

# SOUTH SYDNEY HIGH SCHOOL

## 2002 MATHEMATICS

### **EXTENSION 1**

#### **Instructions:**

Time Allowed: 1 hour

- Attempt ALL questions.
- ALL questions are **not** of equal value.
- All necessary working should be shown.
- Marks may be deducted for poorly arranged or missing working.
- Write your Name on every page.
- Board-approved calculators may be used.

| Question 1 (10 marks)                                                                                                      | Marks |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| (a) Evaluate: $\sqrt{\frac{23.6 + 58.32}{0.2 \times 1.6}}$                                                                 | 1     |
| (b) Find the value of $\left(\frac{4}{17}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$ to two decimal places                                      | 2     |
| (c) Express $\frac{5}{11}$ as a recurring decimal                                                                          | 1     |
| (d) Change 60 metres per second to kilometres per hour. Express your answer in scientific notations.                       | 2     |
| (e) By showing all necessary working, change 0.17 as a rational number.                                                    | 2     |
| (f) An Eastern Suburb property which was sold for \$850 000 gained 40% on its reserved price. What was the reserved price? | 2     |
| Question 2 (12 marks)                                                                                                      |       |
| (a) Simplify the following expressing your answers with positive indices                                                   | 4     |
| (i) $(x^2y)^3(xy)^{-4}$                                                                                                    |       |
| (ii) $\sqrt{\frac{a}{b^{-3}}} \times \sqrt{\frac{b}{a^{-1}}}$                                                              |       |
| (b) Find the exact value of $\frac{X^3Y^2}{Z^4}$ , where $X = \frac{2}{5}$ , $Y = \frac{27}{125}$ , $Z = \frac{4}{15}$     | 3     |

(b) Find the exact value of 
$$\frac{1}{Z^4}$$
, where  $X = \frac{1}{5}$ ,  $I = \frac{1}{125}$ ,  $Z = \frac{1}{15}$ 

(c) Express the following as a single fraction:

(i) 
$$\frac{x}{y} - \frac{y}{x}$$

(ii) 
$$\frac{x+1}{2} - \frac{x+2}{4}$$

(iii) 
$$\frac{1}{x(x-1)} - \frac{1}{(x+1)(x-1)}$$

Continue next page....

Question 3 (12 marks)

Marks

(a) Solve the following equations:

6

(i) 
$$4-(5+x)=3x+11$$

(ii) 
$$\frac{3x}{4} - \frac{x-1}{3} = 1$$

(iii) 
$$\frac{3x-1}{4} = \frac{2x+7}{3}$$

(b) Factorise completely, the following expressions:

6

(i) 
$$4x^2 - 25$$

(ii) 
$$2x^3 + 54$$

(iii) 
$$x^3 - 2x - x^2y + 2y$$

Question 4 (20 marks)

(a) Simplify the following by factorising where possible:

7

(i) 
$$\frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x^2 + x} \times \frac{x^2 - x}{x^2 + x - 2}$$

(ii) 
$$\frac{x^2 - 4x}{x^2 - 6x + 5} \div \frac{x^3 - 16x}{x^2 - 7x + 10}$$

(iii) 
$$\left(\frac{x}{y}+1\right)\left(\frac{1}{x}-\frac{1}{y}\right)\div\left(\frac{x^3}{y^2}-x\right)$$

(b) Simplify the following:

7

(i) 
$$\sqrt{125} - \sqrt{5}$$

(ii) 
$$\left(4\sqrt{3}-1\right)^2$$

(iii) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{7} \times \sqrt{84}}{\sqrt{21}}$$

(iv) 
$$(3\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{21})(2\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{15})$$

Continue next page....

6

(i) 
$$\frac{3}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

(ii) 
$$\frac{5}{\sqrt{5}-2}$$

(iii) 
$$\frac{1}{4-\sqrt{7}} - \frac{1}{4+\sqrt{7}}$$

(iii) 
$$\frac{1}{4-\sqrt{7}} - \frac{1}{4+\sqrt{7}}$$
 (iv)  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{3}}$ 

#### Question 5 (12 marks)

Solve these equations:

(a) 
$$3x^2 - 5x + 2 = 0$$

(b) 
$$24-50x-25x^2=0$$

(c) 
$$2x+3y=26$$
 and  $x-5y=13$ 

(d) 
$$y = x^2 + 2x - 4$$
 and  $y = x + 2$ 



End of test



#### **Answers to March 2002 test:**

- (1) (a) 16 (b) 0.38 (to 2 d.p.) (c) 0.45 (d)  $2.16 \times 10^2$  km/hr

  - (e)  $\frac{17}{99}$  (f) \$607 143 (to the nearest dollar)
- (2) (a) (i)  $\frac{x^2}{v}$  (ii)  $ab^2$  (b)  $\frac{3^{10}}{2^5 \times 5^5} = \frac{3^{10}}{10^5}$ ;  $\therefore p = 10, q = 5$ .
- (c) (i)  $\frac{x^2 y^2}{xy}$  (ii)  $\frac{x}{4}$  (iii)  $\frac{1}{x(x+1)(x-1)}$
- (3) (a) (i) x = -3 (ii)  $x = 1\frac{3}{5}$  (iii) x = 31

- (b) (i) (2x+5)(2x-5) (ii)  $2(x+3)(x^2-3x+9)$  (iii)  $(x-y)(x+\sqrt{2})(x-\sqrt{2})$
- (4) (a) (i)  $\frac{x-2}{x+2}$  (ii)  $\frac{x-2}{(x-1)(x+4)}$  (iii)  $-\frac{1}{x^2}$ 

  - (b) (i)  $4\sqrt{5}$  (ii)  $49-8\sqrt{3}$  (iii)  $2\sqrt{7}$  (iv)  $-13\sqrt{3}$

- (c) (i)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  (ii)  $5(\sqrt{5}+2)$  (iii)  $\frac{2\sqrt{7}}{9}$  (iv)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}+4\sqrt{2}+3\sqrt{5}}{2}$

- (5) (a)  $x = \frac{2}{3}$ ,1 (b)  $x = -\frac{4}{5}$ ,  $-\frac{6}{5}$  (c) x = 13, y = 0 (d) x = 2, y = 4; x = -3, y = -1.