



Waverley College
Year 10 Non-Calculator Exam (2006)

TIME ALLOWED: 30 MINUTES

NAME:

TEACHER:

INSTRUCTIONS:

Attempt all questions – answer in the space provided
Write in blue or black pen only
NO CALCULATORS MAY BE USED

$\frac{\quad}{25}$	=	$\frac{\quad}{100}$
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1 Evaluate 400×12

2 $23.5 \div 8$ is 2.9375.

What is the value of $\$23.50 \div 8$ to the nearest 5 cents?

3 Evaluate $35 \div 0.2$

4 Write 7.4265 correct to 2 decimal places

5 Find the value of $2^3 + 3^2$

6 Write a decimal that lies between $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$

7 Evaluate 0.4×0.2

8 $200 \times 15 + 200 \times 7 + 200 \times 8$

9 What was the date 15 days after 20th February 2003?

10 A can of drink costs 80 cents.
How many cans of drink can be bought for \$3.20?

11 $5 \div \frac{1}{3} =$

12 $42 \times 8 = 336.$

What is the value of 0.42×8 ?

13 The time on the digital clock appears as

13:53

How many minutes are there until 4pm on the same day?

14 Trent has 40 foody cards. He lost $\frac{1}{4}$ of them and sold 50% of the remaining cards. How many cards did Trent have left?

15 Add $\frac{7}{100}$ to 5.934

16 Complete the table below using the rule $A = n(n-1)$

n	2	4	6
A	2	12	30

- 17 What number is half-way between $\frac{2}{5}$ and 0.7?

- 18 The expression $\frac{84}{\Delta + 3}$ has a value between 8 and 10.

What is a possible value of Δ ?

- 19 The ratio of boys to girls in an Extension Mathematics class is 4:5. The number of girls increases from 15 to 18.

What is the new ratio of boys to girls?

- 20 Write $\frac{2}{3}$ as a repeating decimal

- 21 By how much is $\frac{1}{2}$ greater than $\frac{3}{8}$?

22 If $7! = 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$ and $5! = 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$,

find the value of $\frac{7!}{5!}$

23 Jason is one year older than Mark and one year younger than Dean.

The sum of all their ages is 15.

Calculate the product of their ages.

24 The symbol ψ stands for 'double and add 3'.

For example, $\psi(4) = 2 \times 4 + 3$
 $= 11$

Evaluate $\psi(8)$

25 Consider the pattern

$$3^2 - 2^2 = 3 + 2 = 5$$

$$4^2 - 3^2 = 4 + 3 = 7$$

$$5^2 - 4^2 = 5 + 4 = 9$$

Use the pattern to complete:

$$29^2 - 28^2 = [29] + [28] = [57]$$

ANSWERS.

1. 4800

2. \$2.95

3. 175

4. 7.43

5. 17

6. Any $0.51 \rightarrow 0.74$

7. 0.08

8. 6000

9. 7th March 2003

10. 4

11. 15

12. 3036

13. 127 mins

14. 15 cards

15. 60004

16. 30

17. 0.55

18. Δ is 6 or 7

19. 2:3 (12 boys)

20. 0.6

21. $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{8} = \frac{1}{8}$

22. $\frac{7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}{5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1} = 42$

23. $(x-1) + x + (x+1) = 15$ ($x=5$)

\therefore Ages are 4, 5, 6 product = 120

24. 19

25. $29^2 - 28^2 = [29] + [28] = [57]$