

Simplify

a)  $5\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3}$

b)  $9\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{6}$

c)  $3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20}$

d)  $2\sqrt{8} - \sqrt{18} + 3\sqrt{2}$

e)  $5\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{63} + 2\sqrt{28}$

f)  $\frac{\sqrt{15} \times \sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{45}}{3\sqrt{5}}$

2. Expand and simplify:

a)  $(\sqrt{2} + 3)(\sqrt{2} - 5)$

b)  $(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{3})^2$

c)  $(2\sqrt{3} - 1)(2\sqrt{3} + 1)$

d)  $(\sqrt{7} - 2\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{7} + 2\sqrt{2})$

3. Rationalise the denominator.  
Simplify where possible:

a)  $\frac{9}{\sqrt{3}}$

b)  $\frac{2}{5\sqrt{2}}$

c)  $\frac{5}{5 - \sqrt{2}}$

d)  $\frac{\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{5}}{5\sqrt{10}}$

e)  $\frac{5 - \sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}$

4. Convert the following:

a)  $2000 \text{ mL} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^3$

b)  $5.37 \text{ m}^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ L}$

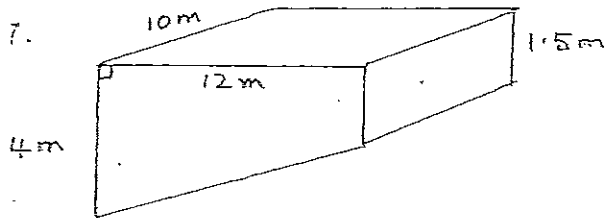
c)  $27.3 \text{ m}^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$

5. The surface area of a cube is  $843.648 \text{ cm}^2$ . What is the length of the side edge?

6. Find the volume and surface area of a sphere with radius of  $4 \text{ cm}$ . (answers to 1 d.p.)

Volume =

Surface area =

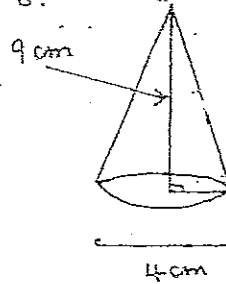


Find the:

(a) volume

(b) capacity in litres.

8.



Find:

(a) volume

(b) surface area

9. An aluminum can has a diameter of  $7 \text{ cm}$  and a height of  $15 \text{ cm}$ . How many square centimetres do we need to make the can? What is the capacity of the can?

10. Write as powers of 5

(a) 125

(b)  $25^m$

(c)  $\frac{1}{25}$

(d)  $\sqrt{5} \times 25$

11. Simplify

(a)  $(m^7)^3$

(b)  $\frac{x^{13}}{x^4 \times x^3}$

(c)  $2^{10} \div 2^{21}$

(d)  $(4x^2)^3$

(e)  $5x^0$

(f)  $2^{m-3} \times 8^{2m+1}$

12. Evaluate

(a)  $49^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

(b)  $16^{\frac{3}{4}}$

(c)  $(6\frac{1}{4})^{\frac{1}{2}}$

13. Write in index form

(a)  $\sqrt[3]{b^2}$

(b)  $\frac{1}{x^4}$

(c)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{y^3}}$

Simplify

a)  $5\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{3} = 7\sqrt{3}$  ✓

b)  $9\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{6} = 8\sqrt{6}$  ✓

c)  $3\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{20} = 3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{5} = \sqrt{5}$  ✓

d)  $2\sqrt{8} - \sqrt{18} + 3\sqrt{2}$   
 $4\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2} = 4\sqrt{2}$  ✓ 2

e)  $5\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{63} + 2\sqrt{28}$   
 $5\sqrt{7} - 3\sqrt{7} + 4\sqrt{7} = 6\sqrt{7}$  ✓ 2

f)  $\frac{\sqrt{15} \times \sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{45}}{3\sqrt{5}} = \frac{3\sqrt{5}}{3\sqrt{5}} = 1$  ✓ 2

2. Expand and simplify:

a)  $(\sqrt{2} + 3)(\sqrt{2} - 5)$   
 $2 - 5\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2} - 15$  ✓  
 $= -13 - 2\sqrt{2}$  ✓ 2

b)  $(\sqrt{7} - \sqrt{3})^2$   
 $7 - 2\sqrt{21} + 3$  ✓  
 $= 10 - 2\sqrt{21}$  ✓ 2

c)  $(2\sqrt{3} - 1)(2\sqrt{3} + 1)$   
 $12 - 1 = 11$  ✓ 2

d)  $(\sqrt{7} - 2\sqrt{2})(\sqrt{7} + 2\sqrt{2})$   
 $7 - 8 = -1$  ✓

3. Rationalise the denominator. Simplify where possible.

a)  $\frac{9}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{9\sqrt{3}}{3} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{1} = 3\sqrt{3}$  ✓ (2)

b)  $\frac{2}{5\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{10} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{5}$  ✓ (2)

c)  $\frac{5}{5-\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{(5+\sqrt{2})}{(5+\sqrt{2})} = \frac{25+5\sqrt{2}}{25-2} = \frac{25+5\sqrt{2}}{23}$  ✓ (2)

d)  $\frac{\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{5}}{5\sqrt{10}} \times \frac{\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{10}} = \frac{10 - \sqrt{50}}{50} = \frac{10 - 5\sqrt{2}}{50}$   
 $= \frac{5(2 - \sqrt{2})}{50}$   
 $= \frac{2 - \sqrt{2}}{10}$

e)  $\frac{5 - \sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}}$

$\frac{5 - \sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}} \times \frac{(\sqrt{8} - \sqrt{3})}{(\sqrt{8} - \sqrt{3})} = \frac{10\sqrt{2} - 5\sqrt{3} - 4 + \sqrt{6}}{5}$  ✓ (2)

4. Convert the following:

a)  $2000 \text{ mL} = 2000 \text{ cm}^3$

b)  $5.37 \text{ m}^3 = 5370 \text{ L}$

c)  $27.3 \text{ m}^2 = 273000 \text{ cm}^2$

5. The surface area of a cube is  $843.648 \text{ cm}^2$ . What is the length of the side edge?

$$\frac{843.648}{6} = 140.608$$

$$\sqrt{140.608} = 11.86 \text{ cm (to 2 dp)}$$

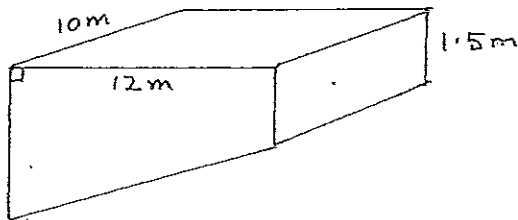
6. Find the volume and surface area of a sphere with radius of 4 cm. (answers to 1 d.p.)

$$\text{Volume} = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times 4^3 = 268.1 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ (to 1 dp)}$$

$$\text{Surface area} = 4\pi r^2$$

$$4 \times \pi \times 4^2 = 201.1 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (to 1 dp)}$$



Find the:

(a) volume  $\frac{1}{2}h(a+b) \times H$

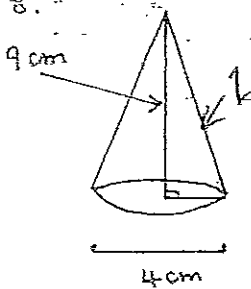
$$\frac{1}{2} \times 12(1.5 + 4) \times 10$$

$$= 330 \text{ m}^3$$

(b) capacity in litres.

$$330000 \text{ L}$$

8.



Find:

(a) volume

$$\frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 2^2 \times 9$$

$$= 37.7 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ (to 2 dp)}$$

(b) surface area

$$\pi r^2 + \pi r l$$

$$l = \sqrt{9^2 + 2^2}$$

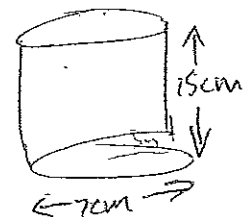
$$\therefore l = \sqrt{85}$$

$$\pi \times 2^2 + \pi \times 2 \times \sqrt{85}$$

$$= 70.49 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (to 2 dp)}$$

9. An aluminum can has a diameter of 7 cm and a height of 15 cm. How many square centimetres do we need to make the can? What is the capacity of the can?

$$SA = 2(\pi r^2) + 2\pi r h$$



$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$2(\pi \times 3.5^2) + 2 \times \pi \times 3.5 \times 15$$

$$= 406.84 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (to 2 dp)}$$

$\therefore$  we need  $406.84 \text{ cm}^2$  to make the can

$\therefore$  the capacity is  $577.27 \text{ mL}$

$$V = \pi \times 3.5^2 \times 15$$

$$= 577.27 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ (to 2 dp)}$$

10. Write as powers of 5

(a)  $125 = 5^3$  ✓

(b)  $25^m = (5^2)^m = 5^{2m}$

(c)  $\frac{1}{25} = 5^{-2}$  ✓

(d)  $\sqrt{5} \times 25 = 5^{1/2} \times 5^2 = 5^{5/2}$

11. Simplify

(a)  $(m^7)^3 = m^{21}$  ✓

(b)  $\frac{x^{13}}{x^4 \times x^3} = \frac{x^{13}}{x^7} = x^6$  ✓

(c)  $2^{101} \div 2^{21} = 2^{80}$  ✓

(d)  $(4x^2)^3 = 64x^6$  ✓

(e)  $5x^0 = 5$  ✓

(f)  $2^{m-3} \times 8^{2m+1}$   
 $= 2^{m-3} \times (2^3)^{2m+1}$   
 $= 2^{m-3} \times 2^{6m+3}$   
 $= 2^{7m}$

12. Evaluate

(a)  $49^{-1/2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{49}} = \frac{1}{7}$  ✓

(b)  $16^{3/4} = \sqrt[4]{16^3} = 8$  ✓

(c)  $(6\frac{1}{4})^{1/2} = \sqrt{6\frac{1}{4}} = \sqrt{\frac{25}{4}} = 2.5$  ✓

13. Write in index form

(a)  $\sqrt[3]{b^2} = b^{2/3}$  ✓

(b)  $\frac{1}{x^4} = x^{-4}$  ✓

(c)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{y^3}} = y^{-3/5}$  ✓