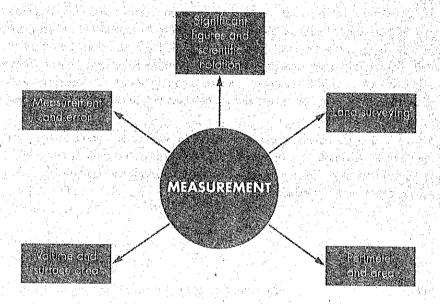
This chapter, Measurement, builds on the measurement work covered in Years 9 and 10. You examined the perimeters, areas, surface areas, volumes and capacities of more complex and composite shapes, including sectors, prisms, cylinders and spheres. Offset surveys and the trapezoidal rule were used to approximate areas of irregular shapes. You should have a good understanding of error in measurement, significant figures and scientific notation. There are many formulas in this chapter, so be sure to include them in your topic summary along with appropriate diagrams and examples.

Make a summary of this topic. Use the outline at the start of this chapter as a guide. An incomplete mind map is shown below. Use your own words, symbols, diagrams, boxes and reminders. Gain a 'whole picture' view of the topic and identify any weak areas.



To Test Yourself

9 and 10.
ore complex surveys and the I have a good ion. There are my along with

guide. rams, boxes areas. Convert:

- a 28.5 km to m
- **b** 6.4 t to kg
- 340 mL to L.



2 Farmer Joe's dam holds 43 ML of water, How many kilolitres does it hold?

(301)

- 3 The width of a room is measured as 3.66 m. Find:
 - a the absolute error of this measurement
 - b the limits of accuracy of this measurement
 - c the percentage error, correct to two decimal places.
- 4 Write each value correct to two significant figures.
 - a 38.915
- **b** 1036
- c 0.008 72
- **d** 6 587 200



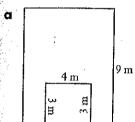
5 A bank has \$8 350 000 000 in its vault. Write this value in scientific notation.

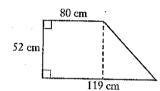


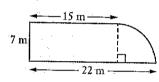
6 A cell is 4.6×10^{-6} mm in diameter. Write this in normal decimal notation.

5,05

7 Calculate the perimeter of each shape (correct to two decimal places for shape c).







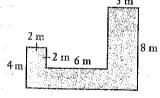
8 Convert:

a $8400 \text{ mm}^2 \text{ to cm}^2$

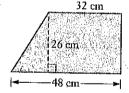
b 5.6 ha to m^2

- 506
- Calculate the area of each shape (correct to two significant figures for shape c).

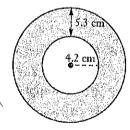




b



¢



(616)



- 10 For this sector, calculate correct to one decimal place:
 - a its perimeter
 - b its area.



(30%)

- 11 Felix completed an offset survey on a field, *PQRST*, and recorded the entries on the right in his notebook. Draw a diagram of the field and calculate its area:
 - α in m^2

b in ha.

	S	
16	52	
10	32	
	24	15
1	0	

(S)(013)

- 12 Convert:
 - $a = 20.7 \text{ cm}^3 \text{ to mm}^3$

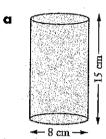
b $1.650\ 000\ \mathrm{cm^3\ to\ m^3}$.

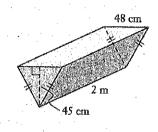


- 13 For each closed solid find, correct to two significant figures:
 - i the volume

ii the surface area





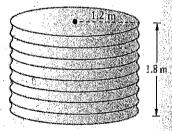




- 14 a How many millilitres will a container of volume 894 cm³ hold?
 - **b** How many litres will a container of volume 6.5 m³ hold?



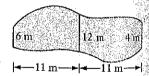
- 15 This water tank has the shape of a cylinder. Find correct to two significant figures:
 - a its volume in cubic metres
 - **b** its capacity in litres.



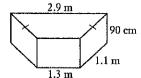


- **16** Find the area of this field, correct to the nearest square metre, using:
 - a one application of the trapezoidal rule
 - **b** two applications of the trapezoidal rule.

Which answer is more accurate? Why?



7 Blocks of concrete are used in the construction of a sports stadium. One of the blocks is shown in the diagram. Calculate, correct to one decimal place:





its surface area

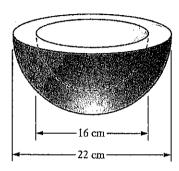
- b its volume.
- 8 A large stainless steel cylinder for storing wine is 7 m high and has a diameter of 2.8 m. How many full 750 mL bottles of wine can be filled from this container?



Rosemary is having a party and decides to make an 'ice bowl' to hold punch. She freezes water in the space between two hemispherical bowls of diameter 16 cm and 22 cm. Find, correct to two decimal places:

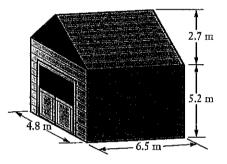


- the volume of ice used to make the bowl
 - how many litres of punch the ice bowl will hold.





- Find the volume of the barn shown.
 - If the barn is to be painted and one litre of paint covers 14 m², how much paint (rounded up to the nearest whole litre) do you need to put two coats on the barn?

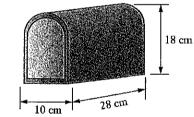




21 A 'hi-top' loaf of bread is cut into thick slices in the shape of a rectangle combined with a semicircle. Find, correct to two significant figures:









- the volume of the loaf
- the length of crust on one slice of bread.



S

52

32

R 16

0 10

L

 1 m^3 $6 \, \mathrm{m}^3$

00 L

 $1 \times 10^9 \, \text{m}^3$

 m^2 m^2

L n^3 m^2

 2700 m^3

 $3.0 \, \mathrm{m}^3$

 1100 cm^2

 11 m^2

 100 m^3 m^3

 0 m^3 $\times 10^{12} \text{ km}^3$

c \$16.96

 $c = 0.46 \, \text{m}^3$ it split in half. Exercise 5.1

1 265 62

It is e most efficien ackaging as it has the amount of air

16 000 mm³

b 1593 cm³ d 86 26

8400 cm 1200

 $0 \, \mathrm{cm}^2$

03 L; 4800 L

 $10 \, \mathrm{cm}^2$ 2nd pool b

 3 m^2 0.31 m^3

 460.8 m^2

Sample HSC problem

Test yourself 5

1 a 28 500

b 6400

0.34

2 43 000

 $a \pm 0.005$

b 3.655 m to 3.665 m

c 0.14%

4 a 39

b 1000

c 0.0087

c 55.00 cm

 $230 \, \mathrm{cm}^2$

d 6 600 000

5 8.35×10^9

6 0.000 004 6

a 40 m a 84 cm² 316 cm

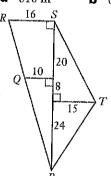
56 000 m

 1040 cm^2

10 a 120.1 cm 11 α 810 m^2

 α 44 m^2

 646.3 cm^2 **b** 0.081 ha



12 α 20 700 mm^3

b 1.65 m^3

13 a i $750 \, \mathrm{cm}^3$

ii 480 cm^2

0.22 m³ or 220 000 cm³

ii $3.2 \text{ m}^2 \text{ or } 32\ 000 \text{ cm}^2$

14 a 894 mL

b 6500 L

15 a 8.1 m^3

b 8100 L

16 a $110 \, \text{m}^2$

b 187 m^2

c 187 m² is more accurate, because by using two applications we use more trapeziums to approximate the area more accurately.

17 a 8.9 m^2

b $1.4 \, \text{m}^3$

18 57 470

19 a 1715.31 cm³

b 1.07 L

20 α 204 m^3

b 26 L

21 a 4700 cm^3

52 cm

Chapter 6

SkillCheck

I a 2.25

b 4050

2 143 c/L

a 84 mm

b 9.6 m

5200 L

c 36 L

11 min

d 2.61 kL \$466.24

5 90 days

6 \$4.88

7 a \$5.18

13 min

Exercise 6.01

1 a \$110.19

\$314.46

2

3 Œ 21 days

b quarterly

c water and sewerage service, \$142.75

d $18 \,\mathrm{kL}$

No, in cooler months fewer showers, water garden less

similar usage so can compare savings made for conditions

18 000 $\frac{19+30+8+31}{19+30+8+31} = 204.545... = 205 \, L$

\$2.115/kL

 $18 \times 2.115 = 38.07

\$84.60 j

4 \mathbf{C}

a \$50.76 **b** 15.4 kL

c \$306.84