# A Selection of Australian Mathematics Competition Publications

The Australian Mathematics Competition Solutions and Statistics	4004 0 04.	
These books provide, each year a record of the AMC questions, solutions, analyses and prize winners at the Junior, intermediate & Senior level.  The 1991 book will be available December 1991 @ \$A9 each	1984 @ \$A5 each 1985 @ \$A5 each 1986 @ \$A5 each 1987 @ \$A6 each 1988 @ \$A7 each	
All The Best From The AMC	1989 @ \$A8 each	
The questions and solutions in the seven AMC papers from 1978 to 1984 have been collected together into the volume, grouped into topics and ranked in order of difficulty. The book is an extremely useful aid for mathematics teachers, students and parents and a source of pleasure for all with an interest in mathematics and problem solving.	1990 @ \$A8 each \$A20.00 each	
Mathematical Olympiads - The Australian Scene		
These books provide an annual record of the Australian Mathematical Olympiad Committee's activities. They consist of the questions, solutions and statistics for the inter-state final of the Australian Mathematical Olympiad, the Australian Mathematical Olympiad and the International Mathematical Olympiad.  The 1991 book will be available December 1991 @ \$A10 each	1987 @ \$A7 each 1988 @ \$A8 each 1989 @ \$A9 each 1990 @ \$A9 each	
The Toolchest - Mark 2		
A list of Mathematical Olympiad level skills compiled by the Australian Mathematical Olympiad Committee.	\$A9.00 each	
The University of Canberra Mathematics Day		
These books give a record of an extremely popular fun day of mathematics held each year at the University of Canberra (formerly the Canberra College of Advanced Education). The day is designed to identify and encourage talented senior mathematics students. The events include team races, a speed contest, a Swiss contest and a relay event that combines good number skills with running shoes. The 1991 book will be available December 1991 @ \$A10 each	1986 @ \$A6 each 1987 @ \$A7 each 1988 @ \$A8 each 1989 @ \$A9 each 1990 @ \$A9 each	
An Olympiad Down Under - A Report on the 29th International Mathematical Olympiad in Australia		
This is the most comprehensive book ever produced on an IMO. It has over 240 pages including 120 photographs, 90 questions and solutions and 50 pages of statistics.	\$A20.00 each	
NOTE: Order Forms for other AMC publications are available from the Australian Mathematics Cor	npetition office.	
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All Cheques should be in Australian currency and made payable to "Australian Mathemati sent to: Australian Mathematics Competition, University of Canberra, P.O. Box 1, Belconnen, A.C.	cs Competition" and T. 2616, Australia	
Please note:  (i) The AMC Committee regrets that orders cannot be accepted without attached  (ii) The above prices are current to 31 December 1991.	payment.	
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# Australian Mathematics Competition

for the Westpac Awards

# 1991 JUNIOR DIVISION COMPETITION PAPER (School Years 7 and 8)

TUESDAY 30 JULY 1991

## INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

#### General

- 1. Do not open this booklet until told to do so by your teacher.
- 2. Calculators are not permitted. Scribbling paper, graph paper, ruler and compasses are permitted.
- 3. Diagrams are NOT drawn to scale. They are intended only as aids.
- 4. Avoid random guessing as one quarter of the marks assigned for that question will be deducted for an incorrect response.
- Read carefully the instructions on the answer sheet. It is the student's responsibility that the answer sheet is correctly coded.
- 6. When your teacher gives the signal, begin working on the problems. You have  $1\frac{1}{4}$  hours working time.

#### Integrity of the Competition

To ensure the integrity of the Competition and to identify the outstanding students the AMC reserves the right to re-examine students before deciding whether to grant official status to their score.

#### Answers on the Answer Sheet

- 1. All answers should be recorded on the answer sheet.
- 2. Use only B or 2B lead pencil.
- If a coding error is made use only a plastic eraser to ensure that all lead marks and smudges are completely removed.

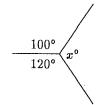
#### J2

### Questions 1-10, 3 marks each

- 1. 9.2 + 2.9 equals
  - (A) 11.11
- (B) 12.1
- (C) 18.4
- (D) 9.49 (E) 11.1

- 2. In the diagram x equals
  - (A) 100
- (B) 110
- (C) 120

- (D) 130
- (E) 140



- 3.  $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{10}{21}$  equals
- (A)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (B)  $\frac{2}{7}$  (C)  $\frac{13}{105}$  (D)  $\frac{15}{13}$

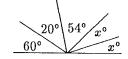
- 4.  $0.5 \times 0.03$  equals
  - (A) 0.15
- (B) 0.53
- (C) 0.053
- (D) 0.015
- (E) 1.5

- 5. The number which is 55 less than 10010 is
  - (A) 9 955
- (B) 9965
- (C) 9555
- (D) 99955
- (E) 99965
- 6. If we multiply 24 by  $\frac{1}{12}$  and then add 12, we get
  - (A)  $36\frac{1}{12}$
- (B) 24
- (C) 14
- (D) 36
- (E) 300
- 7. The area of a square is 25 square centimetres. Its perimeter, in centimetres, is
  - (A) 16
- (B) 15
- (C) 20
- (D) 10
- (E) 25

- 8. The sum of the greatest and the least of the numbers 0.32, 0.302, 0.7, 0.688 and 0.649 is
  - (A) 1.008
- (B) 1.002
- (C) 1.388
- (D) 1.02
- (E) 0.969

- 9. In the diagram x equals
  - (A) 34
- (B) 33
- (C) 46

- (D) 67
- (E) 23



- 10. The number 1991 is a palindrome because it is unchanged if its digits are written in the reverse order. How many years are there from 1991 until the next palindromic year?
  - (A) 9
- (B) 11
- (C) 121
- (D) 231
- (E) 1001

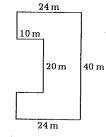
Questions 11-20, 4 marks each

11. If x > 7, which of the following is smallest?

- (A)  $\frac{x}{7}$  (B)  $\frac{7}{x}$  (C)  $\frac{7}{x+1}$  (D)  $\frac{x+1}{7}$  (E)  $\frac{7}{x-1}$
- 12. A traveller receives \$1.25 in New Zealand currency for each of his Australian dollars. To receive 1000 New Zealand dollars, the amount in Australian dollars he would need to change is
  - (A) 750
- (B) 800
- (C) 875
- (D) 1200
- (E) 1250

- 13. Lawn food is to be applied to a lawn at the rate of 2.5 kg per 100 m<sup>2</sup>. The lawn has dimensions as shown in the diagram, and all angles are right angles. The amount of lawn food needed, in kilograms, is
  - (A) 18
- (B) 19
- (C) 20

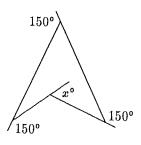
- (D) 22
- (E) 24



14.	If your heart pumps about 80 millilitres of blood each second, t.	har
	the volume of blood, in litres, it pumps in one day, is about	1161

- (A) 7
- (B) 70
- (C) 500
- (D) 5000
- (E) 7000.
- 15. The average of four numbers is 48. If 8 is subtracted from each number the average of the four new numbers is
  - (A) 16
- (B) 40
- (C) 46
- (D) 44
- (E) 6
- 16. The lengths, in centimetres, of the sides of a triangle are 2x, 3x and 4x. If the perimeter of this triangle is 45 cm, then the difference, in centimetres, between the lengths of the longest and shortest sides is
  - (A) 5
- (B) 10
- (C) 15
- (D) 20
- (E) 25
- 17. If  $P \uparrow \text{ means } P+1 \text{ and } P \downarrow \text{ means } P-1 \text{ then } (4 \uparrow) \times (3 \downarrow) \text{ is equal}$ to
  - (A) 9 1
- (B) 10 ↑
- (C) 11 L
- (D) 12 ↑
- (E) 13 ↓

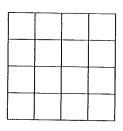
18. Three external angles of a quadrilateral are each 150°. Another angle is marked  $x^{\circ}$ . as shown. The value of x is



- (A) 90
- (B) 30
- (C) 60
- (D) 45
- (E) 120
- 19. One of the elephants in the zoo is on a special diet and eats every day a portion of carrots which is equal to what one of the rabbits eats in one year (365 days). Together, in one day, the elephant and the rabbit eat 111 kilograms of carrots. How many kilograms of carrots does the rabbit eat in one day?

  - (A)  $\frac{1}{2}$  (B)  $\frac{111}{165}$  (C)  $\frac{37}{122}$  (D)  $\frac{19}{61}$

20. Piran has a 4×4 grid of squares on which he is trying to place as many counters as possible. No more than one counter may be placed on any square and no more than three on any row, column or diagonal. What is the maximum number of counters he can place in this way?



- (A) 9
- (B) 10
- (C) 11
- (D) 12
- (E) 13

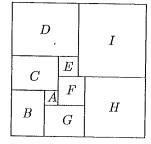
## Questions 21-30, 5 marks each

- 21. Suppose that the mosquito population of the world is  $36\,000\,000\,000$ and that these mosquitoes can be packed into a cubic box with no space wasted. If the average volume of a mosquito is 6 mm<sup>3</sup>, how long would the edge of the box have to be?
  - (A) 6 m
- (B) 36 cm
- (C) 6 cm
- (D) 36 m
- (E) 6 km

22. Nine squares are arranged as shown. If square A has area  $1 \text{ cm}^2$  and square B has area 81 cm<sup>2</sup> then the area, in square centimetres, of square I is

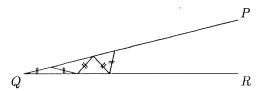


- (B) 256
- (C) 289
- (D) 324
- (E) 361



- 23. How many positive integers less than 1000 have the sum of their digits equal to 6?
  - (A) 28
- (B) 19
- (C) 111
- (D) 18
- (E) 27

24. In the diagram  $\angle PQR = 12^{\circ}$ , and a sequence of isosceles triangles is drawn as shown.

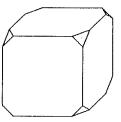


What is the largest number of such triangles that can be drawn?

- (A) 8
- (B) 4
- (C) 5
- (D) 7
- (E) 6
- 25. Maria is about to travel on a bus, and she knows she must tender the exact fare. She is not sure what this is, but she knows it is greater than \$1.00 and less than \$3.00. What is the minimum number of coins she must carry to be sure of carrying the correct fare? (Assume that the available coins are 1c, 2c, 5c, 10c, 20c, 50c, \$1 and \$2.)
  - (A) 6
- (B) 7
- (C) 8
- (D) 9
- (E) 10
- 26. Mary's brother and grandmother both died young. The sum of their lifespans equalled 66 years. Mary's brother died 93 years after their grandmother was born. How many years after their grandmother died was Mary's brother born?
  - (A) 37
- (B) 33
- (C) 30
- (D) 27
- (E) 17
- 27. A shop buys 40 pens of three different types at a cost of \$40. If the pens cost 25c, \$1 and \$5 each, and there are more \$1 pens than \$5 pens, how many 25c pens were bought?
  - (A) 20
- (B) 12
- (C) 24
- (D) 16
- (E) 18
- 28. How many whole numbers between 100 and 999 have their digits in strictly decreasing order? (e.g. 321, 961, but not 322)
  - (A) 36
- (B) 84
- (C) 112
- (D) 120
- (E) 898

- 29. Three sets of twin girls are each married to twin boys in such a way that each girl's twin sister is married to her husband's twin brother. If all twelve of them enter a mixed doubles tennis tournament, in how many ways can they be arranged as six mixed pairs (i.e. in each pair there is one girl and one boy) so that no one is paired with their spouse or their twin's spouse?
  - (A) 80
- (B) 16
- (C) 48
- (D) 32
- (E) 96

30. The corners of a cube are cut off in such a way as to form triangles. If all 24 corners of the figure formed are joined by diagonals to each other, how many of these diagonals pass through the interior of the figure?



- (A) 84
- (B) 108
- (C) 120
- (D) 142
- (E) 240

# Questions 1-10, 3 marks each

- 1. 9.2 + 2.9 equals
  - (A) 11.11
- (C) 18.4

(E) 11.1

2. In the diagram x equals

(D) 130

- (A) 100
- (B) 110
- (C) 120

- 3.  $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{10}{21}$  equals

(D) 9.49

- **4.**  $0.5 \times 0.03$  equals
  - (A) 0.15
- (B) 0.53
- (C) 0.053
- (E) 1.5

5. The number which is 55 less than 10010 is

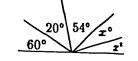


- (B) 9965
- JD)299 955
- (E) 99 965
- 6. If we multiply 24 by  $\frac{1}{12}$  and then add 12, we get
- (A)  $36\frac{1}{12}$  (B) 24  $\sqrt{(C)}$  14
- (D) 36
- (E) 300
- 7. The area of a square is 25 square centimetres. Its perimeter, in centimetres, is
  - (A) 16

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- 8. The sum of the greatest and the least of the numbers 0.32, 0.302, 0.7, 0.688 and 0.649 is
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- (D) 1.02
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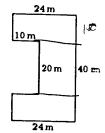
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  - (A) 9
- (C) 121
- (D) 231
- (E) 100:

# Questions 11-20, 4 marks each

- 11. If x > 7, which of the following is smallest?

- 12. A traveller receives \$1.25 in New Zealand currency for each of his Australian dollars. To receive 1000 New Zealand dollars, the amount in Australian dollars he would need to change is
  - (A) 750
- (C) 875
- (D) 1200
- (E) 125(
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- (D) 22
- (E) 24



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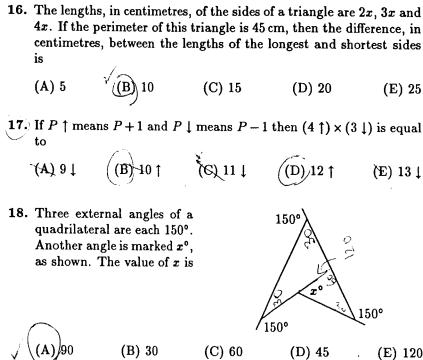
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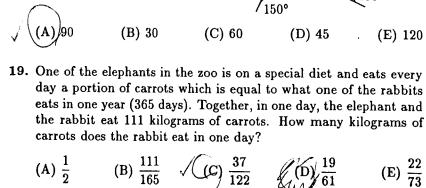
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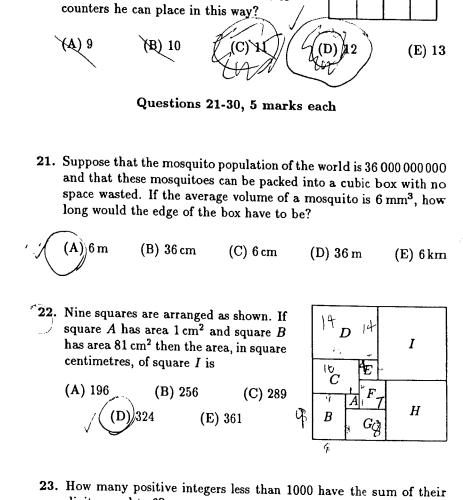
digits equal to 6?

(B) 19

			<b>J</b> 3					
14.	If your heart pumps about 80 millilitres of blood each second, then the volume of blood, in litres, it pumps in one day, is about							
	(A) 7	(B) 70	(C) 500	(D) 5000	(E) 7000			
15.	15. The average of four numbers is 48. If 8 is subtracted from each number the average of the four new numbers is							
	(A) 16	<b>(B)</b> 40	(C) 46	(D) 44	(E) 6			
16.	6. The lengths, in centimetres, of the sides of a triangle are $2x$ , $3x$ and $4x$ . If the perimeter of this triangle is 45 cm, then the difference, in centimetres, between the lengths of the longest and shortest sides is							
	(A) 5	(B) 10	(C) 15	(D) 20	(E) 25			
17.	If $P \uparrow \text{mean}$ to	as $P+1$ and $P$	$\downarrow$ means $P-1$	then $(4 \uparrow) \times$	(3↓) is equal			
			¥	pro-				







(C) 111

(D) 18