# Sydney Girls High School



# 2009 HSC Assessment Task 1

November 2008

# **MATHEMATICS**

## Extension 2

## Year 12

Time allowed - 90 minutes

#### Topics: Curve Sketching and Circular Motion Instructions

- Attempt all questions.
- Questions are NOT of equal value.
- All necessary working should be shown in every question.
- Marks may be deducted for careless or badly arranged work.
- Write on one side of the paper only.
- ▼ Questions do not necessarily appear in order of difficulty.
- Diagrams are not to scale
- Use  $g = 10 ms^{-2}$

## Part A - Curve Sketching (42 marks)

Calculus is not required in this section

Question One (10 marks)

Question One (10 marks)	Marks
Sketch each of the following showing important features including as	ymptotes where
necessary	•
a) $y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$	2 .
b) $\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$	2
c) $(x+1)(y+1)=1$	3
d) $v = x^2(x+2)(x-3)^3$	. 3

## Question Two (12 marks)

Sketch each of the following showing important features

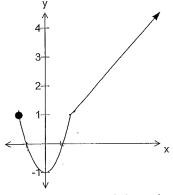
		Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna	
	a)	$x^2 - y^2 = 16$	3 .
	b)	$y = \sqrt{x^2 - 9}$	3
	c)	$x^2 + y^2 - 2x + 4y - 4 = 0$	3
,	d)	$y = \frac{2}{(x-1)^2}$	3

#### Question Three (7 marks)

a)	Sketch the curve $y = 1 - x^2$ .	1
	Hence or otherwise sketch:	
b)	$y = \left  1 - x^2 \right $	1
c)	$y = \left(1 - x^2\right)^2$	2
d)	$y = \frac{1}{1 - x^2}$	3

Question Four (5 marks)

Given the graph of y = f(x) below



Note that you may trace the original function on to your paper if it helps you

On separate axes sketch the graphs of:

a) 
$$y = f(|x|)$$

.

b) 
$$y^2 = f(x)$$

2

c) 
$$y = 2^{f(x)}$$

2

Question Five (6 marks)

Given  $f(x) = \frac{2}{x+1}$ 

a)	Sketch the function	showing all	relevant features

2

b) Write down the domain and range of 
$$f(x)$$

2

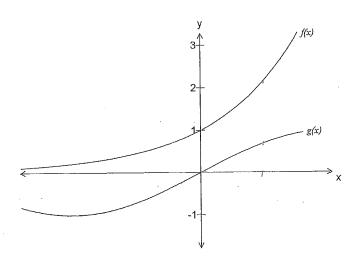
c) Find an expression for 
$$f^{-1}(x)$$

1

d) Sketch 
$$f^{-1}(x)$$
 on the same set of axes as part a)

1

Copy or trace the graphs of f(x) and g(x) below onto your exam paper. Hence sketch the graph of  $y = f(x) \times g(x)$ 



Part B - Circular Motion (38 marks)

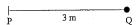
Use  $g = 10ms^{-2}$  in all questions

#### Question Seven (5 marks)

Ouestion Six (2 marks)

A three metre piece of string PQ has a mass of 2kg attached at Q. The string rotates in a horizontal circle on a flat smooth surface about P and will break if the angular speed exceeds 8 rad.s<sup>-1</sup>.

revolutions per minute the new system can be rotated at before the string breaks



- a) Find the breaking strain (maximum tension of the string)
- b) If the mass at Q is replaced by a 3kg mass and an additional 1kg mass is attached 1 m from P, find the maximum number of

2



Question Eight (4 marks)

A car of mass 800 kg passes over a circular bridge of radius 40 metres



a) Find the force exerted by the bridge (at its peak) if the car is travelling at  $10ms^{-1}$ 

2

b) At what speed will the car leave the top of the bridge?

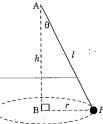
2

Question Nine (4 marks)

At a height of  $4.22 \times 10^7 m$  above the earths centre the acceleration due to gravity is  $0.22 ms^{-2}$ . Calculate the period in hours of a satellite in a circular orbit at this height

#### Question Ten (7 marks)

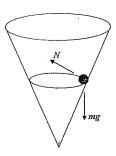
A particle of mass m, attached by a light rod to a point A moves with constant angular velocity w in a horizontal circle of radius r metres, h metres below A. The length of the rod is l metres



- a) Draw a diagram to show the forces acting on the mass at the point P
- b) Find an expression for the time (T) taken for the mass to complete one revolution in terms of h and g
- c) What effect will the doubling of the mass at P have on the motion? Give a brief reason for your answer

## Question Eleven (6 marks)

A cone with semi vertical angle 30° is placed with its vertex at the bottom. A ball moves around the inner side of the cone at  $\frac{3}{\pi}$  rev.s<sup>-1</sup>



How high is the ball from the vertex of the cone?

#### Ouestion Twelve (12 marks)

A railway line is banked at an angle  $\theta$  to the horizontal as shown in the diagram below. The frictional force is directed up the plane



The resultant force of circular motion is composed of the force of gravity, —the normal force and the sideways frictional force F.

a) Copy the diagram and on it show $\frac{mv^2}{r}$ , $mg$ and $N$	1	
b) Resolve F and N in the vertical and horizontal directions	2	
c) Hence determine an expression for $F$ independent of $N$ .	2	
d) The railway line is banked due to the radius of curvature of	3	
a corner being 500 metres. What should the angle of elevation $\theta$		
be for a train travelling at 72 km/hr to exert no lateral force on the rails?		
e) What should the angle of elevation be if a 20 tonne train travelling	4	
at 90 km/hr is to exert as much force up the track as a 40 tonne train		
travalling at 54 km/hr everts down the track		