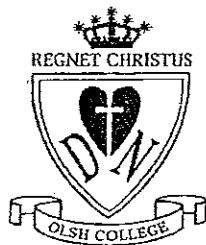


OUR LADY OF THE SACRED HEART COLLEGE  
KENSINGTON



STUDENT - NAME / NUMBER: \_\_\_\_\_

MATHEMATICS TEACHER: \_\_\_\_\_

2005

Year 9 – 5.3

Time allowed : 45 minutes

**Assessed Outcomes**

- NS5.3.1.- Performs operations with surds and indices.
- NS5.1.1. – Applies index laws to simplify and evaluate arithmetic expressions and uses scientific notation to write large and small numbers.
- PAS5.1.1, PAS 5.2.1. – Simplifies, expands and factorises algebraic expressions including those with fractions and negative and fractional indices.
- SGS5.2.1, SGS5.2.2., Develops and applies results related to angle sum of interior and exterior angles of convex polygon. Develops and applies results for proving triangles are congruent and similar.

**MARK ALLOCATION**

OUTCOME	TOTAL	
NS5.3.1, NS5.1.1.	/	/
PAS 5.1.1, PAS5.2.1	/	/
SGS5.2.1,SGS5.2.2	/	/

**Directions to Candidates**

- Show all working on the paper
- Calculators may be used
- Good Luck!!

Year 9 Task – Indices, Surds, Geometry 2005 OLSH College

**INDICES**

	QUESTION	ANSWER	MARKS
1	Simplify:  a) $6mn^2 \times 3m^3n$  b) $18x^2y \div 3y$  c) $(6y^0)^2$  d) $2^{2x} \div 2^{x-1}$	a)  b)  c)  d)	4
2	Evaluate  a) $27^{-\frac{1}{3}}$  b) $4^{-3}$  c) $27^{\frac{5}{3}} \div 9^{\frac{3}{2}}$  d) $81^{\frac{-3}{4}} + 27^{\frac{-4}{3}}$	a)  b)  c)  d)	4
3.	Simplify: $8^x \times 2^{4x}$		2
		TOTAL:	/10

**SCIENTIFIC NOTATION**

	QUESTION	ANSWER	
1.	Write the following in standard notation. a) 138 000 000		2

Year 9 Task – Indices, Surds, Geometry 2005 OLSH College

Year	Task	Indices, Surds, Geometric Progressions	Score
	b) $0.000\ 002\ 3$		
2.	Simplify and write in scientific notation  $\frac{3.98 \times 10^4 \times 6.42 \times 10^{-5}}{1.592 \times 10^{-3} \times 1.07 \times 10^7}$		2
	TOTAL		/4

SIRDS

TOPIC		QUESTION	ANSWER	MARKS
1	Simplify:	a) $4\sqrt{2} \times 3\sqrt{3}$		1
		b) $\sqrt{72}$		1
		c) $9\sqrt{12} - 2\sqrt{75}$		2
2	Expand and simplify:	a) $2\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{5} + 5)$	a)	2
		b) $(x\sqrt{x} - y\sqrt{y})(x\sqrt{x} + y\sqrt{y})$	b)	2
3	Find $a$ and $b$ if	$(2\sqrt{5} + 3\sqrt{3})^2 = a + b\sqrt{15}$		2

4	Rationalise the denominator  a) $\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{10}}$  b) $\frac{10}{2\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{2}}$	a)  b)	1  2
	TOTAL		/13

**GEOMETRY:**

	QUESTION	ANSWER	
1	Complete the following flow chart to show the relationship between different quadrilaterals	<pre> graph TD     A([Four-sided polygon]) --&gt; B([One pair of opposite sides parallel])     A --&gt; C([Two pairs of adjacent equal sides])     B --&gt; D([Both pairs of opposite sides parallel])     D --&gt; E([Two adjacent sides equal in length])     D --&gt; F([One angle a right angle])     E --&gt; G([ ))     F --&gt; G   </pre>	3

Year 9 Task – Indices, Surds, Geometry 2005 OLSH College

2	<p>For a regular nonagon (9 sided polygon) find:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the sum of the interior angles</li> <li>the size of each interior angle</li> </ol>	<p>a)</p> <p>b)</p>	2
3	<p>The sum of the interior angles of a regular polygon is <math>2880^\circ</math>. Find :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the number of sides of the polygon</li> <li>The size of each interior angle.</li> </ol>	<p>a)</p>	3
4.	<p>In this diagram, <math>ML = PQ</math>, <math>\angle MLN = 50^\circ</math>, <math>\angle LNQ = 105^\circ</math> and <math>\angle NPQ = 55^\circ</math>.</p> <p>Prove that <math>MN = NP</math>.</p>		2
5	<p><math>ABCD</math> is a square. <math>P, Q, M</math> and <math>N</math> are the midpoints of the sides on which they lie.</p> <p>Prove that <math>PQ = MN</math>.</p>		3
		TOTAL	/13

**ANSWERS TO OLSH COLLEGE**  
**YEAR 9 - 2005 COMMON TEST**

**INDICES:**

1 a	$18m^4n^3$	b	$6x^2$	c	36	d	$2^{x+1}$	2 a	$\frac{1}{3}$
b	$\frac{1}{64}$	c	9	d	$\frac{4}{81}$	3	$2^{7x}$		

**SCIENTIFIC NOTATION**

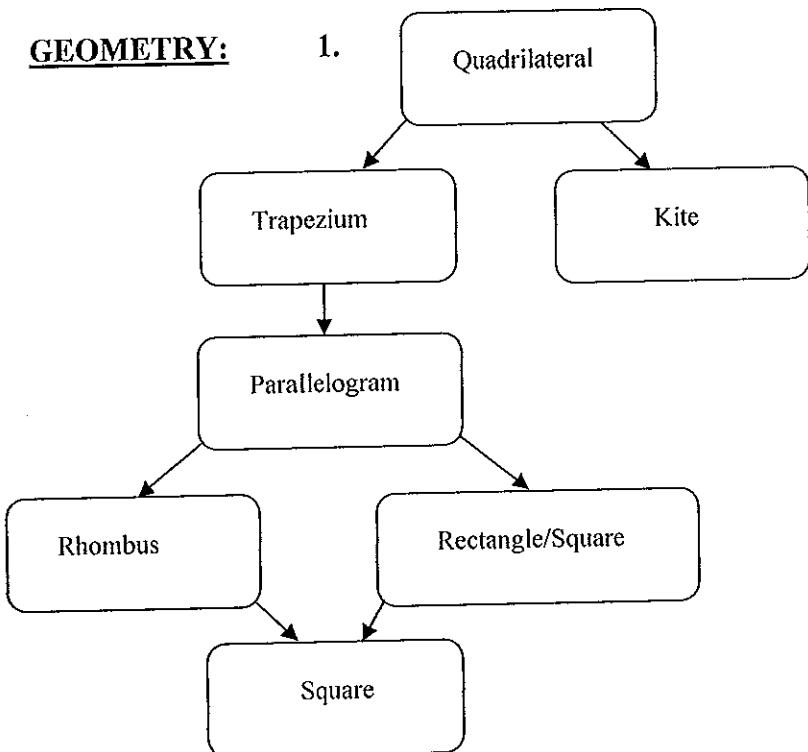
1 a	$1.38 \times 10^8$	b	$2.3 \times 10^{-6}$	2	$1.5 \times 10^{-4}$		
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**SURDS:**

1 a	$12\sqrt{6}$	b	$6\sqrt{2}$	c	$8\sqrt{3}$	2 a	$2\sqrt{10} + 10\sqrt{2}$	b	$x^3 - y^3$
3	$a = 47, b = 12$	4 a	$\frac{\sqrt{30}}{15}$	b	$5(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})$				

**GEOMETRY:**

1.



2 a	$1260^\circ$	b	$140^\circ$	3 a	18	b	$160^\circ$	4	A.A.S.
5	S.A.S.								

- Updated 11/05