1. What is the center and the radius of the equation  $(x-3)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 4$ ?

A) C(3,2) and r=4 B) C(-3,2) and r=2 C) C(3,-2) and r=2 D) C(-3,2) and r=2 E) C(3,-2) and r=4

2. Which one of the followings is the center C and the radius r of the circle  $4x^2 + 4y^2 - 8x + 24y = 81$ ?

A) C(4,-12); r = 9B) C(1,-3); r = 9C) C(1,-3); r = 11D) C(1,-3); r = 11

3. The points A(-2,1) and B(2,5) are given. Which one of the followings is the equation of the circle, with diameter [AB]?

A)  $x^{2} + (y+3)^{2} = 2\sqrt{2}$ B)  $(x-3)^{2} + y^{2} = 8$ C)  $x^{2} + (y-3)^{2} = 8$ D)  $(x+3)^{2} + y^{2} = 2\sqrt{2}$ E)  $x^{2} + y^{2} = 8$ 

4. What is the radius of the equation  $x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 4y - 4 = 0$ ?

A) 1 B) 2 C) 3 D) 4 E) 5

5. Where does the circle  $(x-3)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 4$  cut the x -axis?

A) I B) 2 C) 3 D) 4 E) 5

6. If the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 2x + y - a + 3 = 0$  is tangent to y = 1, then what is a?

A)-1 B)4 C)5 D)6 E)8

7. If the circle given by the equation  $x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 8y + k = 0$  is tangent to x-axis, then what is the value of k?

A) 6 B) 8 C) 9 D) 12 E) 16

8. Find the equation of the circle, whose center is on the point C(-2,-3) and is tangent to the y-axis.

A)  $x^2 + y^2 + 6x + 4y + 9 = 0$ 

B)  $x^2 + y^2 + 6x - 4y - 9 = 0$ 

C)  $x^2 + y^2 + 4x + 6y + 9 = 0$ 

D)  $x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 6y + 9 = 0$ 

E)  $x^2 + y^2 + 4x + 6y - 9 = 0$ 

9. If the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y + m = 0$  is tangent to the line x = -3, find m.

A) 4 B) 11 C) -4 D) -8 E) -11

10. The center of a circle is on the point C(2,3) and it's radius is 5. Find the abscissa values of the intersection points of the circle by the x-axis.

A) -4,4 B) -1,7 C) -2,6 D) -3,5 E) -5,3

11. What is the equation of the tangent line that is tangent to the circle  $(x-1)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 8$  at the point A(-1,1)?

A) y = x B) y = 2x-3 C) y = 2x+2 D) y = 3x E) y = x+2

12. Find y-value of the point that lies on the circle  $(x-2)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 25$  and is nearest to the point P(10,5).

A) 2 B) 3 C) 4 D) 5 E) 10

- 13. Find the equation of the line that is tangent to the circle  $(x-2)^2 + (y-3)^2 = r^2$  at the point A(1,2).
  - A) x+y+3=0
- B) -x+y+3=0
- C) 2x y + 3 = 0
- D) 2x + y 4 = 0
- E) x+v-3=0
- 14. Which one of the followings is the equation of the line that is tangent to the circle

 $x^2 + y^2 - 8x + 2y - 8 = 0$  at the point A(1,3)?

- A) 3x+4v-15=0
- B) 4x + 3y 13 = 0
- C) 3x-4y+9=0
- D) 3x 5y + 12 = 0
- E) 4x + 5y 10 = 0
- 15. Which one of the followings is the radius of the circle that passes through the points A(0,1) and B(1,-3) and whose center is on the line y = x - 3?
  - A)  $\sqrt{17}$  B)  $\frac{\sqrt{34}}{2}$  C) 2

- 16. Let B be the nearest point of the circle  $x^2+y^2-4x+6y-3=0$  to the point A(-4,5). What is |AB|?
  - A)6 B)5
- C) 4
- D) 3
- 17. If the circles  $x^2 + (y-6)^2 = r^2$  and  $(x-8)^2 + y^2 = 25$  are internally tangent, then find r.
  - A) 5
- B) 10
- C) 15
- D) 20
- E) 25
- 18. What is the shortest chord passing through A(1,1) for the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + x - y - 11 = 0$ ?
  - A)6
- B)5
- C) 4
- D)3
- E) 2

- 19. The line 2x y + 2 = 0 intersect the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 16$  at the points A and B. The perpendicular line segment drawn from the center of the circle to the line AB intersect it at the point H. Find the y-value of H.
- B)  $\frac{7}{10}$  C)  $\frac{3}{5}$  D)  $\frac{1}{2}$

- 20. Inside the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 625$ , the chords with length 48-cm are drawn. Which one of the followings is the geometric place of the midpoints of the chords?
  - A)  $x^2 + y^2 = 25$
- B)  $x^2 + v^2 = 169$
- C)  $x^2 + y^2 = 576$
- D)  $x^2 + y^2 = 49$
- E)  $x^2 + y^2 = 144$