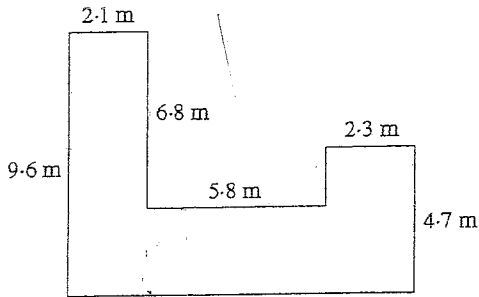


## Chapter 3 Test

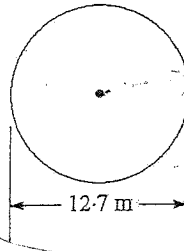
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Calculate the perimeter of this figure.

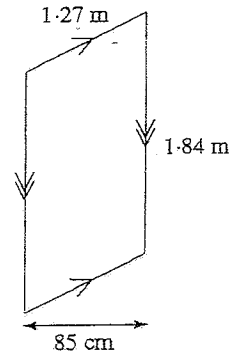


3. Find the areas of these figures, giving your answers to the nearest  $0.1 \text{ m}^2$ .

a.



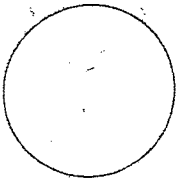
b.



a.

b.

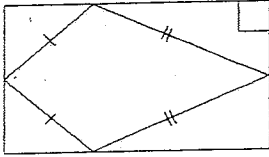
2. Chris has made a circular cushion of radius 20 cm.



Lace to be attached around the outside edge needs to be  $2\frac{1}{2}$  times the length before being gathered up to fit. What length of lace is needed before it is gathered? (Answer to the nearest cm.)



4. A kite is inscribed in a rectangle whose dimensions are 70 cm and 33 cm. What is the area of the kite?




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5. A rhombus has an area of  $86 \text{ cm}^2$ . One diagonal is 12.9 cm long. Find the length of the other diagonal.

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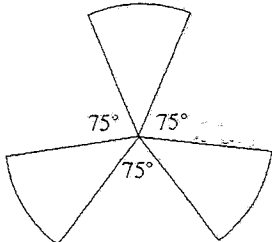


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6. The figure below has been cut out of a circular sheet of cardboard of radius 15 cm.



- a. Calculate the perimeter, to 4 significant figures.

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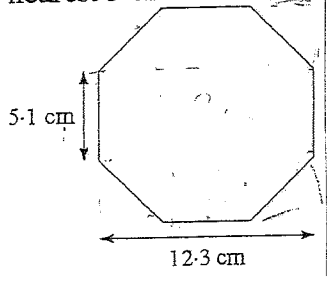
- b. Calculate the area, to 1 decimal place.

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7. Find the area of the regular octagon, to the nearest  $5 \text{ cm}^2$ .




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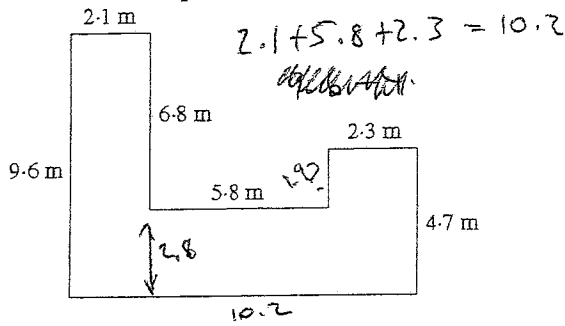
Chapter 3  
Test

$\frac{24}{27}$

V. good

Name: Renecia Lowe 9M4

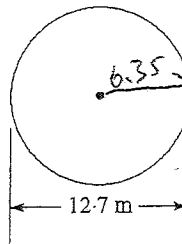
1. Calculate the perimeter of this figure.



$$p = 9.6 + 2.1 + 6.8 + 5.8 + 1.9 + 2.3 + 4.7 + 10.2$$

$$= 43.4 \text{ m}$$

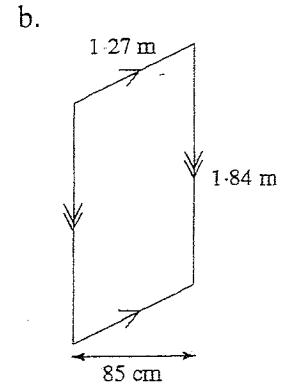
3. Find the areas of these figures, giving your answers to the nearest 0.1 m<sup>2</sup>.



$$a. \pi \times (6.35)^2$$

$$= 126.676 \dots$$

$$= 126.7 \text{ m}^2$$



$$b. a = 0.85 \times 1.84$$

$$= 1.564$$

$$= 1.6 \text{ m}^2$$

2. Chris has made a circular cushion of radius 20 cm.



Lace to be attached around the outside edge needs to be  $2\frac{1}{2}$  times the length before being gathered up to fit. What length of lace is needed before it is gathered? (Answer to the nearest cm.)

$$p \text{ of circle} = 40\pi \approx 125.7 \text{ cm (C.D.P)}$$

$$2\frac{1}{2} \times 125.7 = 314.16 \text{ cm (C.D.P)}$$

The lace needs to be 314 cm in length. (to nearest cm)

11



$$6. a) P = 6r + \frac{135}{360} \times 2\pi r$$

$$= 6 \times 15 + \frac{3}{8} \times 2\pi \times 15$$

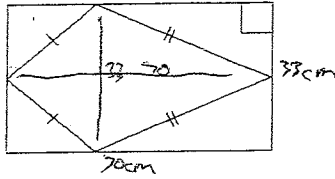
$$= 125.3 \text{ cm}$$

$$b) A = \frac{3}{8} \times \pi r^2$$

$$= 265.1 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (to 1 dec. pl)}$$

Chapter 3: ~~Area~~

4. A kite is inscribed in a rectangle whose dimensions are 70 cm and 33 cm. What is the area of the kite?



$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \times 70 \times 33$$

$$= 1155 \text{ cm}^2$$

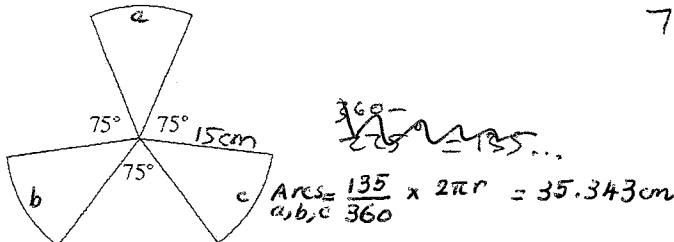
5. A rhombus has an area of 86 cm<sup>2</sup>. One diagonal is 12.9 cm long. Find the length of the other diagonal.

$$\text{length} = 86 \div (12.9 \times 0.5)$$

$$= 13\frac{1}{3} \text{ cm}$$

check!  
 $\frac{1}{2} \times 13\frac{1}{3} \times 12.9 = 86 \checkmark$

6. The figure below has been cut out of a circular sheet of cardboard of radius 15 cm.



- a. Calculate the perimeter, to 4 significant figures.

$$\text{Perimeter} = \text{Arcs} + 6 \times 15 \text{ cm}$$

$$\pi \times 30 = 94.25$$

$$94.25 - 67.5\% = 35.343 + 90$$

$$P = 35.34 \text{ cm} = 125.3 \text{ (to 4 s.f.)}$$

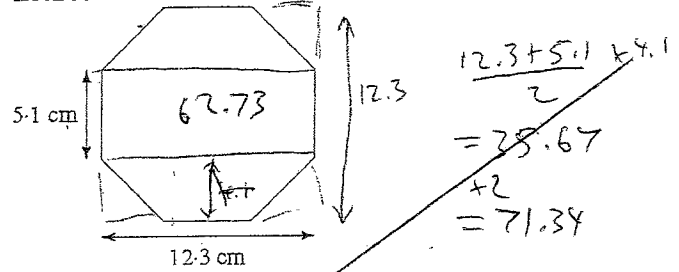
- b. Calculate the area, to 1 decimal place.

$$\text{area} = 62.5\% \text{ of } \pi \times 225$$

$$= 44.8 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (CIDA)}$$

3 sectors  
 $= 3 \times \frac{135}{360} \times \pi (15)^2$ 
 $= 265.1 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (to 1 d.p.)}$

7. Find the area of the regular octagon, to the nearest 5 cm<sup>2</sup>.

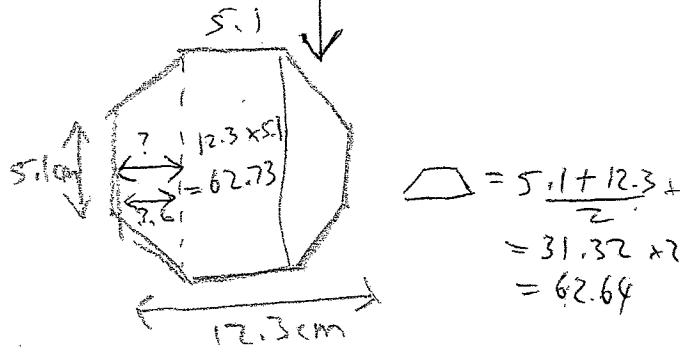


$$\text{area} = 62.73 + 71.34$$

$$= 134.07 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 135 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (to nearest 5 cm}^2\text{)}$$

7.



(13)

$$\frac{12.3 - 5.1}{2} = 3.6$$

$$\text{area} = 62.73 + 62.64$$

$$= 125.37 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$= 125 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (to nearest 5 cm}^2\text{)}$$

4 not 5/8