

Number plane graphs

UNIT 4: The circle

QUESTION 1 Write the coordinates of the centre and the length of the radius for each of the following circles.

a $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ _____

b $x^2 + y^2 = 49$ _____

c $x^2 + y^2 = \frac{4}{9}$ _____

d $x^2 + y^2 = 81$ _____

QUESTION 2 Write the equation of each of the following circles, whose centre and radius are given.

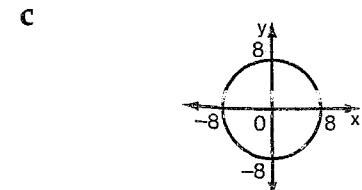
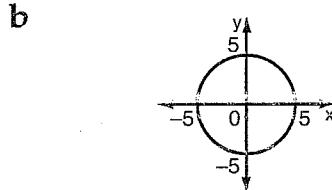
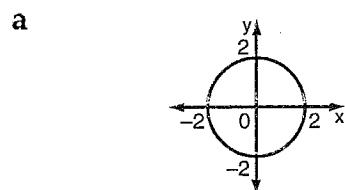
a Centre (0, 0), radius = 3 units

b Centre (0, 0), radius = 7 units

c Centre (0, 0), radius = 2 units

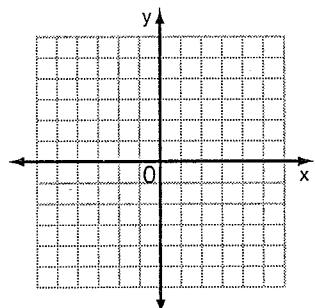
d Centre (0, 0), radius = 10 units

QUESTION 3 Write the equation of each of the following circles.

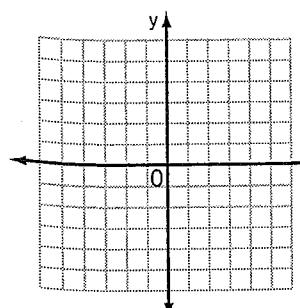


QUESTION 4 Graph each of the following circles, stating the radius and the centre.

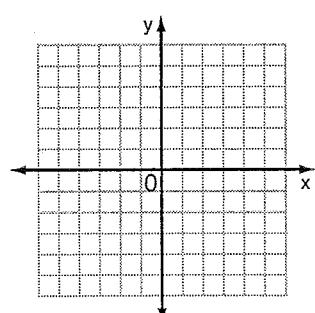
a $x^2 + y^2 = 16$



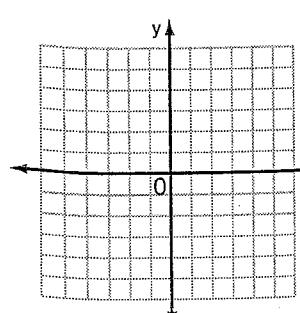
b $x^2 + y^2 = 1$



c $x^2 + y^2 = 9$



d $x^2 + y^2 = 36$



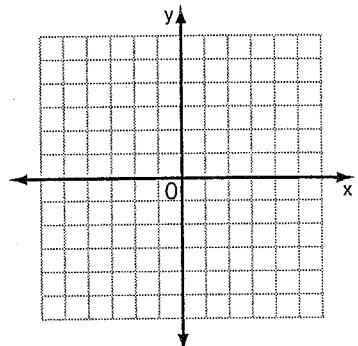
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UNIT 5: The hyperbola

QUESTION 1 Complete the table of values and then draw the graphs of the following hyperbolas.

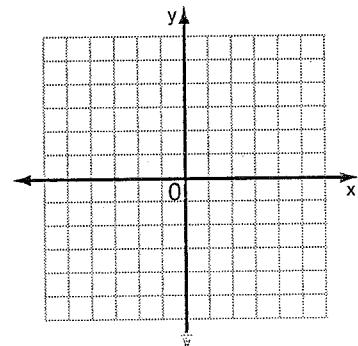
a $y = \frac{1}{x}$

x	-4	-2	-1	-0.5	0	0.5	1	2	4
$y = \frac{1}{x}$									



b $y = \frac{4}{x}$

x	-4	-2	-1	-0.5	0	0.5	1	2	4
$y = \frac{4}{x}$									



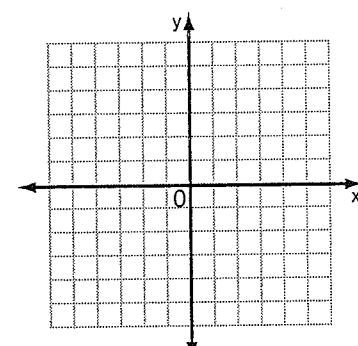
QUESTION 2 On the same set of axes, draw the graphs of the following hyperbolas.

a $y = \frac{2}{x}$

b $y = \frac{-2}{x}$

c $xy = 6$

d $xy = -6$

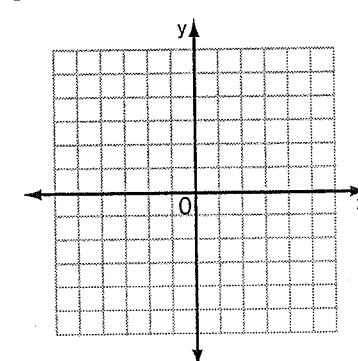


QUESTION 3 On the same set of axes, draw the graphs of the following hyperbolas.

a $y = \frac{-1}{x}$

b $y = \frac{3}{x}$

c $y = \frac{-4}{x}$



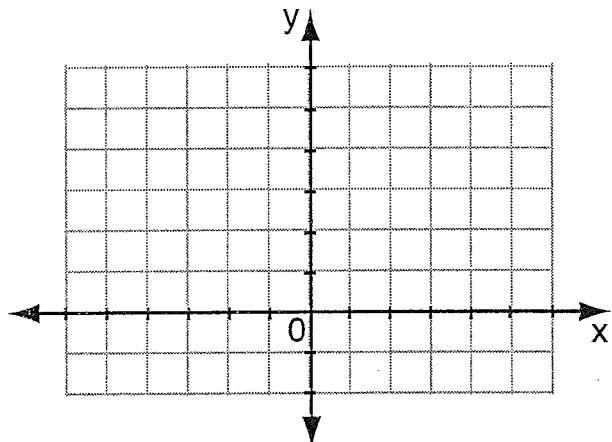
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UNIT 6: Exponential graphs

QUESTION 1 Draw the graphs of the following exponential functions on the same set of axes.

a $y = 2^x$

b $y = 2^{-x}$

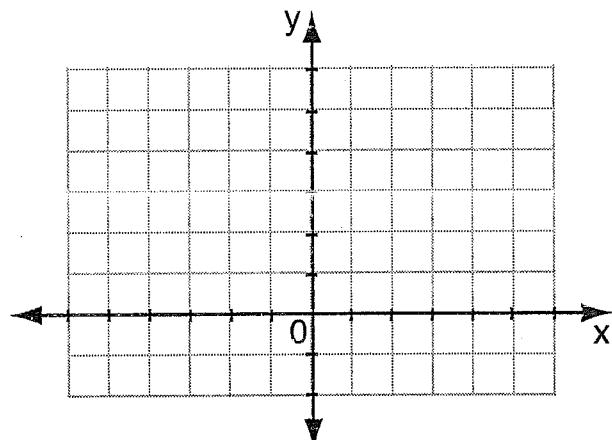


QUESTION 2 Draw the graphs of the following exponential functions on the same set of axes.

a $y = 2^x$

b $y = 3^x$

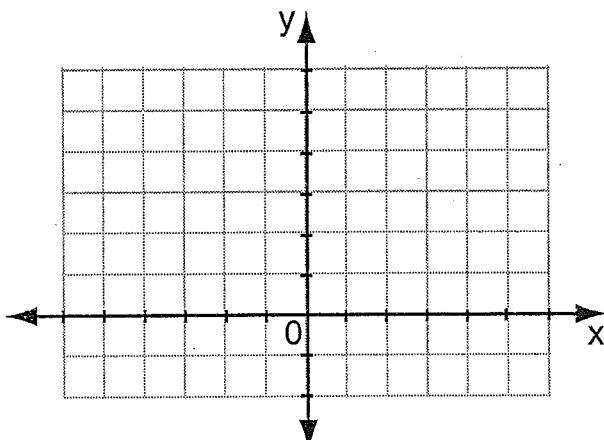
c $y = 5^x$



QUESTION 3 Complete the table of values and then draw the graph of the following exponential function.

$$y = \frac{3^x + 3^{-x}}{2}$$

x	-1	0	1	2	3
$y = 3^x$					
$y = 3^{-x}$					
$y = \frac{3^x + 3^{-x}}{2}$					



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UNIT 7: Miscellaneous graphs

QUESTION 1 For the following equations, write whether the graphs are straight lines, parabolas, hyperbolas, circles, exponential functions, or none of these.

a $y = x$ _____

b $xy = 6$ _____

c $y = 0$ _____

d $y = x^2 - 5x + 6$ _____

e $y = x^2$ _____

f $y = 3^{-x}$ _____

g $y = x^2 - 1$ _____

h $y = \frac{2}{x}$ _____

i $y = x^3$ _____

j $x^2 + y^2 = 16$ _____

k $y = 2^x$ _____

l $x^2 + y^2 = 64$ _____

QUESTION 2 Match the equations with the graphs sketched below.

a $y = 2x + 1$ _____

b $y = \frac{2}{x}$ _____

c $y = 2^{-x}$ _____

d $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ _____

e $y = x^2 + 2$ _____

f $xy = -1$ _____

g $y = x$ _____

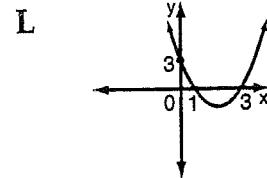
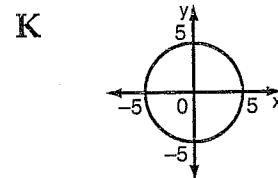
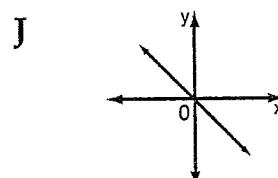
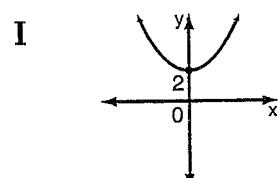
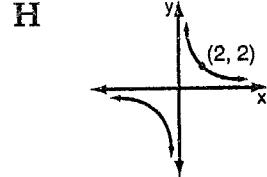
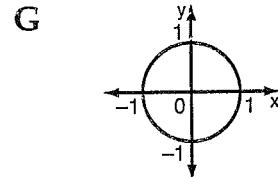
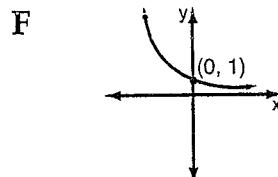
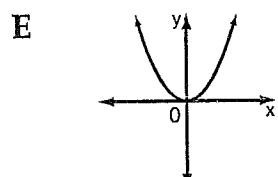
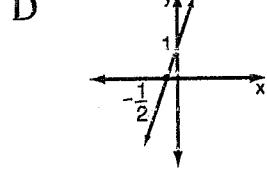
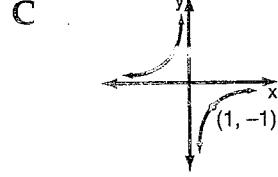
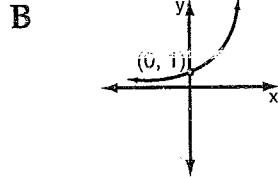
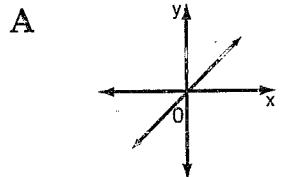
h $y = 2^x$ _____

i $y = x^2$ _____

j $y = x^2 - 4x + 3$ _____

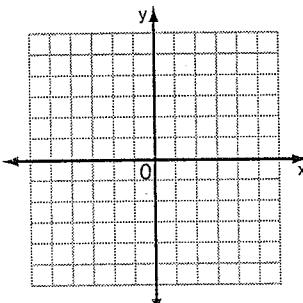
k $y = -x$ _____

l $x^2 + y^2 = 25$ _____

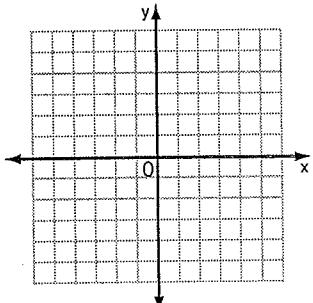


QUESTION 3 Draw a separate sketch for each of the following.

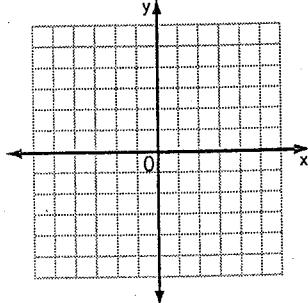
a $y = 2x + 3$



b $y = 2x^2$



c $x^2 + y^2 = 9$



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UNIT 2: Quadratic graphs

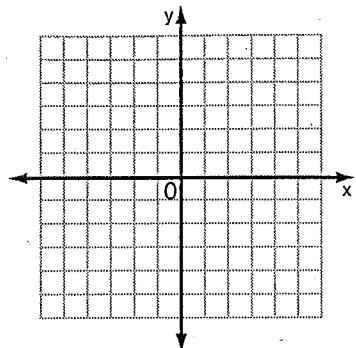
QUESTION 1 Complete the table of values and then, on the same number plane, draw the graphs of the following.

a $y = x^2$

b $y = 2x^2$

c $y = \frac{1}{2}x^2$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y = x^2$							
$y = 2x^2$							
$y = \frac{1}{2}x^2$							



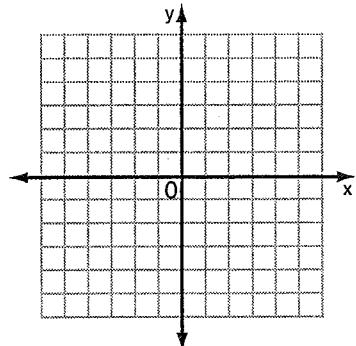
QUESTION 2 Complete the table of values and then, on the same number plane, draw the graphs of the following.

a $y = x^2$

b $y = x^2 + 2$

c $y = x^2 - 2$

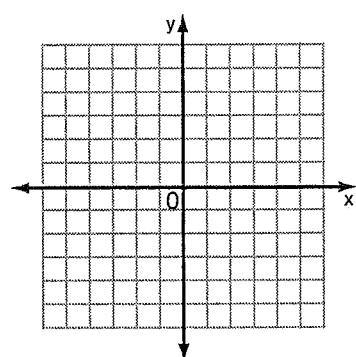
x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y = x^2$							
$y = x^2 + 2$							
$y = x^2 - 2$							



QUESTION 3 Complete the table of values for $y = x^2 - 1$ and sketch its graph.

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y = x^2 - 1$							

- a What is the equation of its axis of symmetry?
- b What are the coordinates of its vertex?
- c What is the minimum value for $y = x^2 - 1$?
- d Find the x -intercepts.
- e Find the y -intercept.



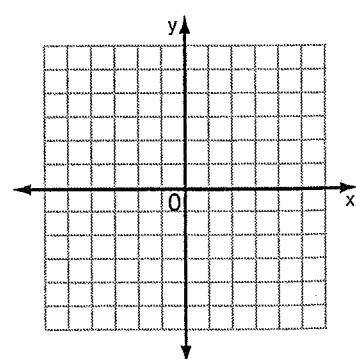
QUESTION 4 Sketch the graphs of the following.

a $y = x^2$

b $y = x^2 + 3$

c $y = x^2 - 3$

Explain how the graphs of $y = x^2 + 3$ and $y = x^2 - 3$ can be drawn using $y = x^2$.



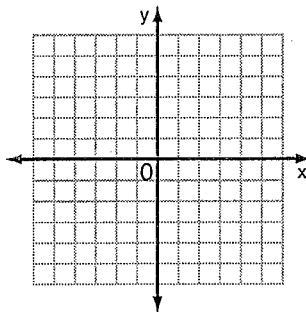
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UNIT 3: Parabolas in the form $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

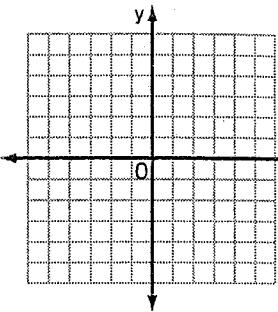
QUESTION 1 For the following parabolas:

- i find the y -intercept ii find the x -intercepts iii find the axis of symmetry
- iv find the vertex v sketch the graph.

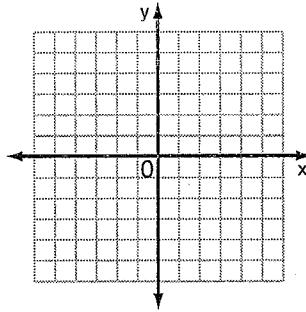
a $y = x^2 - 6x + 8$



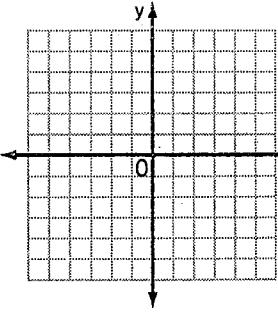
b $y = x^2 - 6x + 5$



c $y = x^2 - 2x - 3$

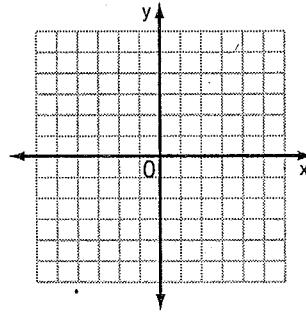


d $y = x^2 - 2x - 8$

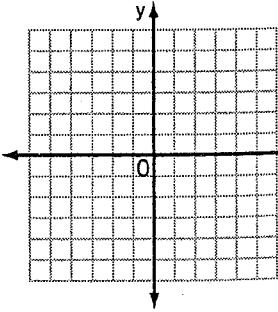


QUESTION 2 Sketch the following parabolas, showing all the important features.

a $y = x^2 - 4x + 3$



b $y = x^2 - 5x + 6$



CHAPTER 3

Number plane graphs

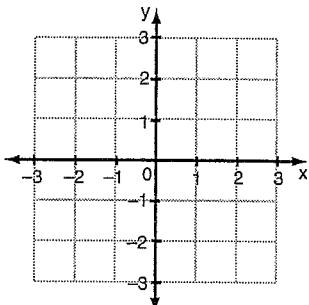
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YEARS 9 & 10 ADVANCED MATH

UNIT 1: Line graphs

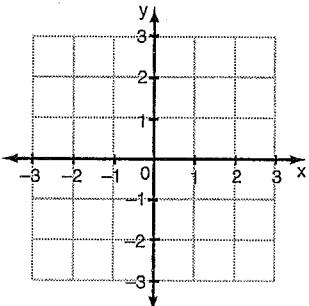
QUESTION 1 On the same number plane, draw the graphs of the following.

- a $y = x$
- b $y = -x$
- c $y = 2x$
- d $y = \frac{1}{2}x$



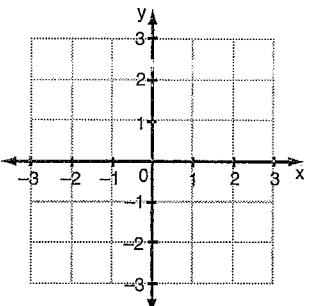
QUESTION 2 On the same number plane, draw the graphs of the following.

- a $y = x$
- b $y = x + 2$
- c $y = x - 2$



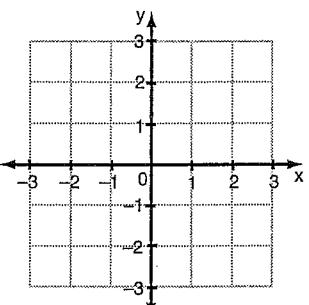
QUESTION 3 On the same number plane, draw the graphs of the following.

- a $y = 2x + 1$
- b $x + 2y = 6$
- c $2x - 3y = 0$



QUESTION 4 On the same number plane, draw the graphs of the following by first finding the x -intercept and the y -intercept.

- a $x + y - 3 = 0$
- b $2x - y = 6$



QUESTION 5 On the same number plane, sketch the graphs of the following.

- a $x = 0$
- b $y = 0$
- c $x = 3$
- d $y = -2$

