Student Name	



SOUTH SYDNEY HIGH SCHOOL

2002 MATHEMATICS

YEAR 11 EXTENSION 1

Instructions:

Time Allowed: 1 hour

- Attempt ALL questions.
- ALL questions are not of equal value.
- All necessary working should be shown.
- Marks may be deducted for poorly arranged or missing working.
- Write your Name on every page.
- Board-approved calculators may be used.

Question 1 (10 marks) Marks Evaluate: $\sqrt{\frac{23.6 + 58.32}{0.2 \times 1.6}}$ 1 Find the value of $\left(\frac{4}{17}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$ to two decimal places 2 Express $\frac{5}{11}$ as a recurring decimal (c) 1 (d) Change 60 metres per second to kilometres per hour. 2 Express your answer in scientific notations. By showing all necessary working, change 0.17 as a rational number. (e) 2 (f) An Eastern Suburb property which was sold for \$850 000 2 gained 40% on its reserved price. What was the reserved price to the nearest dollar? Question 2 (12 marks) (a) Simplify the following expressing your answers with positive indices 4 (i) $(x^2y)^3(xy)^{-4}$ (ii) $\sqrt{\frac{a}{b^{-3}}} \times \sqrt{\frac{b}{a^{-1}}}$ (b) If $\frac{X^3Y^2}{7^4} = \frac{3^p}{10^q}$, where $X = \frac{2}{5}$, $Y = \frac{27}{125}$, $Z = \frac{4}{15}$, find the values of p and q. 3

(i)
$$\frac{x}{v} - \frac{y}{x}$$

(c)

$$(ii) \quad \frac{x+1}{2} - \frac{x+2}{4}$$

(iii)
$$\frac{1}{x(x-1)} - \frac{1}{(x+1)(x-1)}$$

Express the following as a single fraction:

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Question 3 (12 marks)

Marks

(a) Solve the following equations: 6

(i)
$$4-(5+x)=3x+11$$

(ii)
$$\frac{3x}{4} - \frac{x-1}{3} = 1$$

(iii)
$$\frac{3x-1}{4} = \frac{2x+7}{3}$$

(b) Factorise completely, the following expressions:

6

(i)
$$4x^2 - 25$$

(ii)
$$2x^3 + 54$$

(iii)
$$x^3 - 2x - x^2y + 2y$$

Question 4 (20 marks)

(a) Simplify the following by factorising where possible:

7

(i)
$$\frac{x^2-x-2}{x^2+x} \times \frac{x^2-x}{x^2+x-2}$$

(ii)
$$\frac{x^2-4x}{x^2-6x+5} \div \frac{x^3-16x}{x^2-7x+10}$$

(iii)
$$\left(\frac{x}{y}+1\right)\left(\frac{1}{x}-\frac{1}{y}\right)\div\left(\frac{x^3}{y^2}-x\right)$$

(b) Simplify the following:

7

(i)
$$\sqrt{125} - \sqrt{5}$$

(ii)
$$\left(4\sqrt{3}-1\right)^2$$

(iii)
$$\frac{\sqrt{7} \times \sqrt{84}}{\sqrt{21}}$$

(iii)
$$\frac{\sqrt{7} \times \sqrt{84}}{\sqrt{21}}$$
 (iv) $(3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{21})(2\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{15})$

6

- Rationalise the denominator and simplify where possible:
 - (i) $\frac{3}{2\sqrt{3}}$
- $\frac{5}{\sqrt{5}-2}$ (ii)
- (iii) $\frac{1}{4-\sqrt{7}} \frac{1}{4+\sqrt{7}}$ (iv) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3}}$

Question 5 (12 marks)

Solve these equations:

- (a) $3x^2 5x + 2 = 0$
- (b) $-24-50x-25x^2=0$
- (c) 2x+3y=26 and x-5y=13
- (d) $y = x^2 + 2x 4$ and y = x + 2



End of test



Answers to March 2002 test:

- (1) (a) 16 (b) 0.38 (to 2 d.p.) (c) 0.45 (d) 2.16×10^2 km/hr

 - (e) $\frac{17}{00}$ (f) \$607 143 (to the nearest dollar)
- (2) (a) (i) $\frac{x^2}{v}$ (ii) ab^2 (b) $\frac{3^{10}}{2^5 \times 5^5} = \frac{3^{10}}{10^5}$; $\therefore p = 10, q = 5$.
- (c) (i) $\frac{x^2 y^2}{xy}$ (ii) $\frac{x}{4}$ (iii) $\frac{1}{x(x+1)(x-1)}$
- (3) (a) (i) x = -3 (ii) $x = 1\frac{3}{5}$ (iii) x = 31

- (b) (i) (2x+5)(2x-5) (ii) $2(x+3)(x^2-3x+9)$ (iii) $(x-y)(x+\sqrt{2})(x-\sqrt{2})$
- (4) (a) (i) $\frac{x-2}{x+2}$ (ii) $\frac{x-2}{(x-1)(x+4)}$ (iii) $-\frac{1}{x^2}$

- (b) (i) $4\sqrt{5}$ (ii) $49-8\sqrt{3}$ (iii) $2\sqrt{7}$ (iv) $-13\sqrt{3}$

- (c) (i) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ (ii) $5(\sqrt{5}+2)$ (iii) $\frac{2\sqrt{7}}{9}$ (iv) $\frac{\sqrt{3}+4\sqrt{2}+3\sqrt{5}}{2}$

- (5) (a) $x = \frac{2}{3}$, 1 (b) $x = -\frac{4}{5}$, $-\frac{6}{5}$ (c) x = 13, y = 0 (d) x = 2, y = 4; x = -3, y = -1.