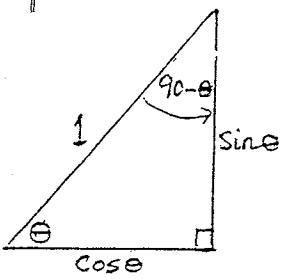


# WORKSHEET (7) - P1



$$\begin{array}{l} \textcircled{1} \quad \sin(90-\theta) = \cos\theta \\ \cos(90-\theta) = \sin\theta \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \tan\theta = \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta}$$

$$\cot\theta = \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \cot\theta = \frac{1}{\tan\theta} \quad \csc\theta = \frac{1}{\sin\theta} \quad \sec\theta = \frac{1}{\cos\theta}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta = 1$$

$$\sin^2\theta = 1 - \cos^2\theta$$

$$\cos^2\theta = 1 - \sin^2\theta$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad 1 + \tan^2\theta = \sec^2\theta$$

$$1 + \cot^2\theta = \csc^2\theta$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta} =$$

$$\textcircled{12} \quad \csc^2\theta - 1 =$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{\csc\theta}{\sin\theta} =$$

$$\textcircled{13} \quad \frac{\cos(90-\theta)}{\sin(90-\theta)} =$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \sec\theta \times \sin\theta =$$

$$\textcircled{14} \quad \sin(90-\theta) \times \tan\theta =$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \cot\theta \times \tan\theta =$$

$$\textcircled{15} \quad \frac{2\cos\theta}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2\theta}} =$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \csc\theta \times \tan\theta =$$

$$\textcircled{16} \quad \frac{\cos\theta}{\sqrt{1-\cos^2\theta}} =$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad \sec\theta \times \cos^2\theta =$$

$$\textcircled{17} \quad \cot\theta \times \sin\theta =$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad 1 - \cos^2\theta =$$

$$\textcircled{18} \quad \tan\theta \times \sqrt{1-\sin^2\theta} =$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad \sqrt{1-\sin^2\theta} =$$

$$\textcircled{19} \quad \frac{1}{\sec\theta} =$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad 5\cos^2\theta + 5\sin^2\theta =$$

$$\textcircled{20} \quad \cos\theta \sqrt{1+\tan^2\theta} =$$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad \cos^3\theta + \cos\theta \cdot \sin^2\theta =$$

$$\textcircled{21} \quad (\cos\theta + \sin\theta)^2 - 2 \cdot \cos\theta \cdot \sin\theta =$$

$$\textcircled{11} \quad 6 + 6\tan^2\theta =$$

$$\textcircled{22} \quad \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta} + \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta} =$$

## ANSWERS

- (1)  $\cot\theta$  (4) 1 (6)  $\csc\theta$  (9)  $\cos\theta$  (10)  $\csc\theta$  (12)  $\cot^2\theta$  (14)  $\sin\theta$  (16)  $\cot\theta$  (18)  $\sin\theta$  (20) 1 (22)  $\sec(\theta)$   
 (2)  $\tan\theta$  (3)  $\sec\theta$  (7)  $\sin^2\theta$  (9) 5 (10)  $6\sec^2\theta$  (13)  $\tan\theta$  (15) 2 (17)  $\csc\theta$  (19)  $\cos\theta$  (21) 1

## THE TRIG. IDENTITIES

$$(1) \tan\theta = \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta}$$

$$\text{or } \cot\theta = \frac{\cos\theta}{\sin\theta}$$

$$(3) \cos^2\theta + \sin^2\theta = 1$$

$$\text{or } \cos^2\theta = 1 - \sin^2\theta$$

$$(4) \csc\theta = \frac{1}{\sin\theta}$$

$$\sec\theta = \frac{1}{\cos\theta}$$

$$(2) \cos\theta = \sin(90-\theta)$$

$$\text{or } \sin^2\theta = 1 - \cos^2\theta$$

$$\cot\theta = \frac{1}{\tan\theta}$$

Use any of the above to simplify:-

a)  $\tan x \cdot \cos x$

b)  $1 - \sin^2 x$

c)  $\cot x \cdot \sec x$

d)  $\frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}$

e)  $4\cos^2 x + 4\sin^2 x$

f)  $5 - 5\cos^2 x$

g)  $\tan^2 x \cdot (1 - \sin^2 x)$

h)  $\sqrt{1 - \sin^2 x}$

i)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 x}}$

j)  $\frac{1 - \sin^2 x}{1 - \cos^2 x}$

k)  $\frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2 x}}{\cos x}$

l)  $\csc x \cdot \tan x$

m)  $\sec^2 x - \tan^2 x$

n)  $\cos A \cdot (\cos A + \sin A) + \sin A \cdot (\sin A - \cos A)$

ANSWERS: (a)  $\sin x$  (b)  $\cos^2 x$  (c)  $\csc x$  (d)  $\tan^2 x$  (e) 4 (f)  $5\sin^2 x$  (g)  $\sin^2 x$   
 (h)  $\cos x$  (i)  $\csc x$  (j)  $\cot^2 x$  (k) 1 (l)  $\sec x$  (m) 1 (n) 1

# PYTHAGOREAN TRIG. IDENTITIES - LESSON (29)

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \cos^2 \theta = 1 - \sin^2 \theta$$

$$\sin^2 \theta = 1 - \cos^2 \theta$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \cot \theta = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad 1 + \tan^2 \theta = \sec^2 \theta$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta = 1$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad 1 + \cot^2 \theta = \operatorname{cosec}^2 \theta$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad \cos(90^\circ - \theta) = \sin \theta$$

## PART A

Simplify the following: - USING THE ABOVE RULES (SUBSTITUTED IN.)

$$1. \tan x \cos x$$

$$16. \tan A \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 A}$$

$$2. \cot x \sin x$$

$$17. \cos^4 A + \cos^2 A \sin^2 A$$

$$3. \sec A \cos (90^\circ - A)$$

$$18. (\sin A + \cos A)^2$$

$$4. \operatorname{cosec} A \cos A$$

$$19. (\sin A - \cos A)^2$$

$$5. \sec A \cot A$$

$$20. (\sin A + \cos A)^2 + (\sin A - \cos A)^2$$

$$6. \tan A \sin (90^\circ - A)$$

$$21. (1 - \cos x)(1 + \cos x) \sec^2 x$$

$$7. 3 - 3 \sin^2 A$$

$$22. \frac{\sin A}{\operatorname{cosec} A} + \frac{\cos A}{\sec A}$$

$$8. 1 + \frac{\sin^2 A}{\cos^2 A}$$

$$23. \frac{1}{1 - \cos A} + \frac{1}{1 + \cos A}$$

$$9. \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 A}$$

$$24. (\sec^2 A - 1) \div \sec^2 A$$

$$10. \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 A}$$

$$25. 2 - \sin^2 A - \cos^2 A$$

$$11. \frac{\sqrt{1 - \sin^2 A}}{\sin A}$$

$$26. \operatorname{cosec} \theta \cot (90^\circ - \theta)$$

$$12. \sqrt{(1 - \sin A)(1 + \sin A)}$$

$$27. 5 \cos^2 24^\circ 12' + 5 \sin^2 24^\circ 12'$$

$$13. (1 - \cos^2 A)(1 + \tan^2 A)$$

$$28. \sqrt{\sec^2 \theta - 1}$$

$$14. (\sec A - \tan A)(\sec A + \tan A)$$

$$29. \sin A - \sin^3 A$$

$$15. \cos^3 A + \cos A \sin^2 A$$

$$29. \sin A \cos^2 A$$

$$28. \tan \theta$$

$$27. 5$$

$$26. \frac{1}{\cos \theta} \text{ or } \operatorname{sec} \theta$$

$$25. 1$$

$$24. \sin^2 A$$

$$23. 2 \sec^2 A$$

$$22. 1$$

$$21. \tan x$$

$$20. 2$$

$$19. 1 - 2 \sin A \cos A$$

$$18. \sin A$$

$$17. \cot A$$

$$16. \cos A$$

$$15. \tan^2 A$$

$$14. \cot A$$

$$13. \tan^2 A$$

$$12. \cos^2 A$$

$$11. \cot A$$

$$10. \sin A$$

$$9. \sec x$$

$$8. \cos x$$

$$7. \sin x$$

$$6. \cot A$$

$$5. \cosec A$$

$$4. \sec A$$

$$3. \tan x$$

$$2. \cos x$$

$$1. \sec x$$