

Name: _____

Mark you are aiming for: _____

Sydney Girls High School Mathematics Department
Year 10 Topic Test – Quadratic Equations

Time Allowed: 40 minutes. Simplify all answers fully. Show all working and units.

Question 1: Solve

i) $(x-3)(2-x)=0$

ii) $(3t-4)(4t+3)=0$

Question 2: Complete the following perfect squares:

i) $(\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})^2 = x^2 + \underline{\quad} + 9$

ii) $(\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad})^2 = \underline{\quad} + 16m + 16$

iii) $x^2 - 7x = (\underline{\quad} - \underline{\quad})^2$

Question 3: Factorise and solve:

i) $2x^2 - 8x = 0$

ii) $6x^2 - 7x - 20 = 0$

iii) $4x^2 - 1 = 0$

Question 4: Solve giving your answer to 2 decimal places.

i) $x^2 - 4x + 1 = 0$

ii) $3x^2 - 9x + 7 = 0$

Question 5: Solve, leaving your answer as a surd.

i) $3 - 17x = -5x^2$

ii) $\frac{4(x+2)}{x} = x+1$ *

Question 6: Read carefully:

The difference between a positive integer and its square is equal to 48 more than the integer. Find the integer.

Question 7: Read carefully:

A rectangle is 2cm longer than it is wide. If its area in cm^2 is equal to its perimeter in cm, find its dimensions to 2dp. (HINT- draw a diagram)

Name: Martin

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Question 1: Solve

i) $(x-3)(2-x)=0$ Quicker to say $x-3=0$, $2-x=0$
 $\therefore x=3$ or $x=2$

$$2x - x^2 - 6 + 3x = 0$$

$$= 5x - x^2 - 6 = 0 \quad \checkmark \text{ Why this?}$$

$$\frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{25 - 24}}{-2} = \frac{-5 \pm 1}{-2} = 0$$

$$x = 3, x = 2$$

ii) $(3t-4)(4t+3)=0 \Rightarrow 3t-4=0$ or $4t+3=0$

$$12t^2 - 7t - 12 = 0$$

$$\frac{7 \pm \sqrt{49 + 576}}{24} = 0$$
~~$$\frac{7 \pm \sqrt{25}}{24} = 0$$~~

$$x = \frac{32}{24}, \frac{-18}{24} \quad x = \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{3}{4}$$

Question 2: Complete the following perfect squares:

i) $(x-3)^2 = x^2 - 6x + 9$ ii) $(m+4)^2 = m^2 + 8m + 16$ iii) $x^2 - 7x + \frac{49}{4} = (x - \frac{7}{2})^2$

Question 3: Factorise and solve:

i) $2x^2 - 8x = 0$

~~$$2x(x-4) = 0$$~~

$$2x(x-4) = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$x = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$x = 4 \quad \checkmark$$

ii) $6x^2 - 7x - 20 = 0$

~~$$(6x-15)(6x+8) = 0$$~~

$$\frac{(6x-15)(6x+8)}{6} = 0$$

$$3(2x-5)(3x+4) = 0$$

$$(2x-5)(3x+4) = 0$$

$$x = \frac{5}{2}, x = -\frac{4}{3}$$

iii) $4x^2 - 1 = 0$

~~$$(2x-1)(2x+1) = 0$$~~

~~ANS~~

$$x = 0.5 \quad \checkmark$$

$$x = -0.5 \quad \checkmark$$

Question 4: Solve giving your answer to 2 decimal places.

i) $x^2 - 4x + 1 = 0$

$$\frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 - 4}}{2}$$

$$\frac{4 \pm \sqrt{12}}{2} \quad \checkmark$$

$$x = 3.73 \quad \checkmark$$

$$x = 0.27 \quad \checkmark$$

ii) $3x^2 - 9x + 7 = 0$

~~$$\frac{9 \pm \sqrt{81 - 84}}{6} = 0$$~~

~~$$\frac{9 \pm \sqrt{-3}}{6} = 0$$~~

~~ANS~~ no solution

Question 5: Solve, leaving your answer as a surd.

i) $3 - 17x = -5x^2$

$$5x^2 + 3 - 17x = 0$$

$$\frac{17 \pm \sqrt{289 - 60}}{10} = 0$$

$$\frac{17 \pm \sqrt{229}}{10} = 0$$

$$x = \frac{17 \pm \sqrt{229}}{10}$$

ii) $\frac{4(x+2)}{x} = x+1$

$$\frac{4x+8}{x} = x+1$$

$$4x+8 = x^2+x$$

$$x^2 - 3x - 8 = 0 \quad x = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{41}}{2}$$

$$\frac{3 \pm \sqrt{9+32}}{2} = 0$$

$$\frac{3 \pm \sqrt{41}}{2} = 0$$

Question 6: Read carefully:

The difference between a positive integer and its square is equal to 48 more than the integer. Find the integer.

$$x - x^2 = x + 48$$

$$x^2 - x = x + 48$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 48 = 0$$

$$s = -2$$

$$p = -48$$

$$(x-8)(x+6) = 0$$

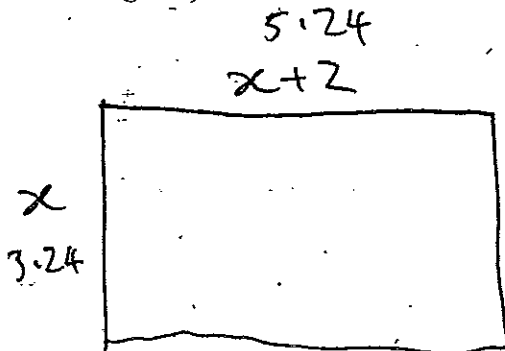
$$x = 8$$

$$x = -6$$

~~$x + x^2 = 48 + x$~~
 ~~$x^2 - 47x = 0$~~
 ~~$x^2 + x = 48 + x$~~
 ~~$x^2 = 48$~~
 ~~$x = \pm \sqrt{48}$~~

Question 7: Read carefully:

A rectangle is 2cm longer than it is wide. If its area in cm^2 is equal to its perimeter in cm, find its dimensions to 2dp. (HINT- draw a diagram)



$$\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4+16}}{2} = 0$$

$$\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{20}}{2} = 0$$

$$x = 3.24$$

$$= 16.98 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$x^2 + 2x = 4x + 4$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 4 = 0$$