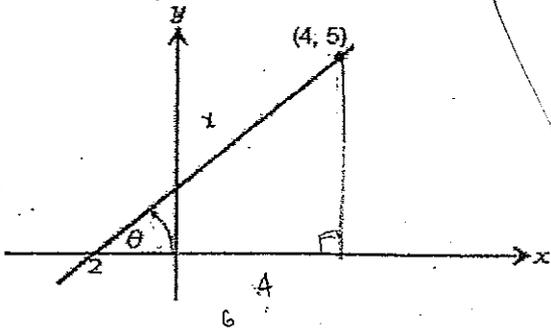


(BRIGIDINE - Yr10) - 2011
 Trigonometry Test - Mr. Milanov

Question 1



Determine θ correct to the nearest minute.

$\theta = \boxed{}^\circ \boxed{}'$

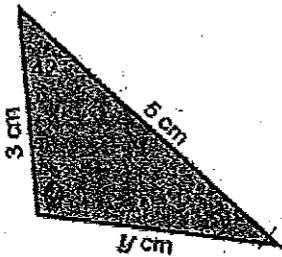
Question 2

$\sin \theta = 0.6782$ (correct to 4 decimal places)

To the nearest degree, angle θ can equal:

- a) only 43°
- b) only 137°
- c) 43° or 137°

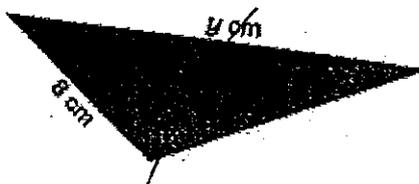
Question 3



Determine the value of y correct to one decimal place.

$y = \boxed{} (to 1 \text{ decimal place})$

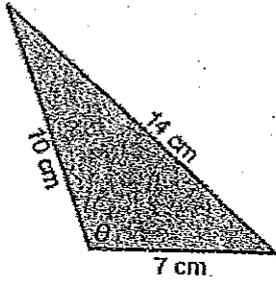
Question 4



Calculate the value of y correct to one decimal place.

$y = \boxed{} (to 1 \text{ decimal place})$

Question 5



Calculate the size of angle θ to the nearest degree.

Angle $\theta =$ (to nearest degree)

Question 6

In triangle PQR, $\sin Q = \frac{2}{3}$, $\sin P = \frac{1}{4}$ and $p = 12$ cm.

What is the value of q ?

$q =$ cm

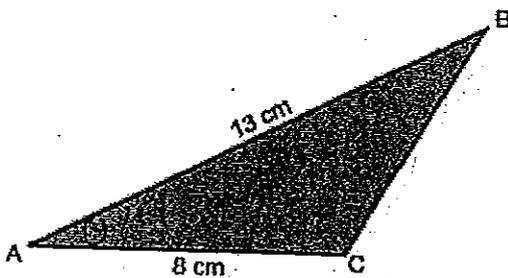
Question 7

In triangle ABC, $AB = 13$ cm, $AC = 12$ cm and $\angle B = 53^\circ$.

The size of $\angle C$ to the nearest degree is:

- a) 60°
- b) 60° or 120°
- c) 133°
- d) 47° or 133°

Question 8



If $\cos A = \frac{12}{13}$, determine the exact length of BC.

$BC = \sqrt{\text{}}$ cm

Question 9

In a triangle, one side is 22 cm long and the angle opposite is 65° .

What is the size of the angle opposite a side of 19 cm?

- a) 52°
- b) 128°
- c) 52° or 128°

Question 10

From an observation tower, Mount Anderson is 23 km away on a bearing of $N23^\circ E$.

From the same tower, Mount Wilmont is 19 km away on a bearing of $S55^\circ E$.

How many kilometres is Mount Anderson from Mount Wilmont, correct to *one decimal place*?

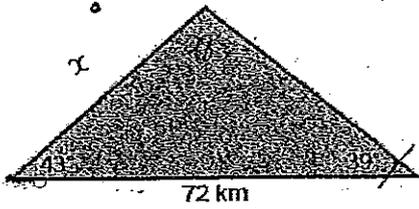
Distance between mountains = km (to one decimal place)

Question 11

A park ranger in a tower spotted a bush fire in the direction $S40^\circ E$. Seven kilometres to the east of the tower, another ranger saw the fire in the direction $S30^\circ W$.

How far is the fire from the tower to two significant figures?

Distance = km (to 2 significant figures)



Calculate the area of this triangle to the nearest square kilometre.

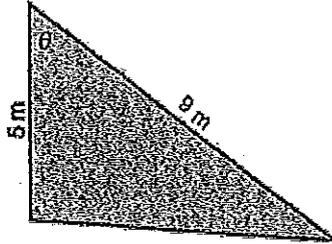
Area = km² (to nearest sq km)

Question 13

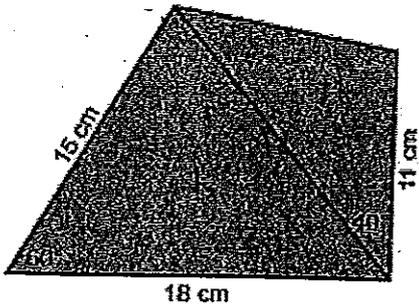
The area of the triangle is 18 m².

Calculate the value of θ correct to the nearest degree.

$\theta =$ ° (to nearest degree)



Question 14



What is the area of this quadrilateral to the nearest square centimetre?

Area = cm² (correct to nearest cm²)

Question 15

In $\triangle ABC$, $a = 20$ cm, $b = 32$ cm and $c = 45$ cm.

Determine the size of the largest angle to the nearest degree.

Largest angle = ° (to nearest degree)

Question 16

Granville is 437 km from Wentworth on a bearing of 125° .

Pittown is 1090 km from Wentworth on a bearing of 084° .

Calculate the distance from Granville to Pittown to the nearest kilometre.

Distance = km (to nearest km)

Question 17

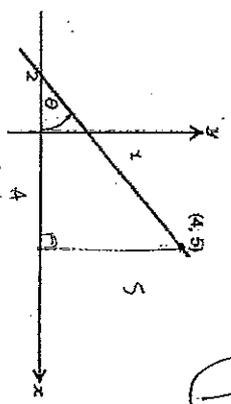
Sam walks 4.5 km along a straight bush track, then turns 40° and walks a further 3.8 km in a straight line.

How far is he from his starting point?

Answer correct to 1 decimal place.

Distance from start = km (to 1 decimal place)

Question 1



$\frac{5}{17}$ FAB 11

$\tan \theta = \frac{5}{4}$
 $\tan \theta = \frac{5}{4}$
 $\theta = 51^\circ 48'$



$\theta = 51^\circ 20'$
 $\sin^2 \theta = \frac{5^2}{5^2 + 4^2}$
 $\sin^2 \theta = \frac{25}{41}$
 $\sin \theta = \frac{5}{\sqrt{41}}$

Determine θ correct to the nearest minute.
 $\theta = 51^\circ 20'$

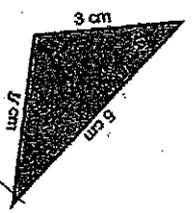
$\frac{\sin \theta}{5} = \frac{\sin 90^\circ}{\sqrt{41}}$
 $\sin \theta = \frac{5 \sin 90^\circ}{\sqrt{41}}$
 $\theta = 51^\circ 48'$

Question 2

$\sin \theta = 0.6782$ (correct to 4 decimal places)
To the nearest degree, angle θ can equal:

- a) only 43°
- b) only 137°
- c) 43° or 137°

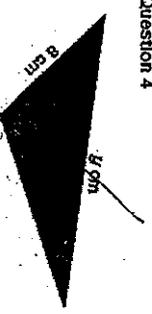
Question 3



$y^2 = 8^2 + 8^2 - 2 \times 8 \times 8 \cos 42^\circ$
 $y^2 = 112 - 128 \cos 42^\circ$
 $y = 3.4214$
 ≈ 3.4

Determine the value of y correct to one decimal place.
 $y = 3.4$

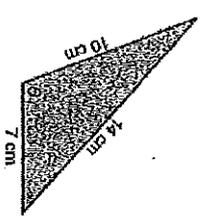
Question 4



$y^2 = 8^2 + 8^2 - 2 \times 8 \times 8 \cos 116^\circ$
 $y^2 = 128 - 128 \cos 116^\circ$
 $y = 16.4$

$y = 16.4$ (to 1 decimal place)

Question 5

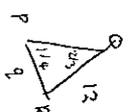


Calculate the size of angle θ to the nearest degree.
Angle $\theta = 110^\circ$ (to nearest degree)

$\cos \theta = \frac{10^2 + 7^2 - 14^2}{2 \times 10 \times 7}$
 $\cos \theta = \frac{-47}{140}$
 $\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{-47}{140} \right)$
 $\theta = 109^\circ 36' 57.52''$
 $\theta = 110^\circ$

Question 6

In triangle PQR, $\sin Q = \frac{2}{3}$, $\sin P = \frac{1}{4}$ and $p = 12$ cm.
What is the value of q ?
 $q = 32$ cm



$\frac{q}{\sin Q} = \frac{12}{\sin P}$
 $q = \frac{12 \sin Q}{\sin P}$
 $q = \frac{12 \times \frac{2}{3}}{\frac{1}{4}}$
 $q = 32$

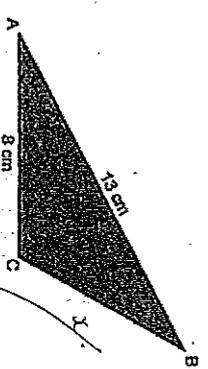
Question 7

In triangle ABC, $AB = 13$ cm, $AC = 12$ cm and $\angle B = 53^\circ$.
The size of $\angle C$ to the nearest degree is:

- a) 60°
- b) 60° or 120°
- c) 133°
- d) 47° or 133°

$13^2 = 12^2 + AC^2 - 2 \times 12 \times AC \cos 53^\circ$
 $13^2 = 144 + AC^2 - 24 AC \cos 53^\circ$
 $13^2 = 144 + AC^2 - 18.72 AC$
 $AC^2 - 18.72 AC + 111.76 = 0$
 $AC = 11.19$
 $\frac{\sin \theta}{13} = \frac{\sin 53^\circ}{11.19}$
 $\theta = 47^\circ$

Question 8



If $\cos A = \frac{13}{14}$, determine the exact length of BC.

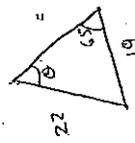
$BC^2 = 13^2 + 8^2 - 2 \times 13 \times 8 \cos 113^\circ$
 $BC^2 = 169 + 64 - 208 \cos 113^\circ$
 $BC^2 = 41$
 $BC = \sqrt{41}$

Question 9

In a triangle, one side is 22 cm long and the angle opposite is 66°.

What is the size of the angle opposite a side of 19 cm?

- a) 52°
- b) 128°
- c) 52° or 128°



$$\sin \theta = \frac{\sin 65}{19} = \frac{22}{19}$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{22}{19} \right) \times 19$$

$$\theta = 51.505716^\circ$$

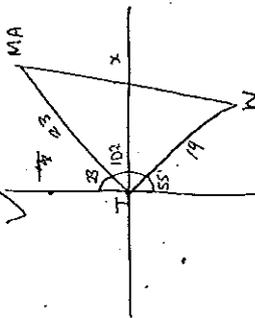
Question 10

From an observation tower, Mount Anderson is 23 km away on a bearing of N23°E.

From the same tower, Mount Wilmont is 19 km away on a bearing of S55°E.

How many kilometres is Mount Anderson from Mount Wilmont, correct to one decimal place?

Distance between mountains = 32.7 km (to one decimal place)



$$180 - 23 - 55 = 102$$

$$x^2 = 23^2 + 19^2 - 2 \times 23 \times 19 \cos 102$$

$$x^2 = 1071.714518$$

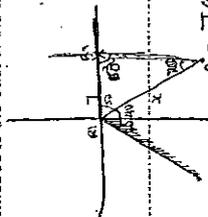
$$x = 32.7$$

Question 11

A park ranger in a tower spotted a bush fire in the direction S40°E. Seven kilometres to the east of the tower, another ranger saw the fire in the direction S30°W.

How far is the fire from the tower to two significant figures?

Distance = 6.5 km (to 2 significant figures)



$$\cos 60 = \frac{7}{x} \Rightarrow x = \frac{7}{\cos 60} = 14$$

$$y = 14$$

$$z = \frac{7}{\sin 40} = 10.8$$

$$z = \frac{7}{\sin 40} = 10.8$$

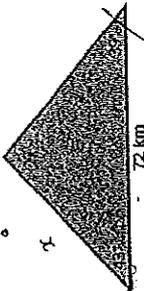
$$z = \frac{7}{\sin 40} = 10.8$$

$$x$$

$$z = \frac{7}{\sin 40} = 10.8$$

$$z = \frac{7}{\sin 40} = 10.8$$

$$z = \frac{7}{\sin 40} = 10.8$$



Calculate the area of this triangle to the nearest square kilometre.

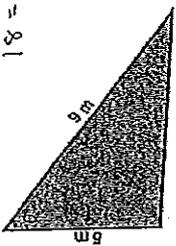
Area = 4048 km² (to nearest sq km)

Question 13

The area of the triangle is 18 m².

Calculate the value of θ correct to the nearest degree.

$\theta = \underline{53}^\circ$ (to nearest degree)



$$A = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$

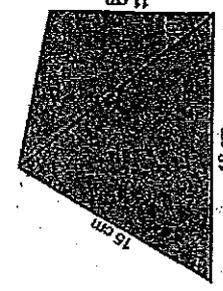
$$18 = \frac{1}{2} \times 18 \times 9 \sin \theta$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{(18 \times 2)}{(5 \times 9)}$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{4}{5} \right)$$

$$\theta = 53^\circ$$

Question 14



What is the area of this quadrilateral to the nearest square centimetre?

Area = 176 cm² (correct to nearest cm²)

$$1 = \frac{1}{2} \times 15 \times 18 \times \sin 60$$

$$= 116.9134295$$

$$11 = \frac{1}{2} \times 11 \times 16 \times \sin 40$$

$$= 59.0568411$$

$$(1 + 11) = 116.9134295 + 59.0568411$$

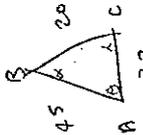
$$= 176$$

Question 15

In $\triangle ABC$, $a = 20$ cm, $b = 32$ cm and $c = 45$ cm.

Determine the size of the largest angle to the nearest degree.

Largest angle = 118° (to nearest degree)



$$\theta = \frac{45^2 + 32^2 - 20^2}{2 \times 45 \times 32}$$

$$= 23^\circ$$

$$= 23^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 118^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 118^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 39^\circ$$

$$= 39^\circ$$

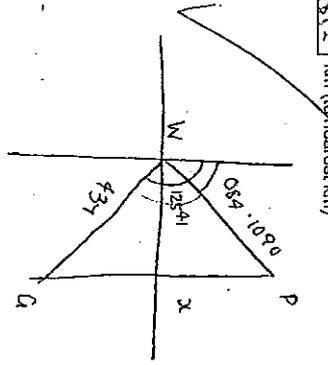
Question 16

* Granville is 437 km from Wentworth on a bearing of 125° .

Pittown is 1090 km from Wentworth on a bearing of 094° .

Calculate the distance from Granville to Pittown to the nearest kilometre.

Distance = 812 km (to nearest km)



$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 41 \\
 &125 - 84 \\
 x^2 &= 437^2 + 1090^2 - 2 \times 437 \times 1090 \cos \\
 \sqrt{x^2} &= \sqrt{660087.3713} \\
 x &= 812.457612 \\
 &\approx 812
 \end{aligned}$$

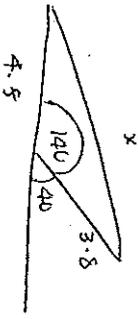
Question 17

Sam walks 4.5 km along a straight bush track, then turns 40° and walks a further 3.8 km in a straight line.

How far is he from his starting point?

Answer correct to 1 decimal place

Distance from start = 7.8 km (to 1 decimal place)



$$\begin{aligned}
 x^2 &= 4.5^2 + 3.8^2 - 2 \times 4.5 \times 3.8 \times \cos 140 \\
 x^2 &= 60.88871993 \\
 x &= 7.8
 \end{aligned}$$