

Student Name: _____

Practise Paper 2
YEAR 12
 YEARLY EXAMINATION

Mathematics General 2

General Instructions

- Reading time - 5 minutes
- Working time - 2.5 hours
- Write using black or blue pen
- Board-approved calculators may be used
- A formula and data sheet is provided at the back of this paper
- In Questions 26-30, show relevant mathematical reasoning and/or calculations

Total marks - 100
Section I

25 marks

- Attempt Questions 1-25
- Allow about 35 minutes for this section

Section II

75 marks

- Attempt Questions 26-30
- Allow about 1 hour 55 minutes for this section

Section I

25 marks

Attempt Questions 1 - 25

Allow about 35 minutes for this section

Use the multiple-choice answer sheet for Questions 1-25

-
- Hannah plays a game in which he has a 20% chance of winning \$50, 50% chance of winning \$10 and a 30% chance of losing \$5. What is Hannah's financial expectation when playing this game?
 - \$10.00
 - \$13.50
 - \$16.50
 - \$55.00
 - Harry uses a 1.5 kilowatt per hour dishwasher for a total of 4 hours. He is charged at a rate of 25.72 cents per kilowatt. What is the cost of using the dishwasher?
 - \$0.32
 - \$1.03
 - \$1.54
 - \$6.00
 - The ages of the retirees who live in Adam's Retirement Village are: 72, 70, 68, 67, 67, 65, 64 and 60. A retiree has moved into the village who is aged 71. What will be the effect on the ages?
 - Mean increases and the sample standard deviation increases.
 - Mean increases and the sample standard deviation decreases.
 - Mean decreases and the sample standard deviation increases.
 - Mean decreases and the sample standard deviation decreases.
 - Jordan buys a car for \$19 500 and is depreciated at a rate of 15% of its purchase price each year. What is the salvage value of the car after five years?
 - \$4 875
 - \$8 652
 - \$14 625
 - \$16 575

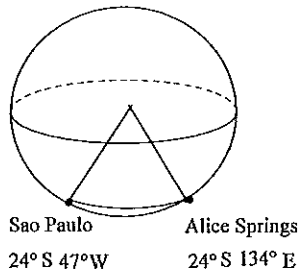
5 The monthly repayments per \$1000 on a bank home loan are shown in table below.

Term	8.00%	8.25%	8.50%
20 years	\$8.36	\$8.52	\$8.68
25 years	\$7.72	\$7.88	\$8.05

What is the monthly repayment for a loan of \$320 000 at 8.25% p.a. interest rate for 25 years?

- (A) \$252.16
- (B) \$272.64
- (C) \$2521.60
- (D) \$2726.40

6 The time in Alice Springs is based on the 134°E meridian and that for Sao Paulo 47°W meridian. At 4.00 pm on a Sunday in Alice Springs Christopher decided to ring a friend in Sao Paulo. What day and time is it in Sao Paulo?

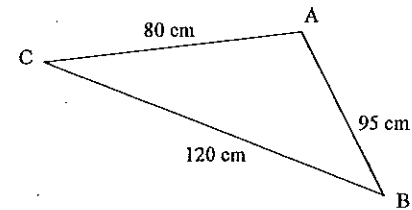


- (A) 3.56 am
- (B) 4.04 am
- (C) 8.57 am
- (D) 11.03 pm

7 The stopping distance (d) of a scooter travelling at a speed of s metres per second is given by the formula $d = \frac{1}{4}(s^2 + s + 2)$. What is the stopping distance given a speed of 8 metres per second?

- (A) 4.5 m
- (B) 18.5 m
- (C) 20.0 m
- (D) 74.0 m

8 Find $\angle BAC$, to the nearest degree.



- (A) 40
- (B) 42
- (C) 52
- (D) 86

9 Isaac scored 81 in an assessment task. The mean for this task was 67 with a standard deviation of 7.0. What is Isaac's z-score?

- (A) -2
- (B) -1
- (C) 1
- (D) 2

10 What is the amount of interest that Carlee will pay for a loan of \$2 000 over a term of 18 months?

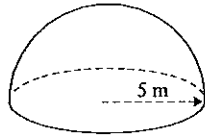
Term of loan	Monthly repayment		
	Amount of loan		
	\$2 000	\$6 000	\$10 000
6 months	\$353	\$570	\$899
12 months	\$186	\$380	\$599
18 months	\$141	\$289	\$452
24 months	\$102	\$251	\$372
30 months	\$91	\$282	\$344

- (A) \$538
- (B) \$1202
- (C) \$2538
- (D) \$3202

11 There are six cards, each labelled with a different number from 1 to 6. Two cards are to be drawn at random without replacement. What is the probability of drawing 65?

- (A) $\frac{1}{36}$
 (B) $\frac{1}{30}$
 (C) $\frac{1}{15}$
 (D) $\frac{1}{12}$

12 Calculate the surface area of a closed hemisphere with a radius of 5 m. Answer in square metres correct to the nearest whole number.



- (A) 79 m²
 (B) 236 m²
 (C) 314 m²
 (D) 393 m²

13 What is the best description between living standards and life expectancy?

- (A) Zero correlation.
 (B) Constant correlation
 (C) Negative correlation.
 (D) Positive correlation.

14 Which is the correct expression to make v the subject of the formula $u = pq + vt^2$?

- (A) $v = \frac{t^2}{u + pq}$
 (B) $v = \frac{t^2}{u - pq}$
 (C) $v = \frac{u + pq}{t^2}$
 (D) $v = \frac{u - pq}{t^2}$

15 How many kilobits per second are there in 8 000 megabits per second?

- (A) 0.008
 (B) 8
 (C) 8 000 000
 (D) 8 000 000 000

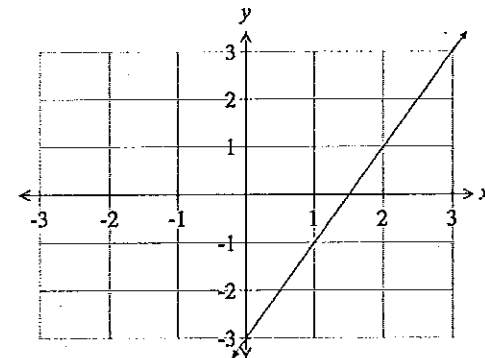
16 What is the angular distance (angle at the centre) between Boston (42°N, 71°W) and Santiago (33°S, 71°W)?

- (A) 0°
 (B) 9°
 (C) 71°
 (D) 75°

17 Eva is concerned about the caterpillar population in the local community. She collects 240 caterpillars and tags them. A couple of months later she collects 25 caterpillars and found 10 of them were tagged. What is her estimate of the caterpillar population using the capture-recapture method?

- (A) 96
 (B) 336
 (C) 576
 (D) 600

18



The correct equation of line shown below is:

- (A) $y = 2x - 3$
 (B) $y = -2x - 3$
 (C) $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 3$
 (D) $y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 3$

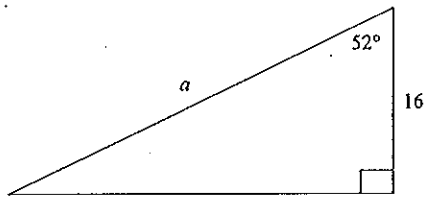
19 Tahlia borrows \$320 000 over 24 years at a reducible interest rate of 5.9% p.a. She pays \$2130 per month. What is the total paid on this loan?

- (A) \$293 440
- (B) \$453 120
- (C) \$613 440
- (D) \$773 120

20 Three cards (Ace, Two and Three) are placed face down on a table. One card is selected at random and replaced. A second card is then selected at random. This experiment is repeated 36 times. What is expected number of double aces?

- (A) 1
- (B) 4
- (C) 6
- (D) 8

21 What is the value of a in the triangle below?



- (A) $\frac{16}{\cos 52^\circ}$
- (B) $\frac{16}{\sin 52^\circ}$
- (C) $16 \times \cos 52^\circ$
- (D) $16 \times \sin 52^\circ$

22 What is the solution to the following pair of simultaneous equations?

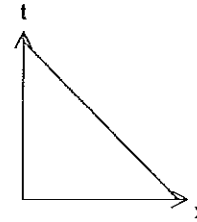
$$3x - 5y = 28$$

$$x + 4y = 15$$

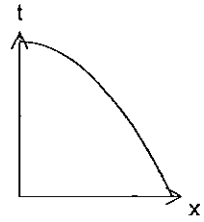
- (A) (11, 1)
- (B) (1, 11)
- (C) (6, -2)
- (D) (-2, 6)

23 The time (t) taken to write a report varies inversely with the number (x) of people writing the report. Which graph best represents this relationship?

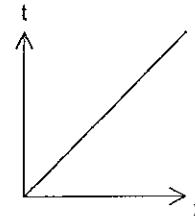
(A)



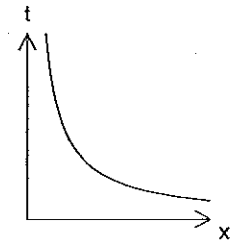
(B)



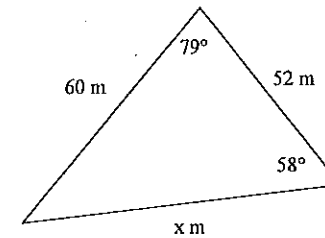
(C)



(D)



24 The correct value for x is



(A) $x = \frac{60 \sin 58^\circ}{\sin 43^\circ}$

(B) $x = \frac{60 \sin 79^\circ}{\sin 58^\circ}$

(C) $x = \frac{60 \sin 79^\circ}{\sin 43^\circ}$

(D) $x = \frac{52 \sin 79^\circ}{\sin 58^\circ}$

25 A credit card has a daily interest rate of 0.06% per day (no interest free period). Find the interest charged on \$1700 for 15 days. Answer correct to the nearest cent.

- (A) \$1.02
- (B) \$15.36
- (C) \$102.00
- (D) \$4074.15

Section II

75 marks

Attempt Questions 26 □ 30

Allow about 1 hour and 55 minutes for this section

Answer the questions in the spaces provided.

Your responses should include relevant mathematical reasoning and/or calculations.

Question 26 (15 marks)

Marks

(a) Mitch surveyed his class and summarised the results in the following table.

	Play football	Do not play football	Total
Weight > 70 kg	10	8	18
Weight < 70 kg	5	9	14
	15	17	32

(i) What percentage of his class has weight less than 70 kg and play football? 1

(ii) What is the fraction of students in his class who play football? 1

(iii) One person was selected at random from his class who does not play football. What is the probability that this person is less than 70 kg? 1

(iv) What is the probability that a student selected at random from his class is greater than 70 kg? 1

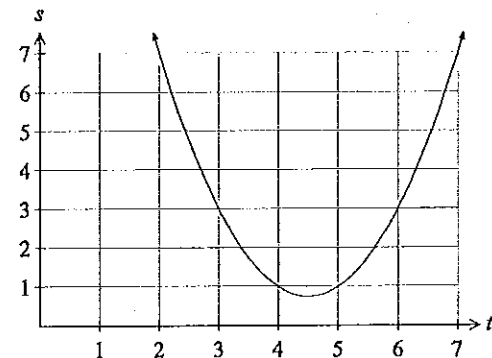
(b) The time taken (in seconds) to download ten different videos is shown below: 130, 145, 120, 153, 143, 127, 129, 142, 137, 148, 139, 141.

Calculate correct to 2 decimal places.

(i) Mean 1

(ii) Median 1

(c) The relationship between speed (s) and time (t) for a motor vehicle is modelled by the formula: $s = t^2 - 9t + 21$



(i) What is the speed when time is 2.5? 1

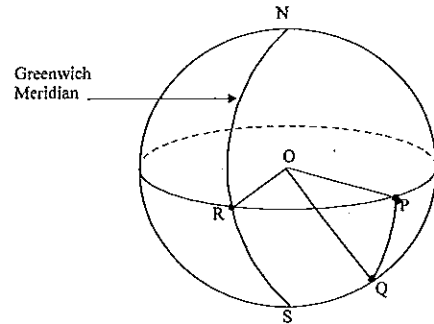
(ii) What time achieves the lowest speed? 1

(iii) Determine the time required to achieve a speed of 3. 1

- (d) A home loan of \$400 000 is given to Patricia. The loan is to be repaid 300 equal monthly instalments at 8% p.a. compounded monthly.
- (i) Determine the amount to be repaid on this loan. 1

- (ii) How much interest is paid on this loan. 1

- (e) In the diagram of the earth, O represents the centre and the points P and R lie on the equator. Point R is on the Greenwich meridian. The angles POR and POQ are 58° and 53° respectively.



- (i) What are the coordinates of point P ? 1

- (ii) What are the coordinates of point Q ? 1

- (iii) Calculate the distance between points P and R to the nearest kilometre. 1

- (iv) Calculate the distance between points P and Q to the nearest kilometre. 1

Question 27 (15 marks)

Marks

- (a) Sally's recent results in hospitality and timber are recorded in the table

Course	Class Mean	Class Standard Deviation	Sally's Result
Hospitality	55	10	85
Timber	55	15	85

- (i) What is Sally's z-score for timber? 1

- (ii) Explain the z-score in timber in terms of the class mean and class standard deviation. 1

- (iii) What hospitality mark would be equivalent to a z-score of -1 ? 1

- (b) The digits 8, 7, 6, 5, 4 and 3 are written on six separate cards. Three cards are drawn at random from the deck, one at a time, and placed face up on a table to form a three-digit number.

- (i) How many different three-digit numbers can be formed? 1

- (ii) What is the probability of selecting 345? 1

- (iii) What is the probability of selecting a number greater than 600? 1

- (iv) What is the probability of selecting an even number or the number 345? 1

- (c) The table below shows a two mobile phone plans.
Anthony uses Plan A. Eric uses Plan B.

		Plan A	Plan B
Monthly Access Fee		\$22.00	\$39.00
Free calls		\$50.00	\$20.00
Connection fee - Flagfall		\$0.35	\$0.25
Call Rates (per 30 sec)		\$0.45	\$0.39
Messaging	SMS	\$0.23	\$0.23
	MMS	\$0.40	\$0.40

- (i) What is the charge if Anthony makes 2 minute call? 1

- (ii) What is the charge if Eric makes 5 minute call? 1

- (iii) Eric makes 100 calls in a month with each call lasting 1 minute. What is the cost on Plan B? 1

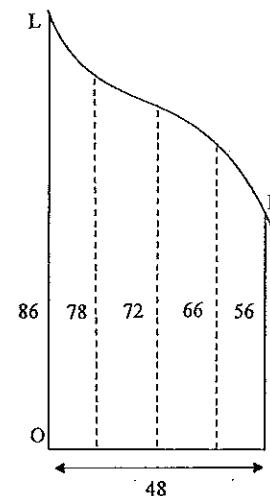
- (d) Solve the following equations:

(i) $7x + 2 = 17 + 4x$ 1

(ii) $2a = 1 + \frac{4a}{3}$ 1

(iii) $\sqrt{4z - 8} = 2$ 1

- (e) Use Simpson's rule twice to estimate the area of $LMNO$. 2



Question 28 (15 marks)

Marks

(a) The time taken T for the length of rope R to be rotated about a central point

is given by the formula $T = \sqrt{\frac{9R}{2.5}}$.

(i) Make R the subject of the formula.

1

(ii) What is the length of rope if it takes 9 seconds for a single revolution?

1

(iii) What is the time taken for a rope of length 20 to complete a revolution? Answer correct to two decimal places.

1

(b) An aircraft leaves the Pretoria 26°S , 28°E and travels due east to Caloundra 26°S , 153°E .

(i) What is the latitude of Pretoria?

1

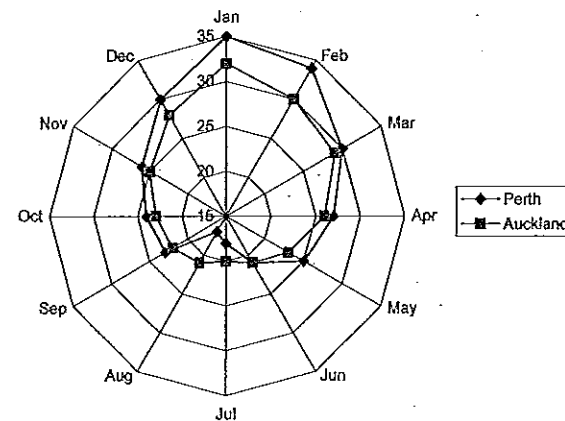
(ii) What is the distance the aircraft travels between Pretoria and Caloundra? Answer to the nearest kilometre.

1

(iii) The aircraft took 35 hours to reach Caloundra. What was the average speed of the plane to the nearest kilometre per hour?

1

(c) The radar chart compares the average temperature of two cities.



(i) What the average temperature for Perth in January?

1

(ii) Which month has the lowest average temperature for Auckland?

1

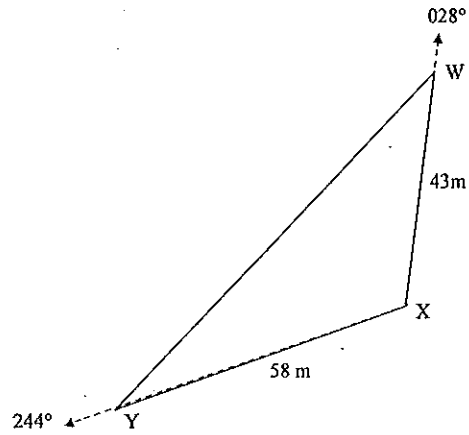
(iii) Which months is the temperature for Auckland greater than Perth?

1

(iv) Calculate the range of average temperatures for Perth?

1

- (d) XYZ represents a triangular area of land. The bearing of W from X is 028° and the bearing of Y from X is 244° . The distance XY is 58 m and the distance XW is 43 m



- (i) Find the angle WXY . 1

- (ii) Calculate the area of the land to the nearest square metre. 1

- (iii) What is the length of WY correct to one decimal place? 1

- (e) The table below shows Jenny's average water usage per day.

Water usage	L/day
Washing machine	40
Toilet	28
Dishwasher	22
Other	15

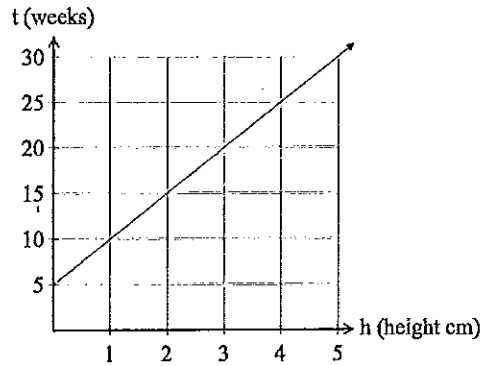
- (i) How much water is Jenny using each day? 1

- (ii) What percentage of her water usage is for the dishwasher? Answer to the nearest whole number. 1

Question 29 (15 marks)

Marks

(a) Stefan drew a graph of the height of a flowering shrub over thirty weeks.



(i) When was the initial height of the shrub? 1

(ii) Calculate the gradient of the line. 1

(iii) What is the equation of this line? 1

(b) Three cards numbered five, six and seven are placed face down on a table. One card is selected at random and replaced. A second card is then selected at random. This experiment is repeated 360 times

(i) What is the probability of selecting two six's? 1

(ii) How many double six's would be expected? 1

(iii) What is the probability of one of the cards being a seven? 1

(iv) How many single sevens would be expected? 1

(c) A truck was purchased for \$21 500 and sold for \$8500 after 5 years. Assume straight-line depreciation

(i) How much does the truck depreciate each year? 1

(ii) Construct a depreciation table for the first five years. 1

- (d) Alan borrowed \$310 000 at 7.9% p.a. reducible interest. The interest is charged monthly and the monthly repayment is \$2370. The table shows the amounts owing during the first three months

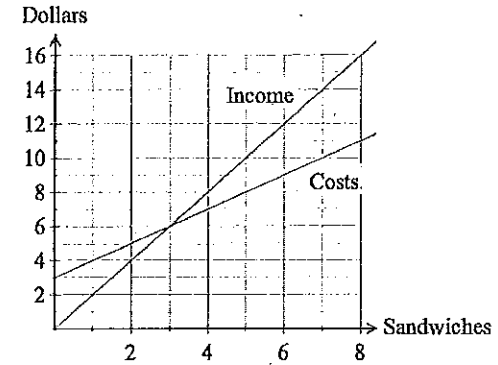
Months	Principal	Interest	$P + I$	$P + I - R$
1	\$310 000.00	\$2040.83	\$312 040.83	\$309 670.83
2		\$2038.67	\$311 709.50	
3	\$309 339.50			

- (i) What is the principal at the beginning of the second month? 1
- _____
- (ii) How much is owed at the end of the second month? 1
- _____
- _____
- (iii) Calculate the interest to be paid at the beginning of the third month? 1
- _____
- _____
- (iv) How much is owed at the end of the third month? 1
- _____
- _____
- (e) Find the least-squares line of best fit given the following data: 2
- $\bar{x} = 15.679, \bar{y} = 85.128, s_x = 12.786, s_y = 5.985, r = 0.865$
- _____
- _____
- _____
- _____

Question 30 (15 marks)

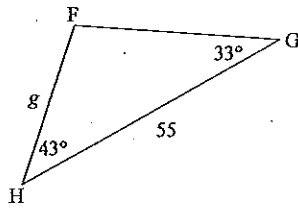
Marks

- (a) The linear graphs below show the cost of making a sandwich and the income received from selling the sandwiches.



- (i) Let the income received be $\$I$ and n the number of sandwiches sold. Write a formula for the income. 1
- _____
- _____
- (ii) Let the costs of making a sandwich be $\$C$ and n the number of sandwiches sold. Write a formula for the costs. 1
- _____
- _____
- (iii) What is the profit if 7 sandwiches are sold? 1
- _____
- _____
- (iv) How many sandwiches are needed to be sold to break-even? 1
- _____
- _____

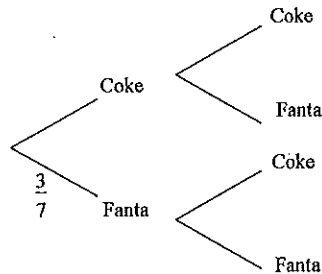
- (b) $\triangle FGH$ has $\angle FGH = 33^\circ$ and $\angle GHF = 43^\circ$. The length of GH is 55.



- (i) What is the size of angle F ? 1

- (ii) What is the value of g , correct to one decimal place? 2

- (c) A shopping bag contains 4 bottles of coke and 3 bottles of fanta. Two bottles are selected at random, without replacement. A tree diagram is shown below.



- (i) Insert the probabilities on all branches. 1

- (ii) Determine the probability that both bottles are coke? 1

- (iii) What is the probability of selecting different bottles? 1

- (d) The table below shows the weight of four people.

Name	Mia	Noah	Olive	Pat
Weight (kg)	70.6	71.2	69.9	70.7

- (i) Calculate the population mean and population standard deviation. Answer correct to one decimal place. 1

- (ii) A sample of three people is chosen at random. How many samples are possible? 1

- (iii) List all the possible samples. 1

- (e) What is the centre angle of a sector with an area of 13.68 m^2 and radius of 3.50 m ? Answer correct to the nearest degree. 2

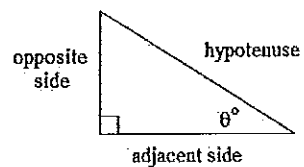
End of paper

FORMULAE AND DATA SHEET

Financial Mathematics	Data Analysis
<p>Simple interest</p> $I = Prn$ <p><i>P</i> is initial amount <i>r</i> is interest rate per period, expressed as a decimal <i>n</i> is number of periods</p> <p>Compound interest</p> $A = P(1+r)^n$ <p><i>A</i> is final amount <i>P</i> is initial amount <i>r</i> is interest rate per period, expressed as a decimal <i>n</i> is number of compounding periods</p> <p>Present value and future value</p> $PV = \frac{FV}{(1+r)^n}, FV = PV(1+r)^n$ <p><i>r</i> is interest rate per period, as expressed as a decimal <i>n</i> is number of compounding periods</p> <p>Straight-line method of depreciation</p> $S = V_0 - Dn$ <p><i>S</i> is salvage value of asset after <i>n</i> periods <i>V</i>₀ is initial value of asset <i>D</i> is amount of depreciation per period <i>n</i> is number of periods</p> <p>Declining-balance method of depreciation</p> $S = V_0(1-r)^n$ <p><i>S</i> is salvage value of asset after <i>n</i> periods <i>V</i>₀ is initial value of asset <i>r</i> is depreciation rate per period, expressed as a decimal <i>n</i> is number of periods</p>	<p>Mean of a sample</p> $\bar{x} = \frac{\text{sum of scores}}{\text{number of scores}}$ <p>z-score</p> <p>For any score <i>x</i>,</p> $z = \frac{x - \bar{x}}{s}$ <p><i>x</i> is mean <i>s</i> is standard deviation</p> <p>Outlier(s)</p> <p>score(s) less than <i>Q</i>_L - 1.5 × <i>IQR</i> or score(s) more than <i>Q</i>_U + 1.5 × <i>IQR</i></p> <p><i>Q</i>_L is lower quartile <i>Q</i>_U is upper quartile <i>IQR</i> is interquartile range</p> <p>Least-squares line of best fit</p> $y = \text{gradient} \times x + y\text{-intercept}$ $\text{gradient} = r \times \frac{\text{standard deviation of } y \text{ scores}}{\text{standard deviation of } x \text{ scores}}$ $y\text{-intercept} = \bar{y} - (\text{gradient} \times \bar{x})$ <p><i>r</i> is correlation coefficient \bar{x} is mean of <i>x</i> score \bar{y} is mean of <i>y</i> scores</p> <p>Normal distribution</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • approximately 68% of scores have z-scores between -1 and 1 • approximately 95% of scores have z-scores between -2 and 2 • approximately 99.7% of scores have z-scores between -3 and 3

Spherical Geometry	Surface Area
<p>Circumference of a circle</p> $C = 2\pi r \text{ or } C = \pi d$ <p><i>r</i> is radius <i>d</i> is diameter</p> <p>Arc length of a circle</p> $l = \frac{\theta}{360} 2\pi r$ <p><i>r</i> is radius θ is number of degrees in central angle</p> <p>Radius of Earth (taken as) 6400 km</p> <p>Time differences For calculation of time differences using longitude: 15° = 1 hour time difference</p>	<p>Sphere</p> $A = 4\pi r^2$ <p><i>r</i> is radius</p> <p>Closed cylinder</p> $A = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$ <p><i>r</i> is radius <i>h</i> is perpendicular height</p>
<p>Area</p> <p>Circle</p> $A = \pi r^2$ <p><i>r</i> is radius</p> <p>Sector</p> $A = \frac{\theta}{360} \pi r^2$ <p><i>r</i> is radius θ is number of degrees in central angle</p> <p>Annulus</p> $A = \pi(R^2 - r^2)$ <p><i>R</i> is radius of outer circle <i>r</i> is radius of inner circle</p> <p>Trapezium</p> $A = \frac{h}{2}(a+b)$ <p><i>h</i> is perpendicular height <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> are the lengths of the parallel sides</p> <p>Area of land and catchment areas</p> <p>unit conversion: 1 ha = 10 000 m²</p>	<p>Volume</p> <p>Prism or cylinder</p> $V = Ah$ <p><i>r</i> is radius <i>h</i> is perpendicular height</p> <p>Pyramid or cone</p> $V = \frac{1}{3} Ah$ <p><i>A</i> is area of the base <i>h</i> is perpendicular height</p> <p>Volume and capacity unit conversion: 1 m³ = 1000 L</p> <p>Approximation Using Simpson's Rule</p> <p>Area</p> $A \approx \frac{h}{3}(d_f + 4d_m + d_l)$ <p><i>h</i> distance between successive measurements <i>d</i>_f is first measurement <i>d</i>_m is middle measurement <i>d</i>_l is last measurement</p> <p>Volume</p> $V \approx \frac{h}{3}(A_L + 4A_M + A_R)$ <p><i>h</i> distance between successive measurements <i>A</i>_L is area of left end <i>A</i>_M is area of middle <i>A</i>_R is area of right end</p>

Trigonometric Ratios



$$\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opposite side}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adjacent side}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opposite side}}{\text{adjacent side}}$$

Sine rule

In $\triangle ABC$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

Cosine rule

In $\triangle ABC$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos C$$

or

$$\cos C = \frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2ab}$$

Units of Memory and File Size

$$1 \text{ byte} = 8 \text{ bits}$$

$$1 \text{ kilobyte} = 2^{10} \text{ bytes} = 1024 \text{ bytes}$$

$$1 \text{ megabyte} = 2^{20} \text{ bytes} = 1024 \text{ kilobytes}$$

$$1 \text{ gigabyte} = 2^{30} \text{ bytes} = 1024 \text{ megabytes}$$

$$1 \text{ terabyte} = 2^{40} \text{ bytes} = 1024 \text{ gigabytes}$$

Blood Alcohol Content Estimates

$$BAC_{Male} = \frac{(10N - 7.5H)}{6.8M} \text{ or}$$

$$BAC_{Female} = \frac{(10N - 7.5H)}{5.5M}$$

N is number of standard drinks consumed

H is number of hours of drinking

M is person's mass in kilograms

Distance, Speed and Time

$$D = ST, S = \frac{D}{T}, T = \frac{D}{S}$$

$$\text{average speed} = \frac{\text{total distance travelled}}{\text{total time taken}}$$

$$\text{stopping distance} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{reaction-time} \\ \text{distance} \end{array} \right\} + \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{braking} \\ \text{distance} \end{array} \right\}$$

Probability of an Event

The probability of an event where outcomes are equally likely is given by:

$$P(\text{event}) = \frac{\text{number of favourable outcomes}}{\text{total number of outcomes}}$$

Straight Lines

Gradient

$$m = \frac{\text{vertical change in position}}{\text{horizontal change in position}}$$

Gradient-Intercept form

$$y = mx + b$$

m is gradient

b is y -intercept

ACE Examination Practise Paper 2

HSC Mathematics General 2 Yearly Examination

Worked solutions and marking guidelines

Section 1		
	Solution	Criteria
1	Financial expect = $(\frac{20}{100} \times \$50) + (\frac{50}{100} \times \$10) - (\frac{30}{100} \times \$5)$ = \$10 + \$5 - \$1.5 = \$13.50	1 Mark: B
2	Electricity = 1.5×4 = 6 kWh Cost = 6×0.2572 $\approx \$1.54$	1 Mark: C
3	$\bar{x} = 66.63$ to 67.11 $\sigma = 3.70$ to 3.76 Mean increases and sample standard deviation increases	1 Mark: A
4	$S = V_0 - Dn$ = $19500 - (0.15 \times 19500) \times 5 = \4875	1 Mark: A
5	Repayment = 7.88×320 = \$2521.60	1 Mark: C
6	Longitude difference = $134^\circ + 47^\circ = 181^\circ$ Time difference = 181×4 = 724 minutes or 12 hours 4 minutes Sao Paulo is west of Alice Springs (subtract time) Sao Paulo's time = 4.00 pm - 12h 4m = 3.56 am	1 Mark: A
7	$d = \frac{1}{4}(s^2 + s + 2)$ $= \frac{1}{4}(8^2 + 8 + 2)$ = 18.5 m	1 Mark: B
8	$\cos \angle BAC = \frac{(80^2 + 95^2 - 120^2)}{(2 \times 80 \times 95)}$ = 0.067434210 $\angle BAC = 86^\circ$	1 Mark: D
9	$z = \frac{x - \bar{x}}{s}$ $= \frac{81 - 67}{7}$ = 2	1 Mark: D

10	$I = (141 \times 18) - 2000$ = \$538	1 Mark: A
11	Number of selections = $6 \times 5 = 30$ $P(65) = \frac{1}{30}$	1 Mark: B
12	$SA = \frac{1}{2}(4\pi r^2) + \pi r^2$ $= 3 \times \pi \times 5^2$ = 236 m^2	1 Mark: B
13	A rise in the living standards results in a rise in life expectancy. Positive correlation.	1 Mark: D
14	$u = pq + vt^2$ $vt^2 = u - pq$ $v = \frac{u - pq}{t^2}$	1 Mark: D
15	8000 Mbps = 8000×1000 Kbps = 8 000 000 Kbps	1 Mark: C
16	Latitude difference = $42^\circ + 33^\circ$ = 75°	1 Mark: D
17	$\frac{240}{p} = \frac{10}{25}$ $10p = 6000$ $p = 600$ Caterpillar population is approximately 600.	1 Mark: D
18	$m = \frac{\text{Vertical rise}}{\text{Horizontal run}} = \frac{3}{1.5} = 2$ $y = mx + b$ $y = 2x - 3$	1 Mark: A
19	Total paid = $\$2130 \times 12 \times 24$ = \$613 440	1 Mark: C
20	Expected outcomes = $P(E) \times \text{No. of trials}$ $= \frac{1}{9} \times 36 = 4$	1 Mark: B
21	$\cos 52^\circ = \frac{16}{a}$ $a = \frac{16}{\cos 52^\circ}$	1 Mark: A

22	$3x - 5y = 28$ (1) $x + 4y = 15$ (2) Multiply eqn (2) by 3 $3x + 12y = 45$ (3) Subtract eqn (1) from eqn (3) $17y = 17$ $y = 1$ Substitute $y = 1$ into eqn (2) $x + 4 = 15$ $x = 11$ Solution is $x = 11$ and $y = 1$ (11,1)	1 Mark: A
23	$t = \frac{k}{x}$ Hyperbolic function.	1 Mark: D
24	$\frac{x}{\sin 79^\circ} = \frac{60}{\sin 58^\circ}$ $x = \frac{60 \times \sin 79^\circ}{\sin 58^\circ}$	1 Mark: B
25	$A = P(1+r)^n$ $= \$1700 \times (1+0.0006)^{15}$ $= \$1715.364427\dots$ Interest charged = $\$1715.36 - \1700 $= \$15.36$	1 Mark: B

Section II		
	Solution	Criteria
26(a)(i)	Percentage = $\frac{5}{32} \times 100$ $= 15.625\%$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(a)(ii)	Fraction = $\frac{15}{32}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(a)(iii)	$P(B) = \frac{9}{17}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(a)(iv)	$P(B) = \frac{18}{32} = \frac{9}{16}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(b)(i)	$\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x}{n} = \frac{1654}{12} = 137.833333 \approx 137.83$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(b)(ii)	120, 127, 129, 130, 137, 139, 141, 142, 143, 145, 148, 153 Median is 140.	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(c)(i)	From the graph about 5 $s = t^2 - 9t + 21$ $= 2.5^2 - 9 \times 2.5 + 21 = 4.75$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(c)(ii)	From the graph about 4.5	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(c)(iii)	From the graph $t = 3$ or $t = 6$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(d)(i)	$A = P(1+r)^n$ $= 400000 \left(1 + \frac{0.08}{12}\right)^{60} = \$2\,936\,070.39$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(d)(ii)	$I = A - P$ $= \$2\,936\,070.39 - \$400\,000$ $= \$2\,536\,070.39$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(e)(i)	Point P has the coordinates $0^\circ, 58^\circ\text{E}$.	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(e)(ii)	Point Q has the coordinates $53^\circ\text{S}, 58^\circ\text{E}$.	1 Mark: Correct answer.
26(e)(iii)	P and R are on the equator Longitude difference = $58 - 0 = 58$ Distance = $\frac{58}{360} \times 2 \times \pi \times 6400$ $= 6478.662183 \approx 6479$ km	1 Mark: Correct answer.

26(e) (iv)	Latitude difference = $53^\circ - 0 = 53^\circ$ Distance = $\frac{53}{360} \times 2 \times \pi \times 6400$ = 5920.156823 ≈ 5920 km	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(a) (i)	$z = \frac{x - \bar{x}}{s}$ $= \frac{85 - 55}{15} = 2$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(a) (ii)	Sally has a z-score of 2 which is two standard deviations above the mean.	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(a) (iii)	$z = \frac{x - \bar{x}}{s}$ $-1 = \frac{x - 55}{10}$ $x = (-1 \times 10) + 55 = 45$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(b) (i)	Number of outcomes = $6 \times 5 \times 4$ = 120	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(b) (ii)	$P(345) = \frac{1}{120}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(b) (iii)	$P(>600) = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(b) (iv)	$P(\text{even or } 345) = \frac{3}{6} + \frac{1}{120} = \frac{61}{120}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(c) (i)	Charge = $0.35 + (120 \div 30) \times 0.45$ = \$2.15	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(c) (ii)	Charge = $0.25 + (300 \div 30) \times 0.39$ = \$4.15	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(c) (iii)	Charge = $100 \times [0.25 + (60 \div 30) \times 0.39]$ = \$103.00 Cost = $103 + 39 - 20$ = \$122 Cost of plan B is \$122	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(d) (i)	$7x + 2 = 17 + 4x$ $3x = 15$ $x = 5$	1 Mark: Correct answer.

27(d) (ii)	$2a = 1 + \frac{4a}{3}$ $6a = 3 + 4a$ $2a = 3$ $a = \frac{3}{2}$ or $1\frac{1}{2}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(d) (iii)	$\sqrt{4z - 8} = 2$ $4z - 8 = 4$ $4z = 12$ $z = 3$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
27(e)	$A = \frac{h}{3}(d_f + 4d_m + d_l) + \frac{h}{3}(d_f + 4d_m + d_l)$ $= \frac{12}{3}(86 + 4 \times 78 + 72) + \frac{12}{3}(72 + 4 \times 66 + 56)$ = 3448 sq units	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 Mark: Uses Simpson's with one correct value
28(a) (i)	$T = \sqrt{\frac{9R}{2.5}}$ $T^2 = \frac{9R}{2.5}$ $R = \frac{2.5T^2}{9}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(a) (ii)	$R = \frac{2.5T^2}{9}$ $= \frac{2.5 \times 9^2}{9}$ = 22.5	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(a) (iii)	$T = \sqrt{\frac{9R}{2.5}}$ $= \sqrt{\frac{9 \times 20}{2.5}}$ = 8.49	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(b) (i)	The latitude of Pretoria is 26°S .	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(b) (ii)	Longitude difference = $153^\circ - 28^\circ = 125^\circ$ $l = \frac{\theta}{360} \times 2\pi r$ $= \frac{125}{360} \times 2 \times \pi \times 6400$ = 13963 km	1 Mark: Correct answer.

28(b)(iii)	Average speed = $\frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Time}}$ $= \frac{13963}{35}$ $= 399 \text{ km/h}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(c)(i)	35° (from the graph)	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(c)(ii)	July has the lowest temperature for Auckland	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(c)(iii)	The temperature for Auckland is greater than Perth in the months of August and July.	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(c)(iv)	Range = $35 - 17 = 18^\circ$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(d)(i)	$\angle XYW = 360^\circ - (244^\circ - 28^\circ)$ $= 144^\circ$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(d)(ii)	$A = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$ $= \frac{1}{2} \times 43 \times 58 \times \sin 144^\circ = 733 \text{ m}^2$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(d)(iii)	$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$ $WY^2 = 58^2 + 43^2 - 2 \times 58 \times 43 \times \cos 144^\circ$ $WY = 96.2 \text{ m}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(e)(i)	Water usage = $40 + 28 + 22 + 15$ $= 105 \text{ L}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
28(e)(ii)	Percentage = $\frac{22}{105} \times 100$ $= 20.95238... \approx 21\%$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
29(a)(i)	Initial height is 5 cm	1 Mark: Correct answer.
29(a)(ii)	$m = \frac{\text{Vertical rise}}{\text{Horizontal run}} = \frac{25}{5} = 5$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
29(a)(iii)	Equation of the line $y = mx + b$ $h = 5t + 5$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
29(b)(i)	$P(66) = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{9}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
29(b)(ii)	Expected outcomes = $P(E) \times \text{Number of trials}$ $= \frac{1}{9} \times 360 = 40$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
29(b)(iii)	$P(57, 67, 76, 75) = \frac{4}{9}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.

29(b)(iv)	Expected outcomes = $P(E) \times \text{Number of trials}$ $= \frac{4}{9} \times 360 = 160$	1 Mark: Correct answer.																								
29(c)(i)	$S = V_0 - Dn$ $\$8500 = \$21500 - D \times 5$ $D = \frac{\$21500 - \$8500}{5} = \$2600$	1 Mark: Correct answer.																								
29(c)(ii)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Year</th> <th>Value</th> <th>Dep</th> <th>Dep Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>\$21500</td> <td>\$2600</td> <td>\$18900</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>\$18900</td> <td>\$2600</td> <td>\$16300</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>\$16300</td> <td>\$2600</td> <td>\$13700</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>\$13700</td> <td>\$2600</td> <td>\$11100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>\$11100</td> <td>\$2600</td> <td>\$8500</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Year	Value	Dep	Dep Value	1	\$21500	\$2600	\$18900	2	\$18900	\$2600	\$16300	3	\$16300	\$2600	\$13700	4	\$13700	\$2600	\$11100	5	\$11100	\$2600	\$8500	1 Mark: Correct answer.
Year	Value	Dep	Dep Value																							
1	\$21500	\$2600	\$18900																							
2	\$18900	\$2600	\$16300																							
3	\$16300	\$2600	\$13700																							
4	\$13700	\$2600	\$11100																							
5	\$11100	\$2600	\$8500																							
29(d)(i)	$P = \$309\ 670.83$	1 Mark: Correct answer.																								
29(d)(ii)	$P = \$309670.83 + \$2038.67 - \$2370$ $= \$309\ 339.50$	1 Mark: Correct answer.																								
29(d)(iii)	$I = \frac{0.079}{12} \times \309339.50 $= \$2036.49$	1 Mark: Correct answer.																								
29(d)(iv)	$P = \$309339.50 + \$2036.49 - \$2370$ $= \$309\ 005.99$	1 Mark: Correct answer.																								
29(e)	$m = r \frac{s_y}{s_x} = 0.865 \times \frac{5.985}{12.786} = 0.40489... \approx 0.405$ $b = \bar{y} - m\bar{x} = 85.128 - 0.405 \times 15.679 \approx 78.778$ $y = mx + b$ $= 0.405x + 78.778$	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 Mark: Shows some understanding of the problem.																								
30(a)(i)	$m = \frac{\text{Vertical rise}}{\text{Horizontal run}} = \frac{12}{6} = 2, b = 0$ Equation of income $y = mx + b$ $I = 2n$	1 Mark: Correct answer.																								
30(a)(ii)	$m = \frac{\text{Vertical rise}}{\text{Horizontal run}} = \frac{7}{7} = 1, b = 3$ Equation of costs $y = mx + b$ $C = 1n + 3$	1 Mark: Correct answer.																								
30(a)(iii)	Profit = $(2 \times 7) - (1 \times 7 + 3)$ $= 4$	1 Mark: Correct answer.																								
30(a)(iv)	$n = 3$ (Point of intersect on the graph)	1 Mark: Correct answer.																								

30(b) (i)	$\angle HFG + 43^\circ + 33^\circ = 180^\circ$ $\angle HFG = 104^\circ$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
30(b) (ii)	$\frac{g}{\sin \angle FGH} = \frac{f}{\sin \angle HFG}$ $\frac{g}{\sin 33^\circ} = \frac{55}{\sin 104^\circ}$ $g = \frac{55 \times \sin 33^\circ}{\sin 104^\circ} = 30.9$	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 Mark: Uses sine rule with one correct value.
30(c) (i)		1 Mark: Correct answer.
30(c) (ii)	$P(CC) = \frac{4}{7} \times \frac{3}{6}$ $= \frac{12}{42} = \frac{2}{7}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
30(c) (iii)	$P(CF \text{ or } FC) = \frac{4}{7} \times \frac{3}{6} + \frac{3}{7} \times \frac{4}{6}$ $= \frac{24}{42} = \frac{4}{7}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
30(d) (i)	$\mu = \frac{70.6 + 71.2 + 69.9 + 70.7}{4} = 70.6 \text{ kg}$ $\sigma_n = 0.46368 \dots \approx 0.5 \text{ kg}$	1 Mark: Correct answer.
30(d) (ii)	$\text{Number of samples} = \frac{4 \times 3 \times 2}{3 \times 2 \times 1} = 4 \text{ (or } {}^4C_3 = 4)$ <p>There are 4 possible samples.</p>	1 Mark: Correct answer.
30(d) (iii)	Possible samples {MNO, MNP, MOP, NOP}	1 Mark: Correct answer.
30(e)	$A = \frac{\theta}{360} \pi r^2$ $13.68 = \frac{\theta}{360} \times \pi \times 3.50^2$ $\theta = \frac{13.68 \times 360}{\pi \times 3.50^2}$ $\approx 128^\circ$	2 Marks: Correct answer. 1 Mark: Shows some understanding of the problem.