

MARCELLIN COLLEGE RANDWICK



YEAR 9 Stage 5.3

TERM 3 ASSESSMENT

2015

Weighting: 20% of Assessment Mark.

STUDENT NAME: _____

TEACHER: _____

MARK: /60

TIME ALLOWED: 45 minutes.

DIRECTIONS:

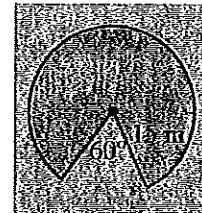
- Answer all questions.
- Show all necessary working where more than one mark is allocated to a question.
- Full marks may not be awarded for answers only.
- Marks may not be awarded for badly arranged work.
- Calculators are allowed

Section 1 - Area, Surface Area & Volume (7 marks)

Marks

1. Calculate the area of the following figure, correct to two decimal places.

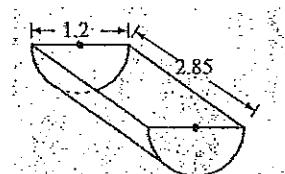
2



2. Calculate the surface area of the following figure.

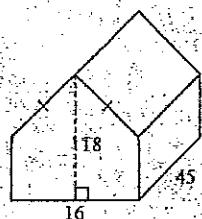
Correct to 3 significant figures and all measurements are in centimetres.

3



Section 1 continued

3. Calculate the volume of the following figures *all measurements are in centimetres, correct to one decimal place.*



Marks

2

Section 2 continued

2. List the sample space of a die being rolled.

Marks

1

3. A bag contains 5 red marbles, 2 yellow marbles and 1 green marble. Two marbles are drawn at random in succession with replacement.

Find the probability:

- (a) That the first marble drawn is red.

1

- (b) A red marble drawn first followed by a green marble.

2

4. A die is rolled and a coin is tossed.

- (a) Complete the tree diagram.

2

Section 2 – Probability (19 marks)

Marks

1. Describe each of the following events using the terms impossible, unlikely, even chance, likely or certain.

- (a) An even number less than 2 results when a die is rolled.

1

- (b) A die is rolled and a 4 is the result.

1

- (c) A card is drawn from a deck of cards and it is a black card.

1

(b) What is the probability of tossing a tail and rolling an even number?

1

Section 2 continued

Marks

(c) What is the probability of tossing a head and rolling at least a 2?

1

6. In year 9 at Mt Random High School, every student must do Art or Music. In a group of 100 students surveyed, 47 do music and 59 do art.

(a) Complete the Venn diagram using the information above.

2

5. The two-way table below represents data collected from 400 people, and compares gender and participation in exercise:

	Male	Female
Exercise	166	106
No Exercise	84	44

From the population represented in the table, find the probability of selecting:

(a) a male that does not exercise

1

If one student is chosen at random from year 9, find the probability that this student does:

(a) both Art and Music

1

(b) either a male or female that exercises

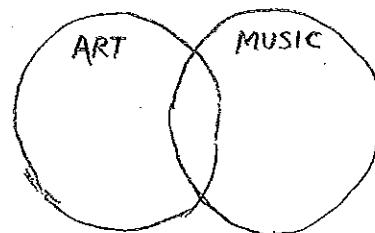
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(b) only Art

1

(c) only Music

1

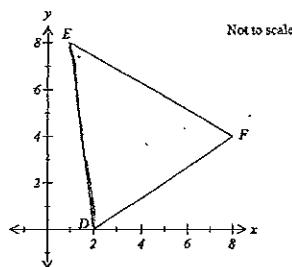


Section 3 – Coordinate Geometry

(21 marks)

Marks

1.



The points D , E and F have coordinates $(2, 0)$, $(1, 8)$ and $(8, 4)$ respectively.

Find the:

- (a) Distance between D and E , correct to nearest whole number.

2

- (b) Gradient of the line DF .

2

- (c) Equation of the line DF , in general form.

2

Section 3 continued

Marks

2. Given the Midpoint of an interval AB is $M(-2, 3)$ and A is $(1, 6)$, find the point B .

2

3. Find the equation of the line that is parallel to the line $2x - y - 10 = 0$ and passes through the point $(4, -1)$.

3

4. Prove that the point $(-6, 4)$ lies on the line $y = 2 - \frac{x}{3}$.

2

Section 3 continued

5. Find the gradient and the y-intercept of $2x+3y-9=0$.

Marks

2

Section 3 continued

7. Complete the table of values and graph the curve on the number line provided for the equation

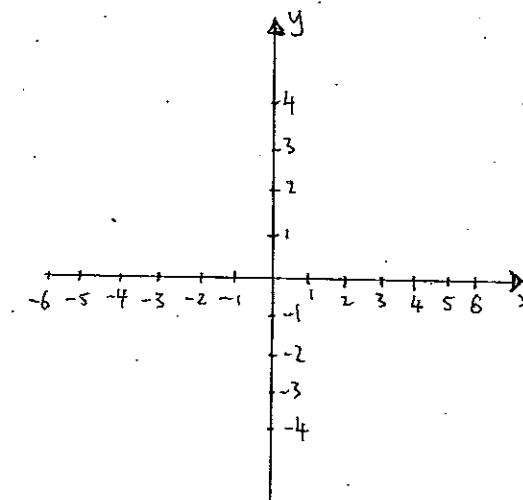
$$y = 4 - x^2$$

X	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

2

6. Sketch $y = 2x - 4$ by finding the x & y Intercepts.

3



1

Section 4 – Statistics

(13 marks)

1. (a) Complete the table below.

Score (x)	Frequency (f)	Cumulative Frequency
15	1	
16	5	
17	9	
18	7	
19	3	

From the table above calculate the:

(b) Mean

1

(c) Median

1

(d) Range

1

2. The times (in minutes), spent in a shop for both men and women are recorded below.
Determine the difference between the median scores of both the men and women.

SCORES ON A CLASS TEST

MEN	Women
9 8 8	0 6
5 4 4 2 2	1 2 2 5 8
9 3 1 1	2 1 3 3 4 5 5 6
5 4 2	3 2 2 4

2

Marks

1

Section 4 continued

Marks

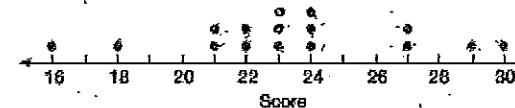
3. Find the interquartile range from the following sets of data:

(a) 6, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 5, 6 & 2

2

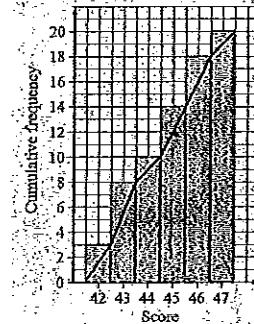
(b)

Scores in Maths test out of 30



2

4.



(a) What is the median mark?

2

(b) How many students scored 45?

1

Section 1

$$1. A = \text{Area of entire circle} \times \frac{\theta}{360}$$

here in the shaded sector, θ is

$$360^\circ - 60^\circ = 300^\circ$$

$$\text{Radius} = 15\text{m.}$$

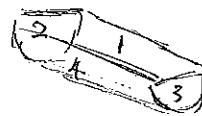
$$\text{Total Area} = 2\pi r^2 = 30\pi \text{ m}^2$$

$$\text{So Area of sector} = 30\pi \times \frac{300}{360}$$

$$= 30\pi \times \frac{5}{6}$$

$$= \frac{150\pi}{6} = 25\pi \text{ m}^2.$$

2. we have 4 surfaces on this half cylinder.



2 + 3 go together to make a circle with area $\pi r^2 = \pi (0.6)^2$

1 is a rectangle with area

$$2.85 \times 1.2 = 3.42.$$

Area 4 is a rectangle with height 2.85 and length half circumference.

$$= 2.85 \times r \times \pi$$

Marcellin Year 9
Stage S.3

Term 3 Assessment

SAMPLE SOLUTIONS

Adding them all together

$$0.36\pi + 3.42 + 1.71\pi$$

$$= 3.42 + 2.07\pi$$

$$\approx 9.923 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ (3 d.p.)}$$

3. The solid is a triangular prism atop a rectangular prism
For Rect. Prism
 $= 12 \times 16 \times 45 = 8640 \text{ cm}^3.$

For the Triangular prism.
Height = 18 - 12 = 6.

$$\text{So area} = \frac{6 \times 16 \times 45}{2}$$

$$= 2160 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$V = 8640 + 2160$$

$$= 10800 \text{ cm}^3$$

Section 2

1. a) Even number less than 2.
⇒ Impossible

- b) 4 from a single die roll
= $\frac{1}{6} < 50\%$
⇒ Unlikely

- c) Card is drawn from deck of cards is black.

Assuming without Jokers

$$= \frac{26}{52} = 0.5 = 50\%$$

⇒ Even chance.

2. Sample space = all possible results

$$= \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$$

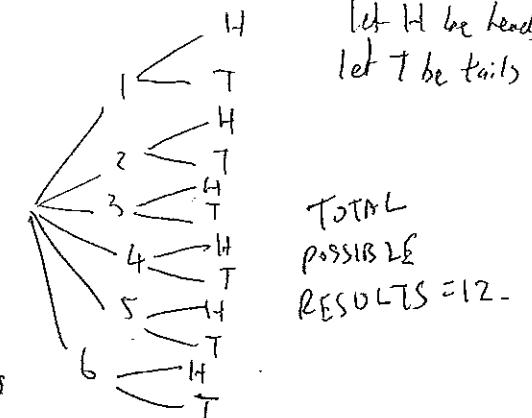
3. SR, 2Y, 1G.

$$a) \frac{5}{5+2+1} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$b) \underbrace{\frac{5}{8}}_{\text{Probability of Red First}} \times \underbrace{\frac{1}{7}}_{\text{Probability of Green Second}} = \frac{5}{56}$$

Probability of Red First
Probability of Green Second

4. a) Dice, then coin



- b) tossing tail and even number.

$$\{2T, 4T, 6T\}$$

So $\frac{3}{12} = \frac{1}{4}$ is the probability.

- c) tossing head and rolling at least a 2.

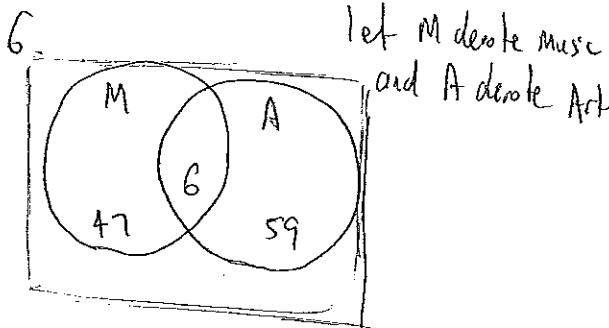
$$\{2H, 3H, 4H, 5H, 6H\}$$

$$= \frac{5}{12}$$

5. Total sample space = 400.

$$a) \frac{84}{400} = \frac{21}{100}$$

$$b) \frac{166 + 106}{400} = \frac{17}{25}$$



a) both Art and music

$$= \frac{6}{100} = \frac{3}{50}$$

b) only Art = $\frac{53}{100}$

c) only music = $\frac{41}{100}$

Section 3

$$\begin{array}{c} E(1,8) \\ | \\ | \\ (8,0) | \quad x \\ | \\ | \\ (2,-1) = D(2,0) \end{array}$$

$$x = \sqrt{8^2 + 1^2}$$

$$= x = \sqrt{65} \approx 8.06$$

$x = 8$ units (nearest whole number)

$$\begin{aligned} 6) M_{DF} &= \frac{4-0}{8-2} \\ &= \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}. \end{aligned}$$

c) DF in general form.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

lets use point D(2,0) for reference

$$y - 0 = \frac{2}{3}(x - 2)$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}(x - 2)$$

$$3y = 2x - 4$$

$$2x - 3y - 4 = 0$$

2. Midpoint formula.

$$\left\{ \frac{x_1+x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1+y_2}{2} \right\} = (-2, 3)$$

let A be (x_1, y_1)

$$\frac{1+x_2}{2} = -2 \rightarrow x_2 = -5$$

$$\frac{6+y_2}{2} = 3 \rightarrow y_2 = 0$$

$$\text{so } B = (-5, 0)$$

3. parallel to $2x - y - 10 = 0$
passes through (4, -1)

$$y = 2x - 10.$$

$$m_{line} = 2.$$

So a line parallel would have the same gradient.

$$\text{using } y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - (-1) = 2(x - 4)$$

$$y + 1 = 2x - 8$$

$$y = 2x - 9$$

$$4. y = 2 - \frac{x}{3}$$

RTP $(-6, 4)$ lies on.

Substituting values in

$$4 = 2 - \frac{6}{3}$$

$$4 = 2 + 2$$

Therefore the condition satisfies

Therefore $(-6, 4)$ lies on the line $y = 2 - \frac{x}{3}$.

$$5. 2x + 3y - 9 = 0$$

To find gradient turn into $y = mx + b$ form

$$3y = -2x + 9$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{9}{3}$$

$$= -\frac{2}{3}x + 3$$

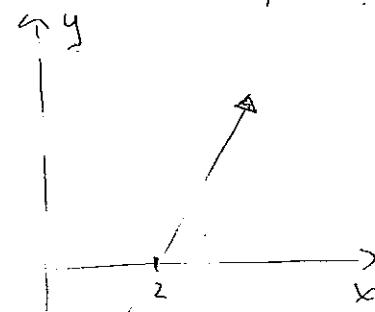
$$\text{so gradient} = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$y \text{ intercept} = 3. \quad [\text{THAT'S WHEN WE LET } x=0]$$

$$6. y = 2x - 4.$$

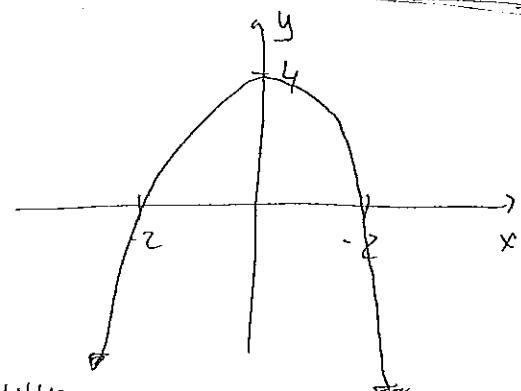
$$y \text{ intercept} = -4$$

$$x \text{ intercept} = 2.$$



$$7. y = 4 - x^2$$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	-5	0	3	4	3	0	-5



Section 4.

Score (x)	Frequency (f)	cumulative frequency
15	1	1
16	5	6
17	9	15
18	7	22
19	3	25

$$b) \text{ Mean} = \frac{(15 \times 1) + (16 \times 5) + (17 \times 9) + (18 \times 7) + (19 \times 3)}{25}$$

$$\approx 17.24.$$

b) $16, 18, 21, 21, 22, 22, 23, 23, 23, 24, 24, 24, 27, 27, 29, 30$

$$c) \text{ median} = 17.$$

$$d) \text{ Range} = 19 - 15 = 4.$$

$$2. \text{ Mean median} = 15 \text{ minutes}$$

$$\text{Median's median} = 23 \text{ minutes}$$

3. a) Putting the values in order -

$$2, 3, 4, 5, 5, 6, 6, 6, 9$$

$$\text{mean} = 5$$

$$Q_1 = \frac{3+4}{2} = 3.5$$

$$Q_3 = 6$$

$$IQR = 6 - 3.5 = 2.5$$

$$Q_1 = 21.5$$

$$Q_3 = \frac{24+27}{2} = 25.5$$

$$IQR = Q_3 - Q_1 = 25.5 - 21.5 =$$

$$4. a) \frac{20}{15} = 1.33$$

at the first the cumulative freq. hits 10, the marks between 24 and 45 \rightarrow ie median is 44.5

b) 4 students