Nelson Maths 9 for the CSF II Homework and Assessment Sheets

Indices and scientific notation

NU 9-6

Name: _____ Class: ____

Due date: _____ Parent's signature: ____

Level 5 /			/10	0	Level 6										/20									

Part A: Level 5

Rewrite the following calculator sequences in index form.

- 1 (2) (y^x) (5) (=) _____
- 2 (3) (y^x) (3) (X) (7) (=) _____
- 3 (5 (y^x) 2) (y^x) 3 = _____

The powers of 2 end in this pattern: 2, 4, 8, 6, 2, 4, 8, 6 ...

- **4** What do the powers of 6 end in?
- **5** Can a number ending in 3 be a power of 9?

Make these statements true by inserting an =, > or < sign.

- **6** 3² × 3³ _____ 3⁵
- 7 2×2^3 _____ 4^3
- **8** 4⁵ × 5⁴ ______9⁹

Circle the integers in each list.

- **9** $\sqrt{1000}$, $\sqrt{25}$, $\sqrt{8}$, $\sqrt{144}$, $\sqrt{48}$
- **10** $\sqrt{8} \times \sqrt{2}$, $\sqrt{6} \times \sqrt{10}$, $\sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{125}$, $\sqrt{7} \times \sqrt{700}$, $\sqrt{15} \times \sqrt{5}$

Part B: Level 6

Evaluate each of the following fully.

- 1 $10^2 + 10^2 + 10^2 =$
- 2 $10^2 + 10^1 + 10^0 =$
- 3 $3^2 2^3 =$
- 4 4 EXP 2 × 2 EXP 6 = _____
- **5** $(3^6 \times 5^2) \div (10^2 \times 9^3) =$
- **6** $\sqrt{16} \times \sqrt{49} \div \sqrt{196} =$
- 7 $\sqrt{5^2} + \sqrt{81} =$

Carefully draw a hypotenuse on each diagram to make it a right triangle. In each case calculate the length of the hypotenuse using Pythagoras' theorem and then check by measuring it to the nearest mm.

40 mm 40 mm 40 mm 30 mm

8	Calculated:	

Measured:

9 Calculated: ____

Measured: _____

10	Calculated:	
	Measured:	

Express each of the following in scientific notation.

11 Speed of light is
$$300\,000\,\text{km/s} =$$
____km/s

12 Speed of sound is
$$340 \text{ m/s} = ____ \text{m/s}$$

Rewrite as negative indices to base 2.

16
$$\frac{1}{2} =$$

17
$$\frac{1}{32} =$$

Rewrite as the product of negative indices of prime numbers.

18
$$\frac{1}{8} \times \frac{1}{25} \times \frac{1}{81} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

19
$$\frac{1}{225\ 000} =$$

20 Put these numbers in ascending order.

7 U 2 2 | e

The number 5 can be written as the sum of two whole number squares, that is $5 = 2^2 + 1^2$.

Can you write the number 685 as the sum of two squares?

Write the mathematical meanings of:

Integers
Positive indices
Negative indices
Scientific notation
Pythagoras' theorem