

A HAZÁÉRT



HUNGARIAN TRAINING DEVELOPMENTS

Ltc Zoltan FEKETS
Acting COS

HDF
Land Force Command



Military Career:

1999-2001	HDF 25th „Klapka György” Infantry Brigade (Tata), 1st Infantry Battalion, Infantry platoon leader
2001-2005	HDF 25th „Klapka György” Infantry Brigade (Tata), 1st Infantry Battalion, company commander
2005– 2009	HDF 25th „Klapka György” Infantry Brigade (Tata), G3 operations officer
2009– 2011	HDF 25th „Klapka György” Infantry Brigade (Tata), G3 planning section leader
2011– 2015	HDF 25th „Klapka György” Infantry Brigade (Tata), 1st Infantry Battalion, Chief of Staff
2015– 2016	HDF 25th „Klapka György” Infantry Brigade (Tata), 1st Infantry Battalion, Deputy Battalion Commander
2017-2021	HDF 25th „Klapka György” Infantry Brigade (Tata), 1st Infantry Battalion, Commander
2022	HDF Army Inspectorate Senior Infantry Officer (Székesfehérvár)
2022-	HDF Land Force Command Deputy G7 (Székesfehérvár)
2023-2024	HDF Land Force Command Acting G7 Chief (Székesfehérvár)
2024-	HDF Land Force Command Acting COS (Székesfehérvár)

Studies:

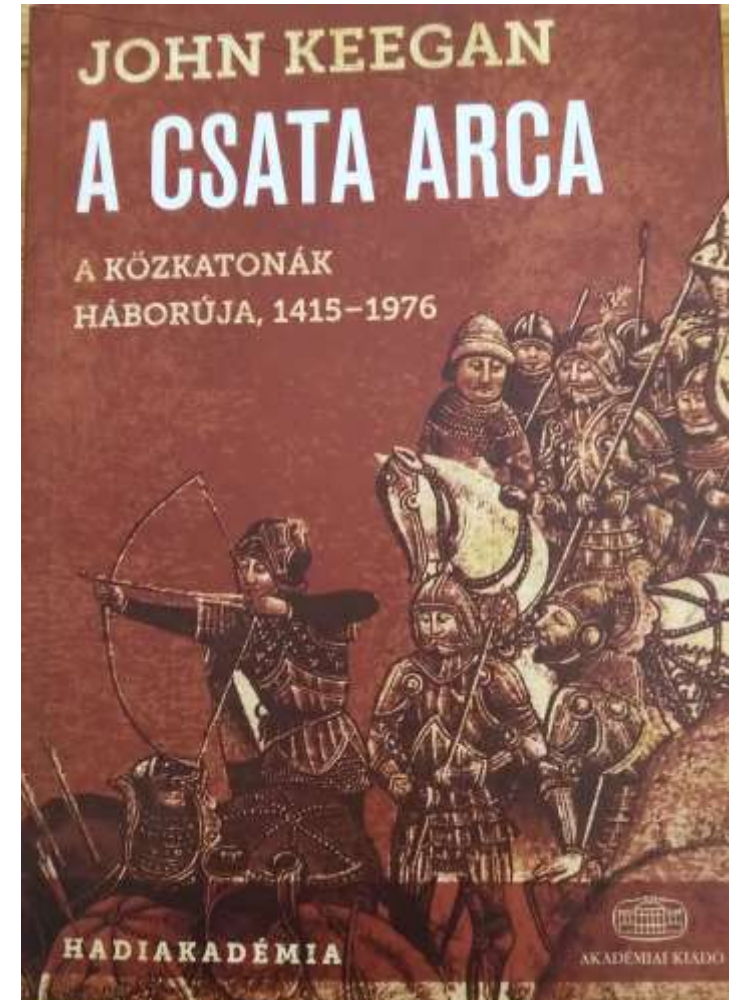
2023	NATO Defense College, Seniors Course, Rome Italy
2015 – 2016	Military Leadership MSc, National University of Public Service. Budapest, Hungary
2007	Maneuver Captain Career Course. Ft. Benning GA, USA
2008	Basic Airborne Course. Ft. Benning GA, USA
2004 – 2009	Doctor of Laws (dr. jur.), Faculty of Law, University of Pécs. Pécs, Hungary
1995 – 1999	Infantry officer, Kossuth Lajos Military College. Szentendre, Hungary

Deployments:

2000	KFOR Hungarian Guard and Security Battalion, Infantry platoon leader. Pristina, Kosovo
2002	KFOR Hungarian Guard and Security Battalion, HQ company commander. Pristina, Kosovo
2003	KFOR Hungarian Guard and Security Battalion, Infantry company commander. Pristina, Kosovo
2010-2011	EUFOR Multinational Battalion, Deputy battalion commander. Sarajevo, Bosnia and Hercegovina
2017	Hungarian contingent commander. Võru, Estonia
2021	KFOR KTRBN Commander (HUN contingent commander) Novo-Selo, Kosovo

AGENDA

- 1; Better use of training facilities
- 2; New developments in training
- 3; Potential future requirements



BETTER USE OF TRAINING FACILITIES

Current training fields:

Unit trg.
facilities

Fit for: Basic, individual, plt; coy size trainings

Central trg.
facilities

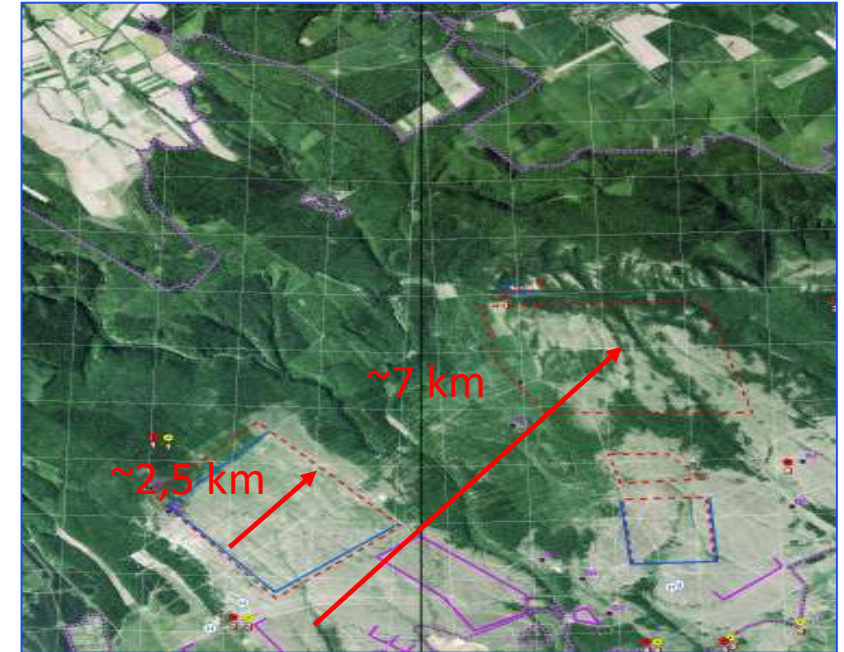
Fit for: Btn size trainings and long range arty.
trainings



BETTER USE OF TRAINING FACILITIES

Main characteristics of current training infrastructure:

- Built in the 20th century;
- Fit requirements when it was built;
- Size/distance can't support modern equipment;
- Civil environment (noise, pollution);
- Danger Zones.



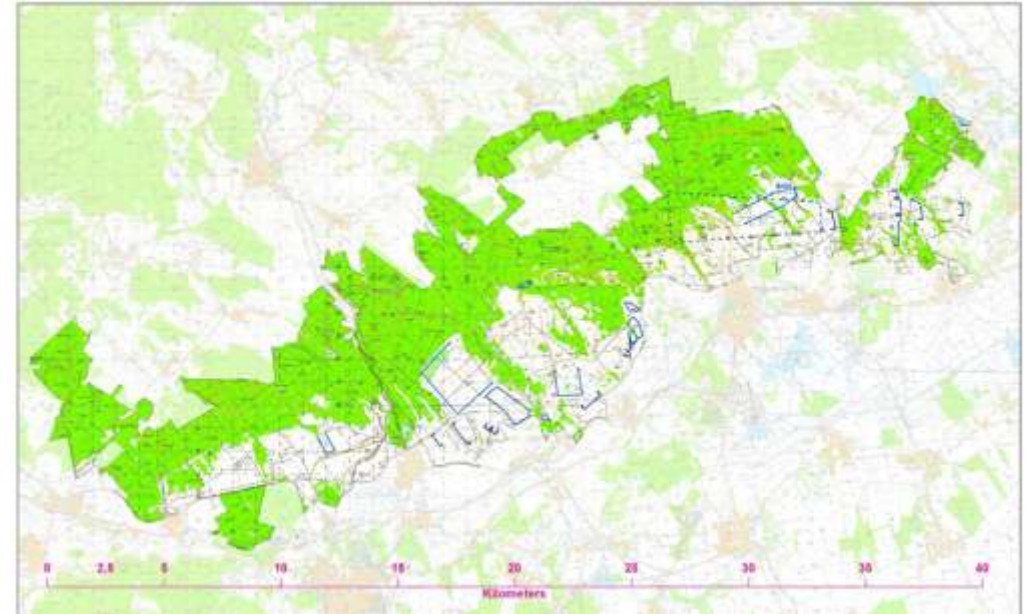
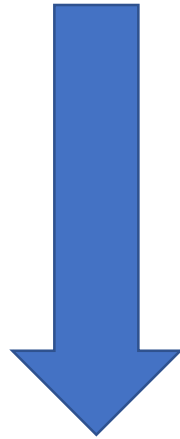
Max. range: 15km



Max. range: ~40km

BETTER USE OF TRAINING FACILITIES

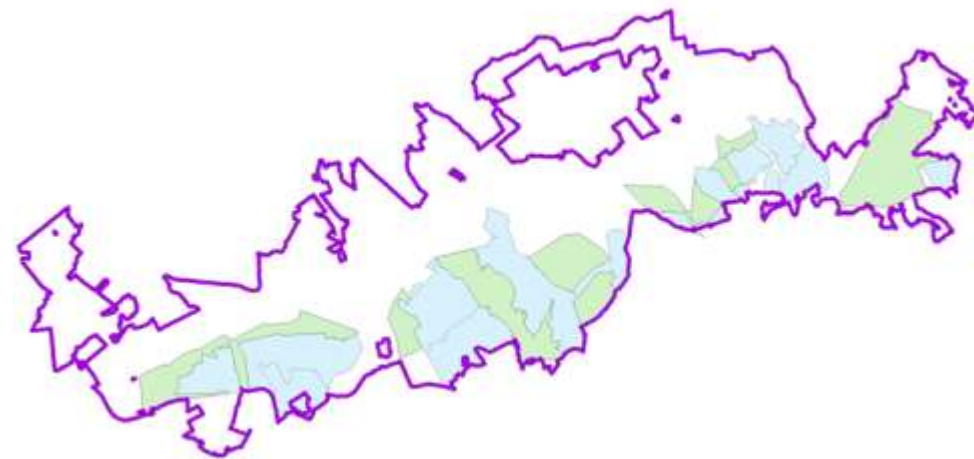
We are unable to change: Training fields location;
The size of training fields;
Civilian environment.



Maximising training opportunities within existing training areas

BETTER USE OF TRAINING FACILITIES

- Upgrade options:
- Scaled targets for new equipment;
 - Refine the status of military owned property;
 - New ranges / manoeuvre areas within the boundaries of existing training facilities;
 - Force-on-force/target training without live ammo.



NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Key words: Simulation and Information Technology (IT)



NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Simulators Why? Cost effective;
„Unlimited” training;
From individual to platoon level training.



NEW DEVELOPMENTS

Simulator Centre in Tata and in Hódmezővásárhely



NEW DEVELOPMENTS

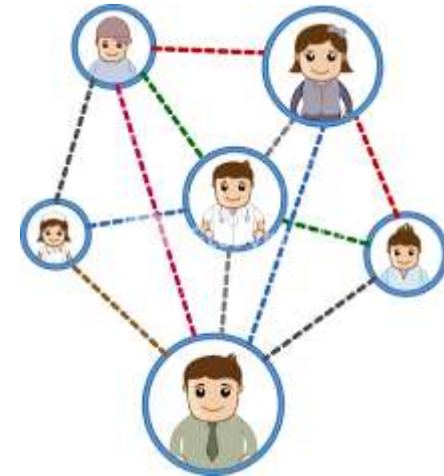
Live Firing Monitoring Equipment (LFME)

New asset for HDF, great opportunity to evaluate training.



FUTURE REQUIREMENTS

- Resource sharing with partner countries;
- The use of long-range ranges with partner countries;
- Instead of live firing, partly force-on-force or force-on-target training (with blank ammo);
- Connecting national simulation centres (simulators) with allied simulators to conduct joint exercises.







**THANK YOU FOR
YOUR
ATTENTION!**

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