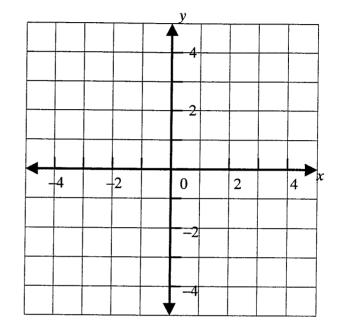
## PREPARATORY PRELIMINARY MATHEMATICS WORKSHEET #2

## COURSE/LEVEL

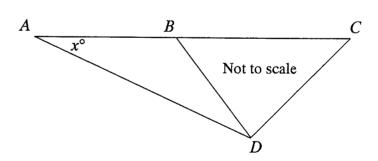
NSW Secondary High School Year 11 Preliminary Mathematics.

- 1. Mark the region corresponding to the inequality, 2x y < 1, on the grid.
- 2. Find the gradient of the line which passes through the points (0, -3) and (-1, 1) on the number plane.
- 3. Give an expression for x in terms of k, if  $(x-k)^2 = 1$ .



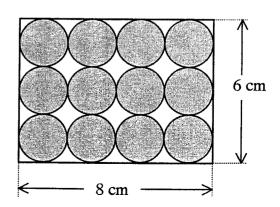
4. ACD is a triangle and point B lies on side AC such that AB = BD = BC = CD

Find angle  $BAD(x^{\circ})$ :

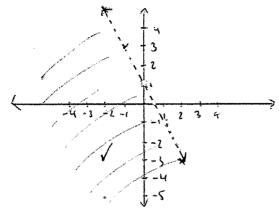


- 5. Solve for x and y where: 4x y = 1 and 3y 6x = -1.
- 6. The diagram shows a rectangle 8 cm long and 6 cm wide. It contains 12 shaded circles packed closely together in rows. Each circle has a radius of 1 cm.

What fraction of the area of the rectangle lies outside the shaded circles? Give your answer in exact form.



## Good wer. Preparatory Prelimnary Haths-Workshoet #2



$$2x-y<1 
2x-y=1 
y=-2x+1 
2x-y=1 
y=-2x+1$$

Test point (0,0) into 2x-y < 1

0 < 1 (True)

) 
$$M = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$
  
=  $\frac{-3 - 1}{0 + 1}$   
=  $\frac{-4}{1}$ 

$$(x-k)^{2} = 1$$

$$(x^{2}-2k+k^{2}k=1)$$

$$x^{2} = 2k-k^{2}+1$$

$$\therefore x_{1} = 2k-k^{2}+1$$

1) 
$$\angle CBD = 60^{\circ}$$
 (L of equil.  $\triangle$ )  
1.  $\angle DBA = 120^{\circ}$  (L sum of st. line = 180°)  
1.  $\chi = 180 - 120$   
=  $30^{\circ}$ 

3y-6x=-1-0  
0x3 12x-3y=3-3  
0+3 6x=42  
Sub. x=0 into 0  

$$\frac{x}{3}$$
-y=1  $\Rightarrow$   $y=\frac{4}{3}$ -1= $\frac{1}{3}$ 

(6) shaded area = 
$$12\pi \checkmark$$

non-shaded area =  $48-12\pi \checkmark$ 

if fraction of area of rectae outside the shaded circles is  $48-12\pi$ 
 $48$ 

=  $12(4-\pi)\checkmark$ 
 $48$