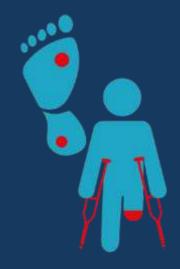


The case for Motivational Interviewing

In the management of diabetes foot ulcers





WITNESS PANEL

Professor Karen OuseyProfessor of Skin Integrity

Professor Paul Chadwick Visiting Professor Birmingham University **Donna Welch**Principal Podiatrist Diabetes

Sue Marshall
Editor of Desang
magazine









Motivational Interviewing vs Scare Tactics





Welcome

Dr. Sarah Jarvis





Motivational Interviewing vs Scare Tactics





The case AGAINST

Motivational Interviewing







Motivational Interviewing VS Scare Tactics





Witness

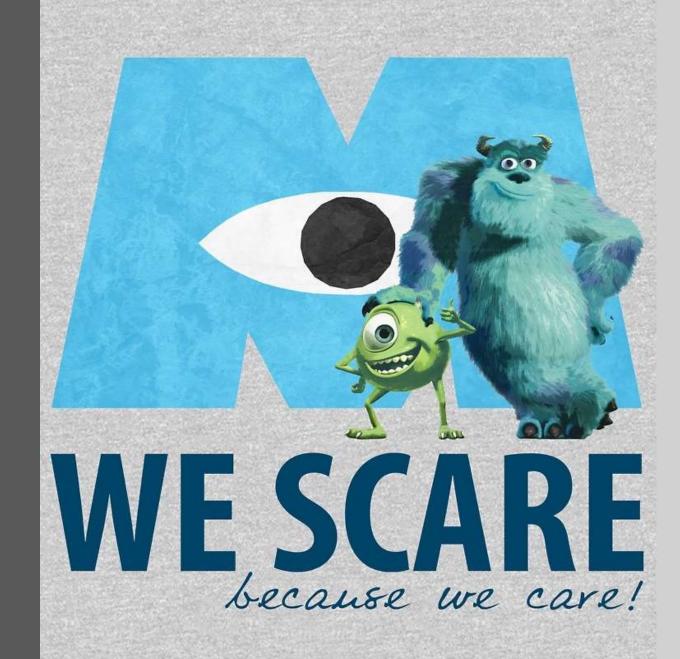
Prof Paul Chadwick

Visiting Professor

Birmingham University

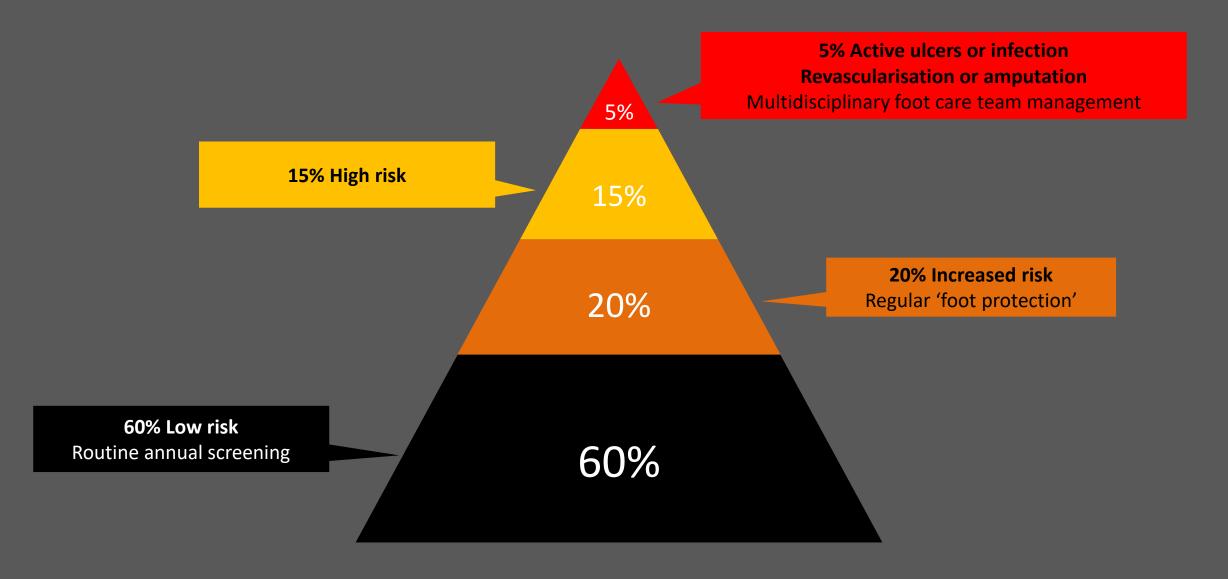


Prof Paul Chadwick



EmmaDotFox

Risk Stratification





Ivory tower / real world

programme

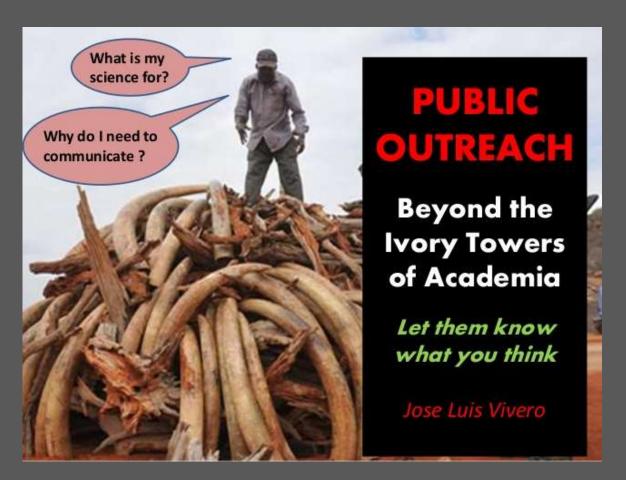


Is it the profession or the patient?



Evidence

Academia







Not Fake News



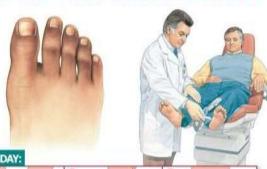


Real World

Do You Have DIABETES?



Take Off Your Shoes & Socks



TODAY:

Ask Your Health Care **Provider to Check** Your Feet:

Report any changes in how your feet look or feel

EVERY DAY:









- Wash your feet thoroughly
- 3 Dry your feet thoroughly (between the toes)
- Apply moisturizer to your feet (not between the toes)
- Wear moisture resistant socks
- Never walk barefoot
- Wear shoes that fit well

ALSO:

- Check your feet for sores, cuts, blisters, corns and redness
- DO NOT soak your feet
- DO NOT smoke

Stop Diabetes from Knocking You Off **Your Feet**

THIS IS YOUR **EARLY WARNING** SYSTEM

If you have diabetes and an ulcer on your foot...

... it can be as serious as having cancer!

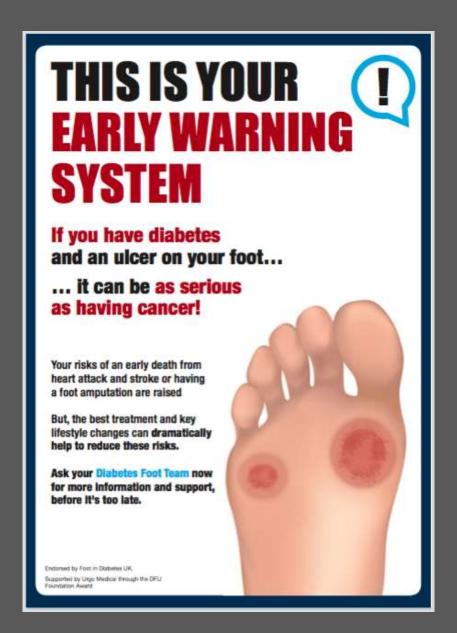
Your risks of an early death from heart attack and stroke or having a foot amputation are raised

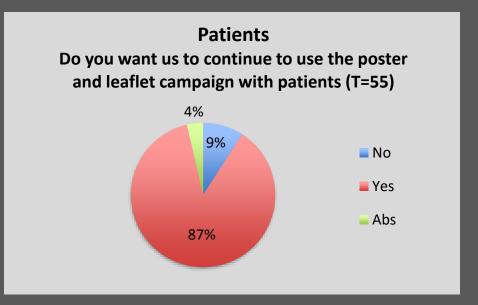
But, the best treatment and key lifestyle changes can dramatically help to reduce these risks.

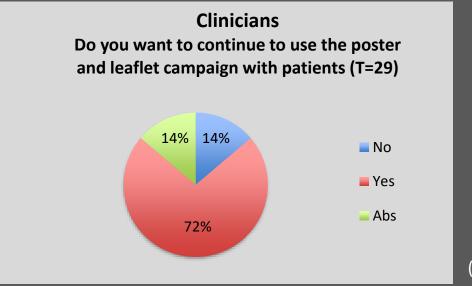
Ask your Diabetes Foot Team now for more information and support, before it's too late.



DFU Risk Awareness Pilot Results







Informing & negotiating change

THREE MAIN AIMS OF THE BEST FOOT ULCER TREATMENT ARE TO:



- 1 Heal your foot ulcer.
- (2) Improve your mobility and quality of life.
- (3) Protect you from risk of amputation and early death.

WHAT CAN BE DONE TO REDUCE YOUR RISKS AND HELP PROTECT YOUR LIFE AND LEGS?

- If you smoke now, the best thing you oan do is to quit completely. It's not too late to prevent further circulation related damage.
- Review your medicines with your GP, discussing medicines to help prevent heart attacks, strokes and worsening leg problems.
- Consider starting some supervised oardiovasoular (heart)
 exercise*, after discussing with your Diabetes Foot Team and GP.
 * When you have a foot uloer, upper body exercises may be the safest for you, to not overload your foot.

KNOW YOUR OWN (FOOT ULCER RELATED) CIRCULATION RISKS AND THEN START TO REDUCE THEM!

If you make some specific health & lifestyle changes, you can reduce your personal risks of heart attacks, strokes or worsening foot or leg problems. Looking at your personal known risks below, are there one or two you would like to start tackling currently? We can support you to make any of these key changes when you feel ready.

Risk factors you can reduce with diabetes related foot ulcers	You (tick)	Interested in tackling risk?
Smoking Any amount of tobacco	X	
Raised blood pressure Resting blood pressure is greater than 140/90	X	X
Raised cholesterol (blood lipids) Total is greater than 4 or LDL is greater than 2		
Raised blood sugars (blood glucose) HbA1c is greater than 7.0 or 53 (new measure)		
Lack of cardiovascular (heart) exercise Less than 2.5 hours a week of moderate exercise	X	?
Excess weight Body mass index is greater than 30		

SEE REVERSE FOR YOUR RISK REDUCTION PLAN

Latest evidence?



- Robust evidence for DFD-prevention is lacking (Binning et al. 2018)
- There remains a research GAP!

Back in the day

revention of Amputation by Diabetic Education

James M. Malone, MD, Phoenix, Arizona, Tucson, Arizona, Martin Snyder, DPM, Gary Anderson, BS, Ictor M. Bernhard, MD, Tucson, Arizona, G. Allen Holloway, Jr., MD, Theodore J. Bunt, MD, Phoenix, Arizona

rospective randomized study evaluated the inof a simple education program on the inciof lower extremity amputation in diabetic

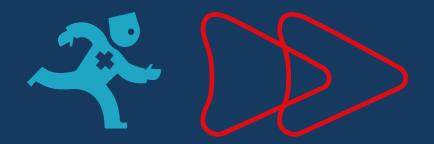
Two hundred three patients were randomtwo groups: Group 1, education (103 pa03 limbs) and Group 2, no education (100
193 limbs). There were no significant dif-

standing illness become more apparent. Although car personal hygiene and attention to diabetic manager (diet, insulin, and exercise) may postpone foot probl such care probably will not prevent them [2-13].

Prevention of limb amputation is of tremendou portance, not only to the diabetic patient, but a society in terms of the direct and indirect economic

They made conclusions

The present prospective randomized study demonstrated a dramatic difference in the incidence of lower limb amputation in diabetic patients in whom the only significant distinguishing feature between groups was a 1-hour educational course. It should be stressed that



Motivational Interviewing VS Scare Tactics

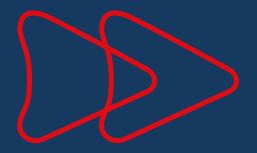




The case FOR Motivational Interviewing







Motivational Interviewing

Scare Tactics

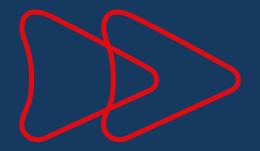


Witness

Prof Karen Ousey

Professor of Skin Integrity University of Huddersfield





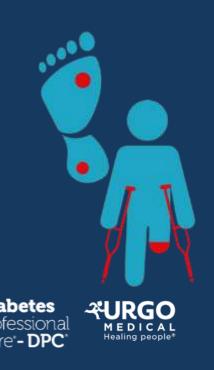


The Case FOR Motivational Interviewing

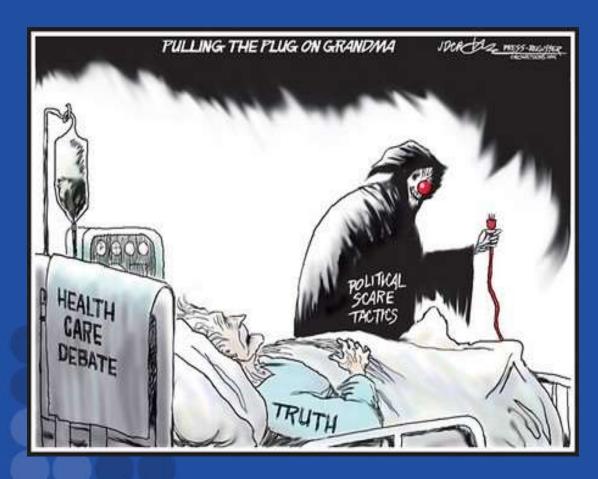
Dr. Karen Ousey

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Scare Tactics vs. Motivation





Time

 People with diabetes spend around 3 hours with a healthcare professional every year

The remaining 8,757 hours is self managed



Facts - Diabetes

In one year the diabetes transformation fund has led to an extra:

- 96 inpatient specialist nurses and related staff in inpatient teams
- 94,000 places on education courses being available
 - DAFNE, X-PERT & DESMOND educational programmes
- 185 staff appointed to foot care teams across 80 hospitals
 - Putting Feet First campaign

DUK:

- UK's first ever diabetic foot clinic in 1981 at King's College Hospital
- After three years the number of major amputations had halved
- Mental health & emotional support reducing 'diabetes burnout'

Motivational Interviewing

What is it?

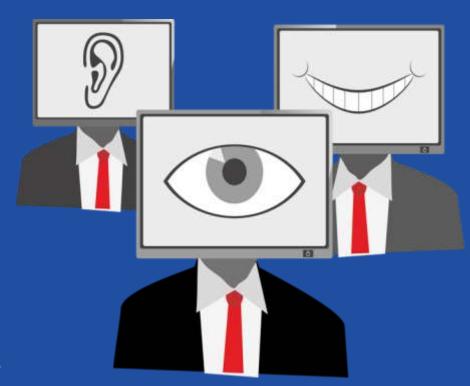
- Solution focused Patient centred
- Based on:
 - > How we speak to people
 - > Listening and understanding
 - The person who has the problem has the answer to solving it
 - People only change their behaviour when they feel ready - not when they are told to do so
 - Solutions person centred are the most enduring and effective

Process

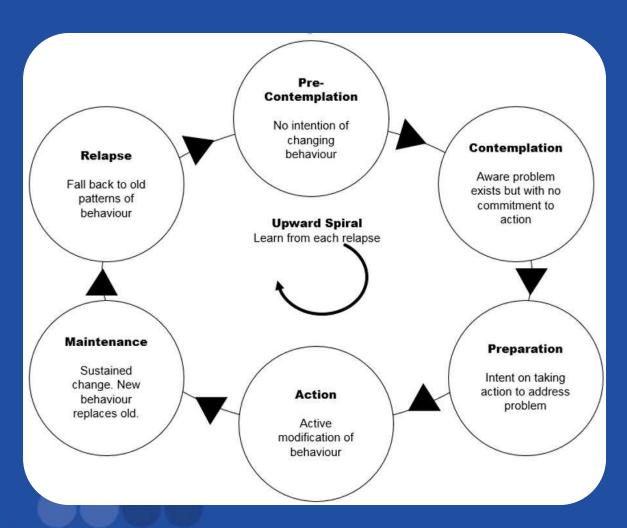
- Engaging understanding the patient's point of view
- Focusing developing one or more clear goals for change
- Evoking patient's own motivation for, and ideas about, change
- Planning collaborative development of the next steps that the individual is willing to take

RULE

- Resist the urge to change the individual's course of action through didactic means
- Understand it's the individual's reasons for change, not those of the practitioner, that will elicit a change in behaviour
- Listening is important; the solutions lie within the individual, not the practitioner
- **Empower** the individual to understand that they have the ability to change their behaviour²



Supporting Change²



• Precontemplation:

 The patient does not believe there is a problem – e.g. I will not get a DFU

Contemplation:

• Problem is recognised – e.g. maybe I will get a DFU

Action

• Takes preventative action e.g. off loading

Maintenance

I will wear the correct footwear

Relapse

 Returns to undesired behaviours e.g. the weather is nice I am wearing no shoes

Motivational Interviewing – Agenda Setting

Menu of diabetes topics

YOUR MEDICATIONS

YOUR FOOD

YOUR EXERCISE

YOUR BLOOD SUGAR MONITORING

Please pick one topic for discussion today

- Patient is in charge
- Improves patient confidence
- Encourages self management

Education

- Stop commencing lectures with...
 - People who have diabetes are 15 times more likely to undergo amputations than other people without the condition
 - One amputation every hour, 24 per day and 169 per week take place due to complications from diabetes

We must link mental and physical health together for HCPs

Scare Tactics vs. MI

- MI is the way forward!
- The effective management of diabetes requires a lot of behaviour change for most patients
- People tend to be ambivalent about change
- Health professionals often resort to the "righting reflex" and overly rely on a directing style
- When someone advocates for change with a person who is ambivalent about it, a natural response is to defend the other side

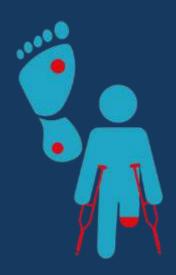


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- S Rollnick, WR Miller and CC Butler. Motivational Interviewing in Health Care: Helping Patients Change Behavior. New York, New York: The Guilford Press. 2008. 210



Motivational Interviewing V5 Scare Tactics





The case AGAINST

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Witness

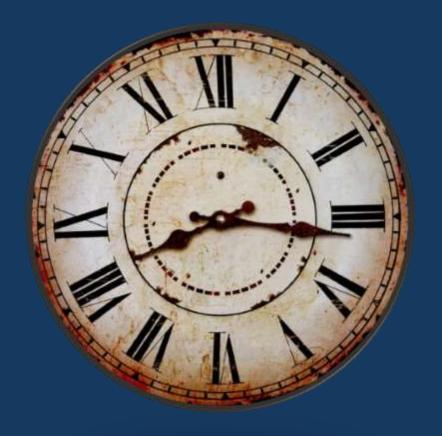
Donna Welch

Principal Podiatrist Diabetes





















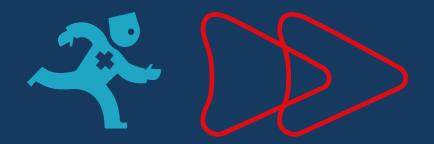


Witness

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Motivational Interviewing VS Scare Tactics





Witness

Sue Marshall

Editor of Desang magazine





Sue Marshall











loss of consciousness

Without treatment, diabetic keroecidesis can lead to loss of consciousness.

visual disturbances

Disneged blood versels in the eyes can cause visual disturbences like figurers. If left untreated, this can lead to blindness.

cataracts and glaucoma

If you have diabetes you have an increased risk of catasects and glaucoma compared with people who don't have diabetes.

risk of infections

Disbetes can also raise your risk of becterial, fungal, and yeast infections. Your feet are the most vulnerable to refeation.

high blood pressure

If you have diabetes, you're at increased risk of developing high blood pressure.

gastroparesis

Poor blood sugar management can cause delayed emptying of food from the stomach. Tits one cause blooting, bearthurn, and neuses.

protein in the urine

High levels of protein in your unine may mean your kidneys have some damage and aren't functioning well.

links.

blood vessels

risk of stroke -

extreme thirst

Extreme thirst is often one of the first

sweet-smelling breath

naticeable symptoms of diabetes.

Breath that has a sweet scent may

indicate high levels of letones, a

serious complication of diabetes.

risk of heart disease

blood vessels put added strain on the

Overall kidney and parcress problems

can cause you to feel more tired.

This can also make it harder for you to concentrate

High blood pressure and damaged

heat, increasing the risk of cardiovascular disease.

fatigue and

lack of energy

pancreas

urination

damaged

Having to unnate frequently

may be an early warning sign

malfunction

A poarty functioning or

nonfunctioning paramets won't produce the insulin your body needs to convert glucose into energy.

Risk of steake for someone with

diabetes is four times higher than for someone without diabetes.

Too much glucose in your system can cause restricted blood flow, leading to a variety of symptoms and damage to the blood vessels. Smokers with diabetes are at an oven higher risk.

nerve damage -

Diabetes causes nerve damage, which office feels like "pins and needles." Damaged renves can also after your perception of heet, cold, and pain, increasing your risk of injuries.

foot problems -

Displeties increases your risk of calluses, infections, or situres of the foot This can be caused by nerve demage from high blood sugar and a decrease in circulation to your feet.

ketoacidosis

To make up for the lack of insulin, your body uses other hormones to turn fall into energy. This produces trigh levels of turn lack acids colled leatones, which can be life-threatening.

dry, cracked skin

Uncontrolled, high blood sugar causes the body to lose fluids at a fister rate. This can lead to dry, cracked skills, especially on the feet.







Why?







Digithart would dressing got Thu Herman back to the office, and teck in the great oundoors with his dog.

BACK TO WORK



TIG Tire Berman

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FOOT FRST FOR NICE

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How?







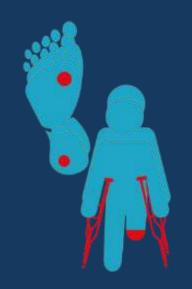






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Final Judgement





