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1. Research Background





Applications:

Military application: detect the underwater weapons. Civilian application, find and locate the black box.

Existing research:

Nonsynchronous localization method: the DOA based method and the TDOA based method.

Path plan: usually use the comb path, and the comb interval is decided mainly on experience.





2. The proposed path plan method





The planned path is composed of three steps.







h,

h_{sea}

& 2000

 R_{shu}

Research on the Path Plan for Searching Acoustic Beacon of Black Box based on AUV

Step 1: Target searching using the comb path



$$R_{\rm shu} = 2\sqrt{(R_{range} - R_{al})^2 - (h_{\rm v} - h_{\rm sea} - h_{al})^2}$$





Step 2: Target approaching using the elliptical arc path







Step 3: Precisely localization using the circular path Localization precision distribution for TDOA based method





Step 3: Precisely localization using the circular path Localization precision distribution for DOA based method



$$\mathbf{H}_{DOA} = \mathbf{M}_{a} \cdot \mathbf{D}_{a} \cdot \mathbf{M}_{a}^{T} + \mathbf{M}_{b} \cdot \mathbf{D}_{b} \cdot \mathbf{M}_{b}^{T}$$
$$+ \mathbf{M}_{L} \cdot \mathbf{D}_{L} \cdot \mathbf{M}_{L}^{T}$$



Step 3: Precisely localization using the circular path Result fusion:

 $\boldsymbol{x}_{f} = \frac{\sigma_{TDOA}^{2}}{\sigma_{TDOA}^{2} + \sigma_{DOA}^{2}} \boldsymbol{x}_{TDOA} + \frac{\sigma_{DOA}^{2}}{\sigma_{TDOA}^{2} + \sigma_{DOA}^{2}} \boldsymbol{x}_{DOA}$

Designed optimal radius:

$$r_{op} = \underset{r_{op}=r}{\operatorname{arg\,min}} \frac{2 \operatorname{tr}[\mathbf{H}_{TDOA}(r)] \operatorname{tr}[\mathbf{H}_{DOA}(r)]}{\operatorname{tr}[\mathbf{H}_{TDOA}(r)] + \operatorname{tr}[\mathbf{H}_{DOA}(r)]}$$





Step 3: Precisely localization using the circular path







3. Simulation







Step 2 and Step 3



Designed optimal radius: 210 m

Localization error: 3.23 m





4. Conclusion





The planned path is composed of three steps.

Step 1: Target searching using the comb path. Comb interval design

Step 2: Target approaching using the elliptical arc path. Approaching direction

Step 3: Precisely localization using the circular path. localization precision analysis Result fusion Optimal radius design





Thanks !

