{n}$ $0.80^{n} = 0.25$ $n = \frac{\log 0.25}{\log 0.80}$ $= 6.2126$ Number of years is 7 to be less than \$4 000.	1 Mark: Makes significant progress towards the solution
	Note: answer can also be obtained by trial and error.	

29(a) (i)	True bearing is 045° (A is NE of O)	1 Mark: Correct answer.
29(a) (ii)	To find $\triangle BOA$ $\angle BOA + 115^{\circ} + 45^{\circ} + 45^{\circ} = 360^{\circ}$ $\angle BOA = 155^{\circ}$ True bearing is 200° (155° + 45°)	1 Mark: Correct answer.
29(a) (iii)	$BC^2 = 2^2 + 3^2 - 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times \cos 115^{\circ}$ $BC^2 = 18.07141914$ BC = 4.25 m Distance from B to C is 4.25 m	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 Mark: Recognises the use of the cosine rule and makes progress.
29(a) (iv)	$A = \frac{1}{2}bc\sin \angle BOC$ = $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 3 \times \sin 115^{\circ}$ = 2.718923361 = 2.72 m ²	1 Mark: Correct answer.
29(b) (i)	$s = at^{2}$ $= 12 \times 16^{2}$ $= 3072$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
29(b) (ii)	$s = at^{2}$ $\frac{s}{a} = t^{2}$ $t = \pm \sqrt{\frac{s}{a}}$	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 Mark: Correctly makes t^2 the subject of the equation.
29(b) (iii)	$t = \pm \sqrt{\frac{27}{3}}$ $= \pm 3$	1 Mark: Correct answer.

29(c) (i)	$d = 7.5\sqrt{\frac{h}{5}}$ $= 7.5 \times \sqrt{\frac{15}{5}}$ $= 13.0 \text{ km}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
29(c) (ii)	$d = 7.5\sqrt{\frac{h}{5}}$ $7.87 = 7.5 \times \sqrt{\frac{h}{5}}$ $\frac{7.87}{7.5} = \sqrt{\frac{h}{5}}$ $\frac{h}{5} = \left(\frac{7.87}{7.5}\right)^2$ $h = 5 \times \left(\frac{7.87}{7.5}\right)^2$ $= 5.5 \text{ m}$	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 Mark: Makes significant progress towards the solution.
29(d) (i)	CB makes an angle of 110° with the north direction. $\angle ABC = 110^{\circ} + 30^{\circ}$ $= 140^{\circ}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
29(d) (ii)	To find $\triangle CAB$ $\angle CAB + 140^{\circ} + 27^{\circ} = 180^{\circ}$ $\angle CAB = 13^{\circ}$ $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B}$ $\frac{AC}{\sin 140^{\circ}} = \frac{60}{\sin 13^{\circ}}$ $AC = \frac{60 \times \sin 140^{\circ}}{\sin 13^{\circ}}$ $= 171.4473253$ $= 171.4 \text{ m}$	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 Mark: Correctly calculates \$\Lambda CAB\$ or makes some progress in the use of the sine rule.

30(a) (i)	Longitude difference = 150 - 139 = 11°	2 Marks: Correct answer.
	Time difference = 11 × 4 = 44 min Wollongong is 3.00 am + 44 min or 3.44 am.	1 Mark: Correctly calculates the time difference.
30(a) (ii)	Longitude difference = 150° -115° = 35°	2 Marks: Correct answer.
	Time difference = 35 × 4 =140 min =2h 20 min Wollongong is 8.00 am □ 2 h 20 min or 5.40 am Time = 5.40 am + 89 h (or 3d 17 h) =3d 10.40 pm Arrives on Saturday at 10.40 pm	1 Mark: Correctly calculates the local time in Perth.
30(b) (i)	Business A: Range = 232, IQR = 87 Business B: Range = 59, IQR = 22.5	1 Mark: Correct answer.
30(b) (ii)	Business A: Mean = 87.25, Median = 60 Business B: Mean = 77.125, Median = 73.5	1 Mark: Correct answer.
30(b) (iii)	Median is a better measure. Mean in Business A has been distorted by an outlier (252).	1 Mark: Correct answer.
30(b) (iv)	Staff numbers of business B is more than the staff numbers of business A. There is a greater spread in the staff numbers of business A compared to the staff numbers of business B.	1 Mark: Correct answer.
30(c) (i)	$m = \frac{\text{Rise}}{\text{Run}}$ $= -\frac{70}{100} = -0.7$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
30(c) (ii)	y = mx + b $h = -0.7e + 100$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
30(c) (iii)	About -0.8	1 Mark; Correct answer.

30(d) (i)	$A = lb \text{ (Rectangle)}$ $= 28 \times 20$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
30(d) (ii)	= 560 m ² To find the area of land excluding the garden. $A = \frac{h}{3}(d_f + 4d_n + d_l) + \frac{h}{3}(d_f + 4d_n + d_l)$ $= \frac{10}{3}(15 + 4 \times 14 + 16) + \frac{10}{3}(13 + 4 \times 9 + 12)$ $= 493.333 m2$	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 mark: Makes some progress using Simpson's rule.
	Area of garden = $560 - 493.333$ = 66.7 m^2	
30(d) (iii)	V = Ah = 66.7×0.30 = 20 m ³	1 Mark: Correct answer.