

BSC Barcelona Supercomputing Center Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

Use of a High Performance Computing (HPC) and AI for complex phenomena analysis on surface ship design



Universida_{de}Vigo E**M3\ORKS**



Joan Farnós, PhD. Head of Dual-Use Technologies at BSC-CNS; joan.farnos@bsc.es Prof. Dr. Fernando Obelleiro. Full Professor Univeridad de Vigo; obi@com.uvigo.es

COMBINED NAVAL EVENT 2024

Summary of the presentation

High Performance Computing in Europe





HPC and AI impact in dual-use technologies. Multiphysics and multiscale complex phenomena analysis 03



RF and EM

The importance of HPC in dual-use technologies

0

Ø



Pentagon pours another \$53.1 million into the five military supercomputer research centers

ced an investment of \$53.1 million Wednesday into a U.S. Departme HUNTSVILLE, Ala., 26 Oct. 2016. U.S. military researchers an computing (HPC) - or supercomputer technology - for advan

🗢 🖸 🖬 🔽 🔞



Ailitary to upgrade high-performance computing (HPC) to do complex calculations at supercomputing speeds e DOD's High Pe



DoD Buys Two New Supercomp Among Its Most Powerful Ever





ACM TECHNEWS

By Xinhua (China)

Credit: He Shuvuan / Xinhua

Soo teraflops

List, which is

supercompu

Defense niversity Builds China's Fastest Supercomputer



China's National University of Defense Technology (NUDT) has unveiled the Tianhe supercomputer, the fastest supercomputer in China. Tianhe runs at 563.1 teraflops on the Linpack benchmark and is theoretically capable of petaflop performance. NUDT president Zhang Yulin says the system is expected to be used to process seismic data for oil exploration, perform bio-medical computing, and help design aerospace vehicles. If Tianhe had been operational for the most recent Top 500 list, it

would have ranked as the world's fourth-most powerful supercomputer. NUDT says that approximately 200 computer cientists worked on Tianhe over two years. The supercomputer was housed at the NUDT campus in Changsha, and is scheduled to be moved to the National Supercomputing Center in Tianjin at China's fastest super computer "Tianhe," the end of this year. meaning Milky Way, was unveiled Thursday

(Oct. 29). The supercomputer is theoretically Tianhe features 6,144 Intel CPUs and 5,120 AMD GPUs. "As far able to execute one petaflop at peak speed. as I know, a combination of CPU and GPU is something new used to make a petaflop computer," says NUDT professor Zhou Xingming. "After it's installed in Tianjin, we plan to add

hundreds or thousands of China-made CPUs to the machine, and improve its Linpack performance to over The Washington Post

From Xinhua China builds advanced weapons systems View Full Art using American chip technology



NIKKEI Asia

TECHNOLOGY

Japan's Riken plans quantum link to supercomputer Fugaku





#JMOD will formally join NATO Cooperative Cyber Defence Centre of Excellence's (#CCDCOE) activities, following the completion of participation procedures. JMOD will continue to collaborate with international partners to respond to threats in cyber domain.



🤝 53 🥏 Reply 🖉 Copy link





The European High Performance Computing Joint Undertaking was est by Council Regulation (EU) 2018/1488, and is currently regulated by Co Drawing together countries, industry and public bodies to lead the way in European Si the EuroHPC JU has a combined budget of EUR 7 billion, drawn from the Digital Europe Programme, Horizon Europe, and Connecting Europe Facility 2.0 as well as contributions from participating countries and private members.

Supercomputers are vital tools needed to meet Europe's climate, energy and transport goals. They are also essential for national security, defence and sovereignty. The EuroHPC JU complements the aims of the European Chips Act to boost Europe's competitiveness and resilience in semiconductor technologies and applications, as chips are critical components of a supercomputer.

A central objective of the EuroHPC JU is to promote green and sustainable technologies as part of the EU's goals of carbon neutrality laid out in the European Green Deal. It is building some of the world's greenest supercomputers, drawing on technologies such as water cooling, waste heat recycling and next-generation energy-efficient microprocessors.

The EuroHPC JU contributes to the EC priority A Europe fit for the digital age, digital transition work for people and businesses.



0000

El Barcelona Supercomputing Center albergará

un ordenador cuántico



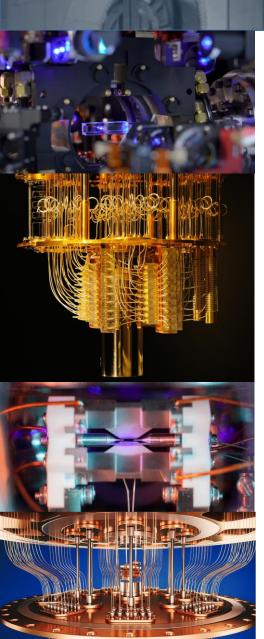
Barcelona desarrollará el chip de los superordenadores europeos La CE financia una tecnología clave para la soberanía informática del c

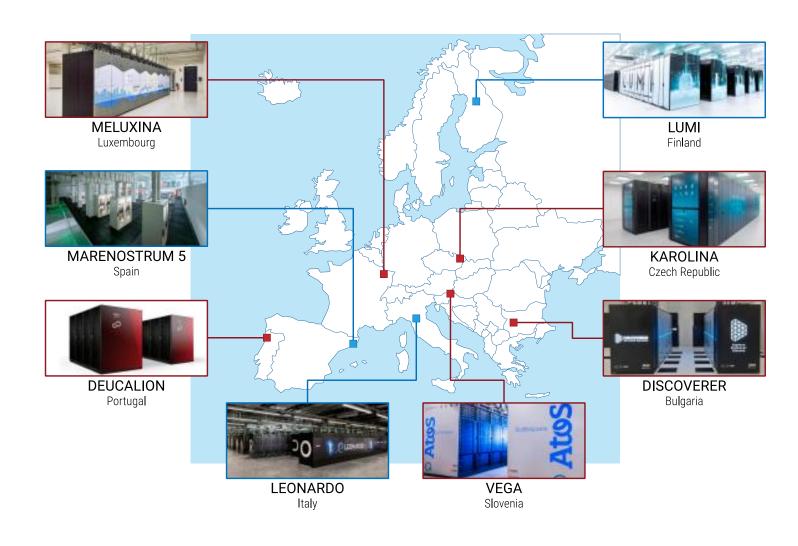
El proyecto del chip europeo estará liderado por Barcelona Barcelona desarrolla el chip de los futuros superordenadores europ El superordenador MareNostrum 5 se lanzará a la conquista de procesadores y chips 'made in Europe

El MareNostrum 5 incluirá El súperordenador una plataforma para crear presentará batalla en la fabricación de chips y chips europeos procesadores europeo



High Performance Computing (and quantum) in Europe. A long term vision towards exascale







Barcelona Supercomputing Center-Centro Nacional de Supercomputación (BSC-CNS)

Spanish National Supercomputing Center

Barcelona

- Located at Polytechnic University of Catalonia Barcelona Tech
- Around >1000 people from several disciplines (>55 nationalities)
- >350 on-going R&D Projects (May 2024)
- Four main departments: Engineering (CASE), Computer
 Sciences, Life Science, Earth Sciences.
- BSC hosts and manages Marenostrum 5: A European preexascale supercomputer (EuroHPC JU) (>317 Pflops peak; >223





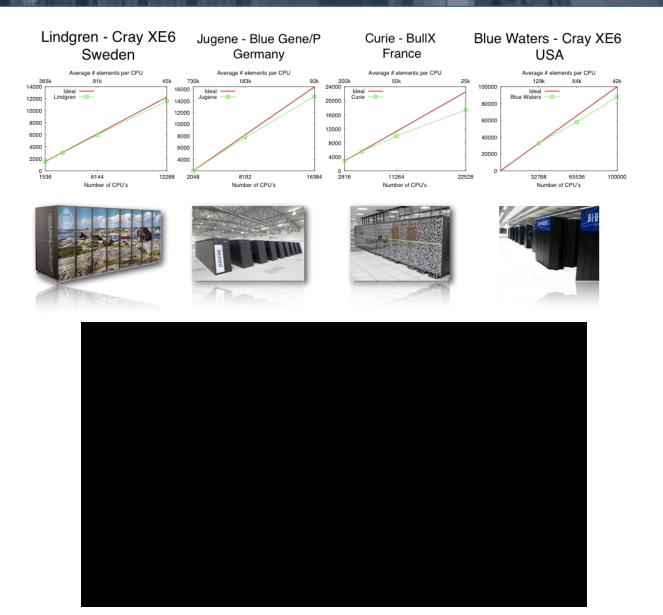


De BDV

Main software for BSC-CNS multi-physics: Alya

- Multiphysics code Alya
- •FEM-based Computational Mechanics code
- ·Language: Fortran 2008
- Parallelization model:
 - •MPI (130K CPU-cores) + OpenMP
 - Accelerators: OpenACC-CUDA
 - Co-execution on heterogeneous systems
- •Fully parallel workflow dynamic load balance mesh adaptivity
- Parallel multi-physics/multi-code coupling
- Alya is regularly run on PRACE Tier 0 systems and is part of the European Applications Benchmark Suite (EUABS) of PRACE





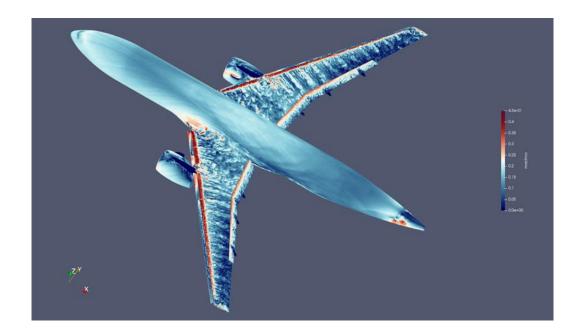
Main software for CFD in LS/CFD team

SOD2D

- Language: Fortran
- GPU port path: **OpenACC**
- Required libs: HDF5, MPI
- Compressible and incompressible flows
- Git repo: <u>https://gitlab.com/bsc_sod2d/sod2d_gitlab/</u>
- ... and btw, the code is **3D!**

SOD2D: Spectral high-Order coDe 2 solve partial Differential equations

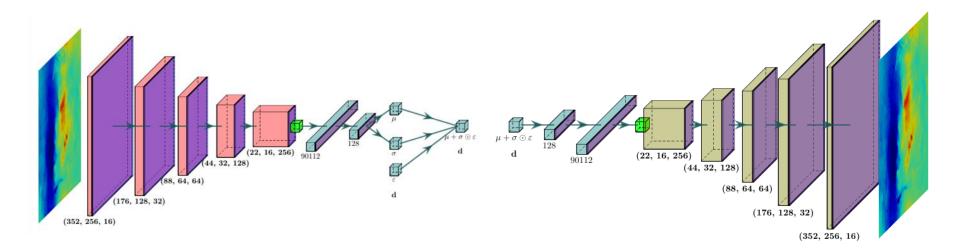
Paper: <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cpc.2023.109067</u>



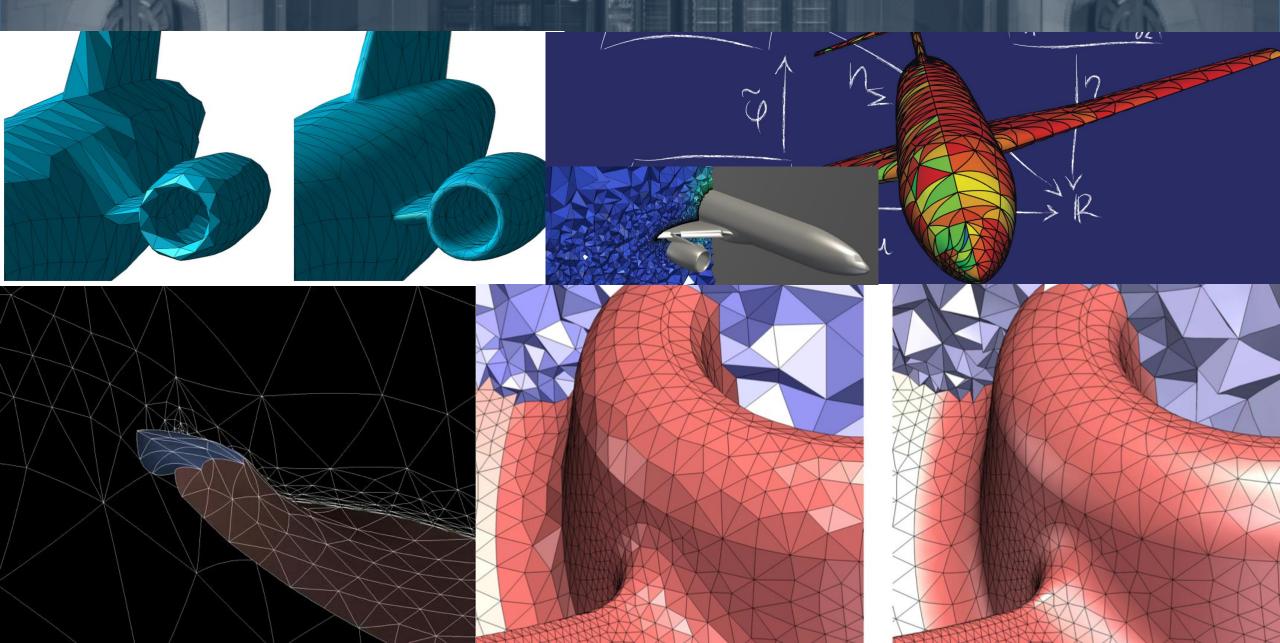


pyLOM: integration of VAE-beta autoencoders

- Integration of VAE-Beta autoencoders inside the pyLOM
- Tested in a simplified at yaw angles of 2.5^o, 5^o and 10^o
- 660 snapshots have been generated with WMLES at yaw angles of 2.5^o, 5^o and 10^o
- A CNN variational autoencoder has been trained with the back-pressure
- The training and validation datasets have been splitted to have the same number of snapshots of each angle
- A latent space of size 2 was enough to recover the original dataset



Meshing for high-fidelity simulation



Parallel mesh refinement using High Performance Computing



Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Visby-class_corvette

Visby class corvette Operator: Swedish Navy

General Characteristics

Type: corvette Displacement: 640 tonnes Length 72.7 m Beam 10.4 m Draught: 2.4 m Speed: 40 mph Range: 2.400 nmi at 17 mph

Mesh partitioning & refinement

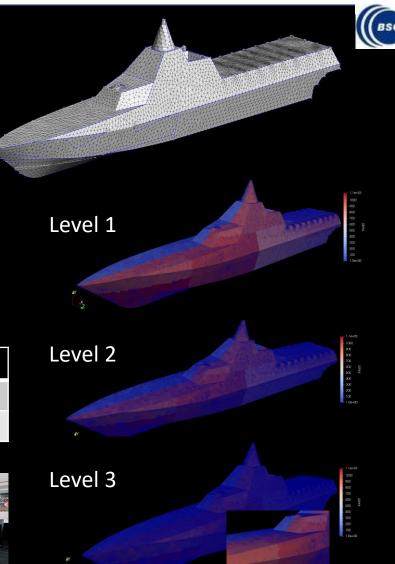
Software: Alya Multyphysics Machine: MareNostrum5 Architecture: GPP:

- 2x Intel Sapphire Rapids 8480+ at 2Ghz and 56c each (112 cores per node)
- 256 GB of Main memory, using DDR5 (with 216 nodes with 1024GB)
- 960GB on NVMe storage
- 1x NDR200 shared by 2 nodes (SharedIO)

No. of CPUs used: 1120

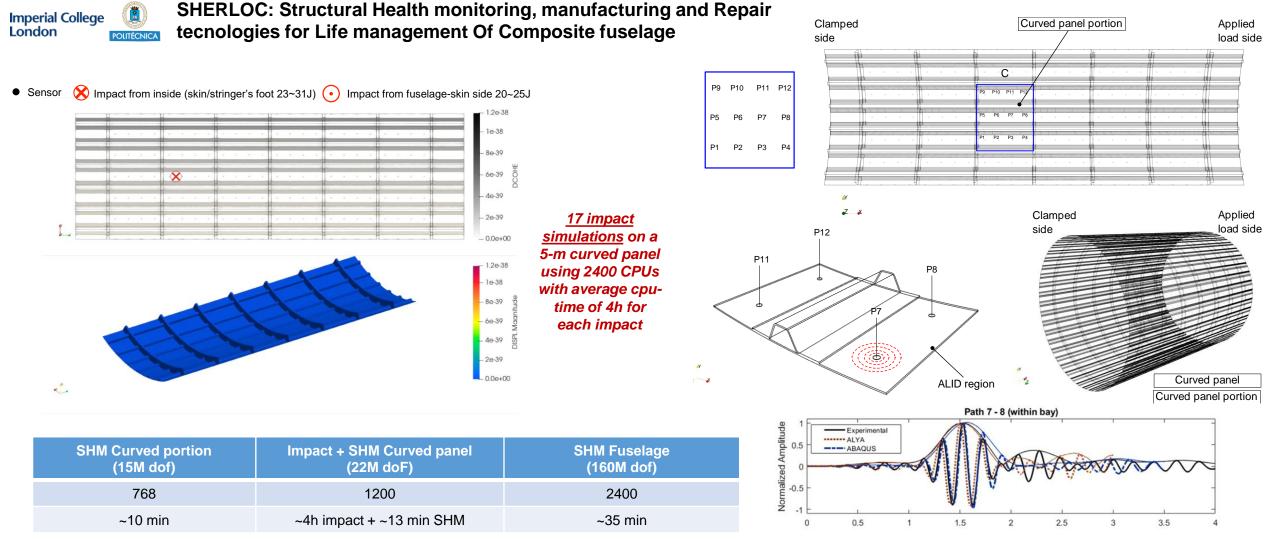
	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
No. of cells	288K	2.3M	18.4M	147M
Total CPU time [s]	-	0.01	0.04	0.4





Structural mechanics HPC virtual platform to asses the fuselatge and complex geometries design

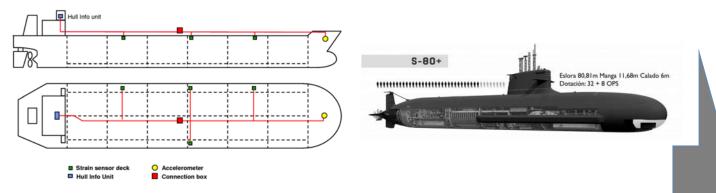




BSC has developed an HPC virtual platform to assist the design of a smart fuselage by damage tolerance (multi-impact) and SHM

Potential Applications of SHM systems in Naval Engineering

Structural Health Monitoring



Source: G. Sagvolden and K. Pran

Source: G. Sagvolden and K. Pran

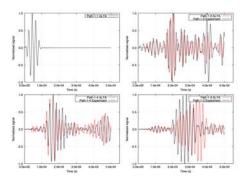
Fiber Optic SHM systems have been in operation in Naval vessels for 20 years Passive sensing (no electrical power) Surface-mounted & in some cases embedded (in case of composites)

Critical problems

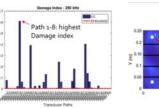
- Localized corrosions (long-period hull thickness)
- Short term overload detection
- Long term fatigue analysis (induced by periodic solicitations and hydrodynamic motion)
- Critical deformation values

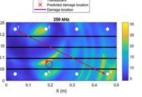
Aim of monitoring

Increase safety & reduce costs by conditionent-based maintenance



Leverage various sets of expertise and tools available at BSC for (i) modeling and (ii) AI application





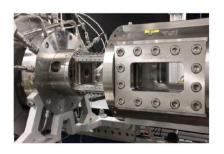
Digital technologies for power and propulsion

Research activities

EU *decarbonization strategy* in power generation and transportation

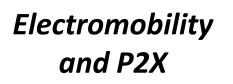
- High-fidelity simulations of multiphysics systems
- HPC- and Exascale-enabling methodologies
- Data-driven methods and Artificial Intelligence
- *Applications*: Propulsion & Power generation, and Electromobility

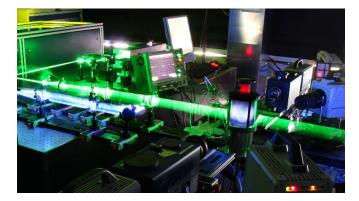
Hydrogen combustion (propulsion and power)





Aeroengine combustion









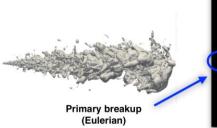
Study of primary breakup and fuel atomization

From dense to dilute sprays

Fuel atomization has large impact on:

- ✓ Spray length and spreading
- ✓ Fuel/air mixing
- Unburnt hydrocarbons
- Formation of pollutants

Development of primary breakup models





Spray formation and evaporation (Lagrangian)



Field view #1

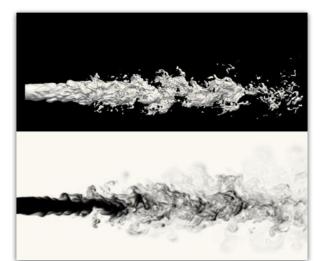
Field view #1

 $Y_{\rm C6F12O}$ [-]

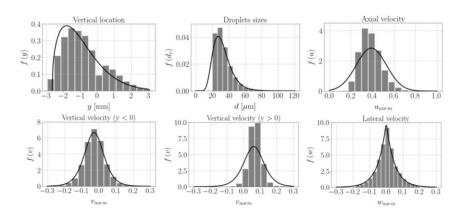
0.0e+00 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 1.0e+00

Engine overall efficiency

- Fuel consumption
- Power and thrust
- Emissions



Round jet injector n-dodecane

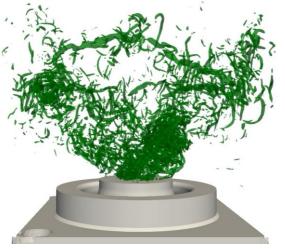


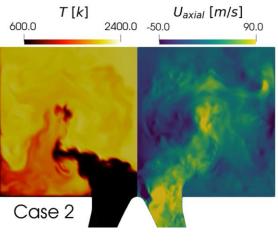
Applications of hydrogen combustion (e.g. Generation of high-fidelity synthetic data for IRST)

H2/NH3 combustion for propulsion applications

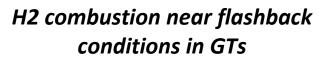
Motivation and scientific questions

- 1) Flame stabilization in gas turbines and aircraft engines
- 2) H2-enrichment in natural gas and high-pressure
- 3) Flashback, instabilities and NOx formation



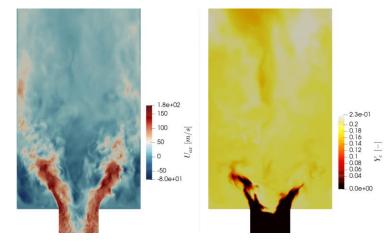


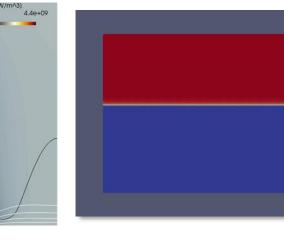
High-pressure H2-enriched natural gas flames









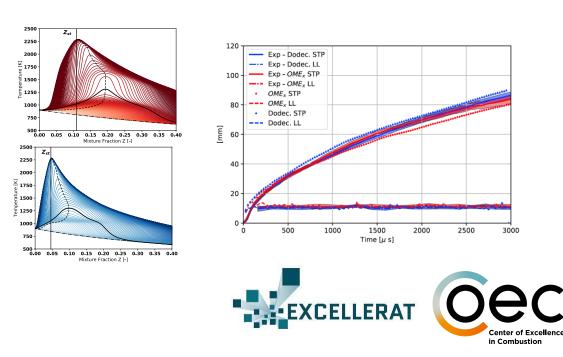


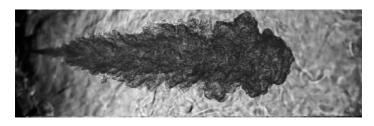
Combustion of liquid e-fuels

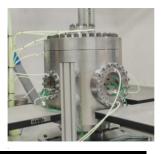
High-pressure spray flames of renewable fuels in RCE

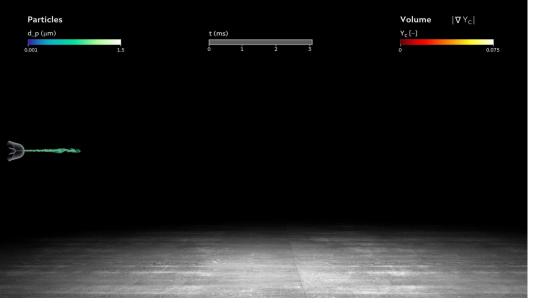
Motivation and scientific questions

- 1) Virtual platform development
- 2) Prediction ID, LOL and spray flame parameters
- 3) IC-engine like conditions (60 bar)









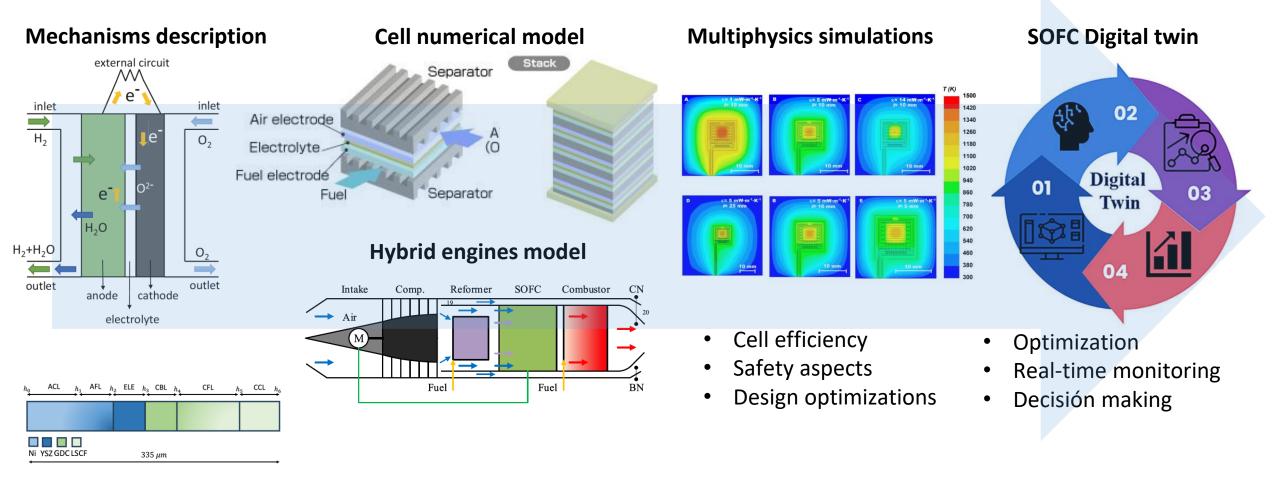
Emissions and pollutant formation

Develop advanced emissions models (Soot, Nox, etc) Motivation and scientific questions Sandia ISF Influence of fuel on soot emissions in aeroengines 1) 2) NOx, SO₂, and UHC t = 0.0 msSoot formation and emissions signature 3) 0.25 0.50 0.25 0.00 0.25 Z[-]Z[-]Z[-] $\frac{0}{r/D}$ 0 r/D |-| r/D [-] +/D -High-pressure Cambridge RQL Experiments Simulation $T = 1200 {\rm K}$ aeroengine 0.10 model v (ppb) fv (ppl Zst $f_v = 100 \text{ ppb}$ Jet A1 -0.025 0.000 0.025 0.000 OpenFoam: LES - FGM - ATF / S-EQMOM burner 0.05 0.1 0.15 0 Air (0.6 m/s) C_2H_4 (54.7 m/s)

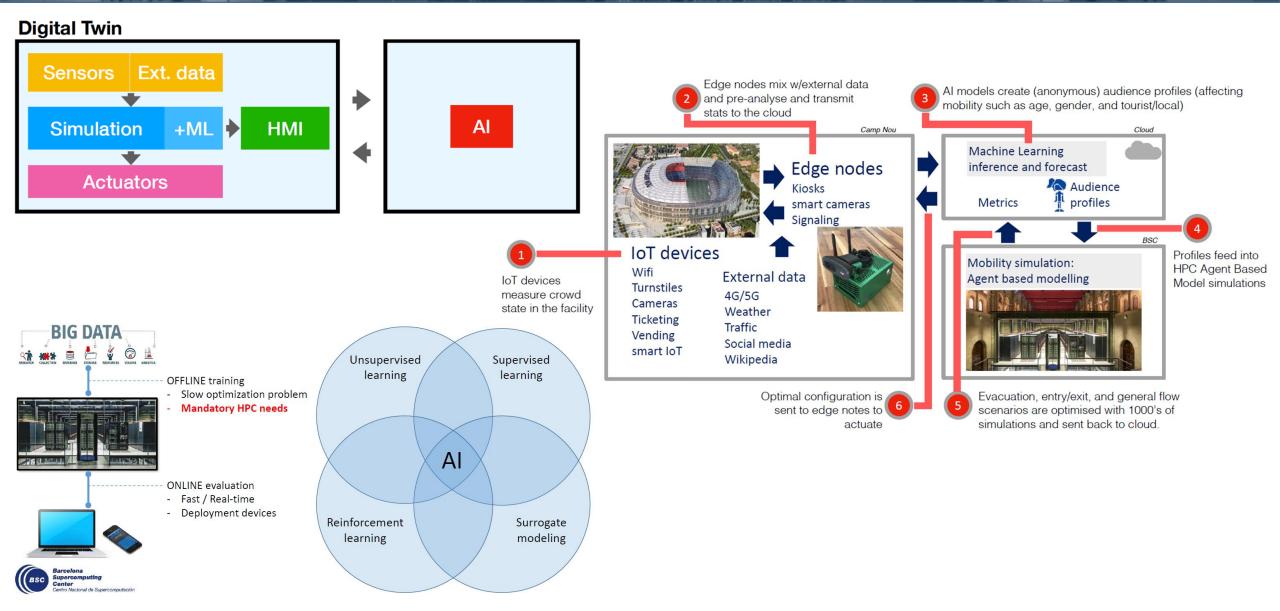
ESTIMATE Emissions SooT Mode

Electric propulsion systems

Development of 3D high-fidelity models of SOFC



AI and HPC for digital twins: multi-fidelity and multi-scale



BSC-CNS partners in dual-use projects



Barcelona Supercomputing Center-Centro Nacional de Supercomputación (BSC-CNS)

Barcelona

- Spanish National Supercomputing Center
- 100% Public Institution
- Dual-use HPC (hardware & software) knowledge repository
- Two main S&T pillars: Engineering (CASE), Computer Sciences
- Support the Spanish R&D promoted programmes
- Support the National Academia and Research community
- Support the Spanish **Dual-use Technologies Industry**
- Fully complementary to **experimental experts**
- Bridge the gap between **research and industry**





The EM3W team

Universida_{de}Vigo

Universidad de Vigo (UV)

4 professors 1 laboratory technician 20 engineers

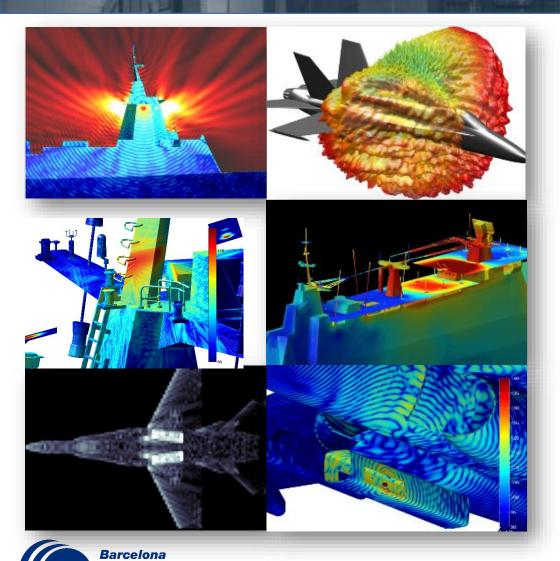
Omit 2 pro

Universidad de Extremadura (UEx) 2 professors 6 engineers

EM3&ORKS

Electromagnetic 3 Works S.L. Spin-off UV/UEx 10 engineers

The complex warship environment



Supercomputing

Warships are very complex electromagnetic (EM) environments, including hundreds of antennas belonging to multiple systems (electronic warfare, radar, and communications) in a very small space on the topside.

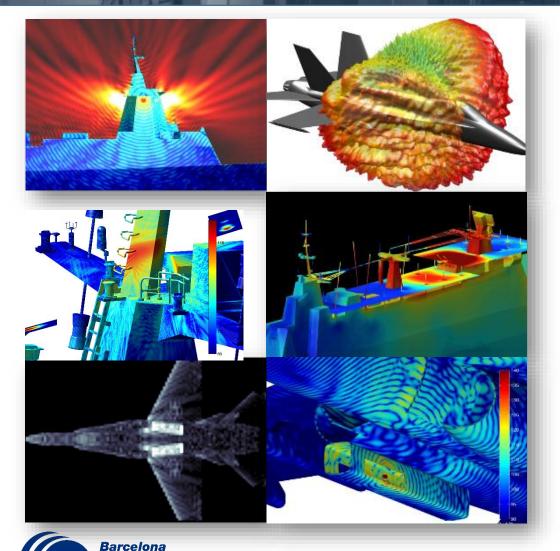
These systems integrate powerful transmitters and together with highly sensitive receivers, all working together in the whole frequency range (LF-K).

Sometimes transmitters may cause certain performance losses, make operation difficult, or even cause permanent damage (**burnout**) to the receivers, due to the interference caused on them, or even generate potentially dangerous situations due to EM radiation (RADHAZs)

EM3MORKS UniversidadeVigo

Electromagnetic Environmental Effects (E3)

EM3MORKS Universida_d Vigo



Supercomputing

The effective management of all these issues is called E3 (Electromagnetic Environmental Effects) and has acquired a fundamental role in the initial design stages of a modern warship.

E3 includes disciplines such as: electromagnetic compatibility (EMC), electromagnetic interference (EMI) and hazardous radiation (RADHAZ) or electromagnetic radiation (EMR), both for personnel (HERP), armament (HERO) and fuels (HERF); along with TEMPEST control policies.

Surface Integral Equation (SIE) formulation

2D parametrization: only surfaces and interfaces have to be considered.

Barcelona Supercomputing Center Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

EM3^AORKS Universida_{de}Vigo

Universida_d Vigo

Surface Integral Equation (SIE) formulation

Method of Moments (MoM)

Exact solution. High precision, no asymptotic approaches. Rao-Wilton-Glisson (RWG) basis functions. Very high computational cost **O(N²)**

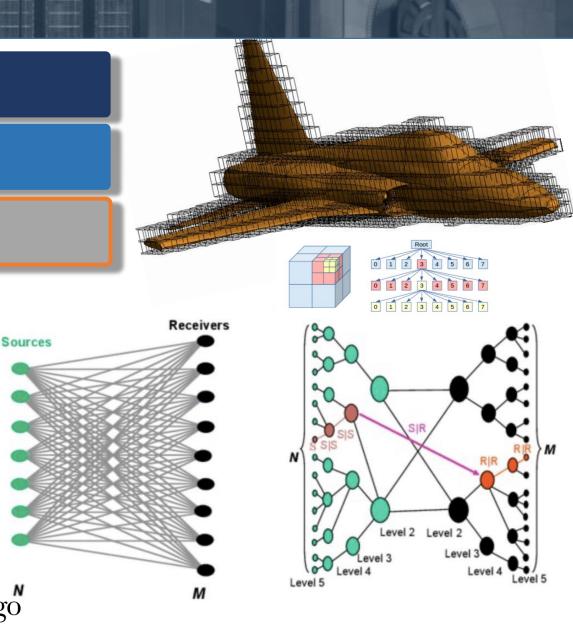


Surface Integral Equation (SIE) formulation

Method of Moments (MoM)

Multilevel Fast Multipole Algorithm (MLFMA)

Spectral acceleration Lowest achievable cost in CEM Computational cost O(N log N)





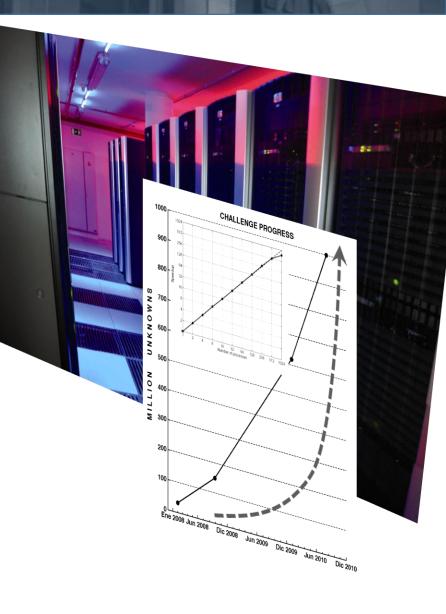
Surface Integral Equation (SIE) formulation

Method of Moments (MoM)

Multilevel Fast Multipole Algorithm (MLFMA)

MLFMA – Fast Fourier Transform (MLFMA-FFT)

High scalability, maximum efficiency up to thousands of cores Suitable for high performance computers (HPC)





Surface Integral Equation (SIE) formulation

Method of Moments (MoM)

Multilevel Fast Multipole Algorithm (MLFMA)

MLFMA – Fast Fourier Transform (MLFMA-FFT)

Domain Decomposition Method (DDM)

Divide and conquer strategy. **Multi-scale** and **multi-material** problems. Hyper-fast convergence



D2 - Middle fuselag DDM/MLFMA - Jacobi/MLFMA <u>ब</u> 10⁻³ Residual error of the full-wave solution ₩ 10⁻⁴ Using DDM-MLFMA-FFT <10⁻⁶ 20 7 - POD cap #3 (JMCFIE Wall-clock time (h) D8 to D18 - Broad-band cavity D5 - POD cap s (CEIE-EEIE-IMCEIE Aboserber-filled cavity-backed PEC outer cavity wall PEC inner cavity wall (CEIE) (CFIE)

Surface Integral Equation (SIE) formulation

Method of Moments (MoM)

Multilevel Fast Multipole Algorithm (MLFMA)

MLFMA – Fast Fourier Transform (MLFMA-FFT)

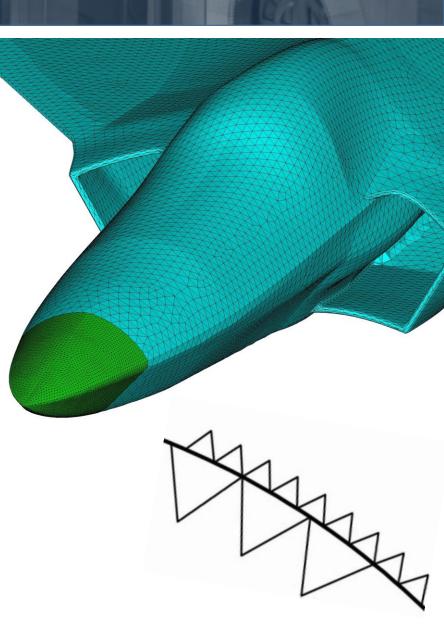
Domain Decomposition Method (DDM)

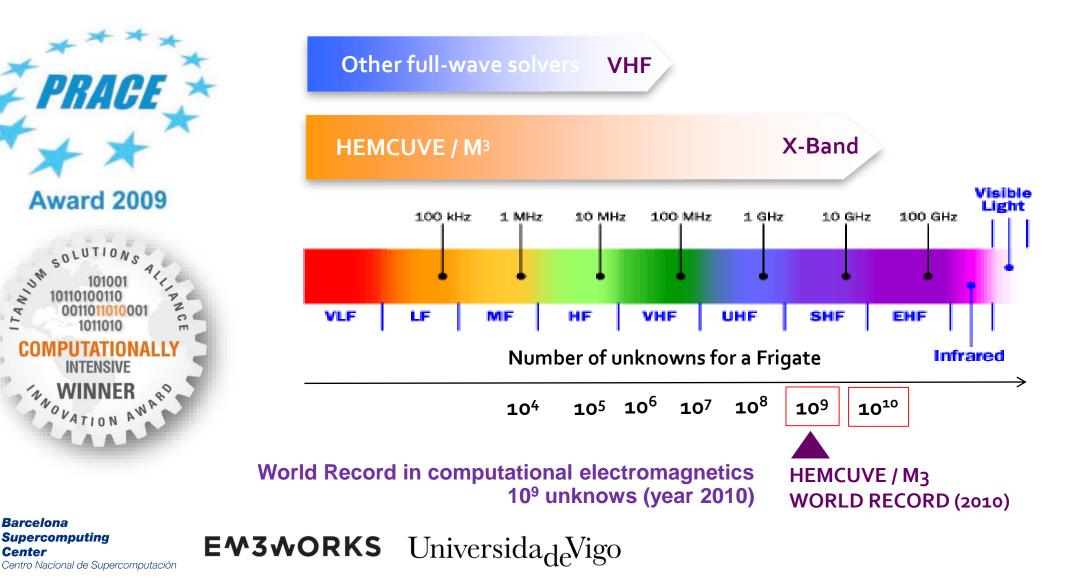
Discontinuous Galerkin

Non conformal meshing. Facilitating CAD and meshing process.



EM3MORKS UniversidadeVigo





TANIC

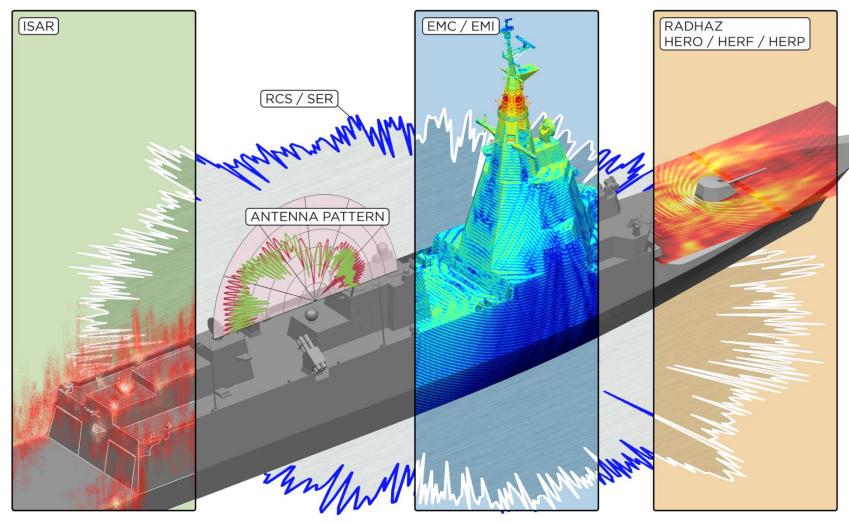
Center

M3 naval applications

Universida_d, Vigo

M3 solves challenging largescale & deep-multiscale realistic problems, involving hundreds to thousands of millions of unknowns

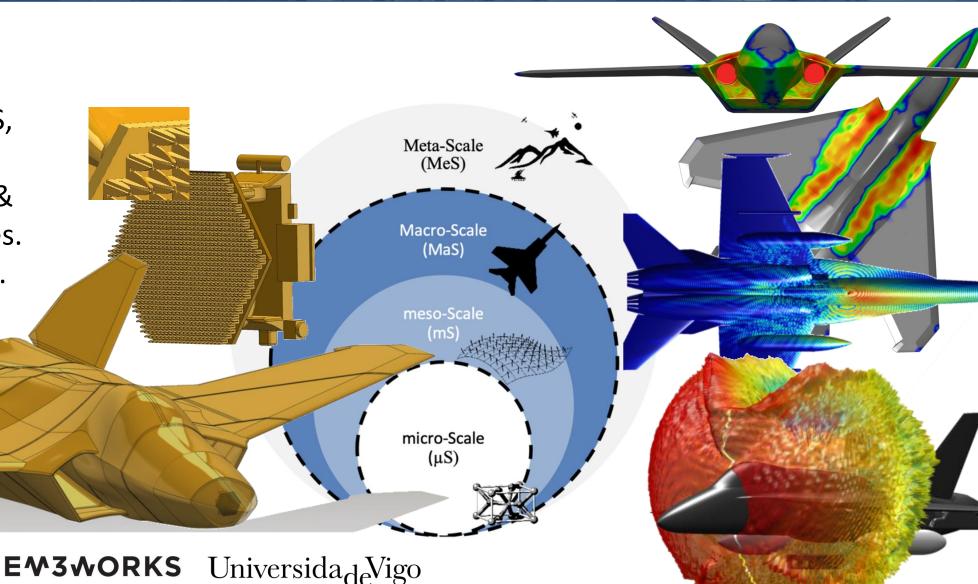
EM Environmental Effects (E3), radar signature (RCS, ISAR), antenna (design, prototyping and design), etc.





M3 airborne applications

E3, RCS & ISAR. Smart fuselage, FSS, metamaterials. Low Observability & stealth technologies. Embedded sensors.





The big team

Universida_{de}Vigo





25 years of close collaboration, working together towards the most efficient topside design !!!

LA SIMULACIÓN ELECTROMAGNÉTICA EN BUQUES DE LA ARMADA ESPAÑOLA **Revista General de la Marina, Marzo 2019**

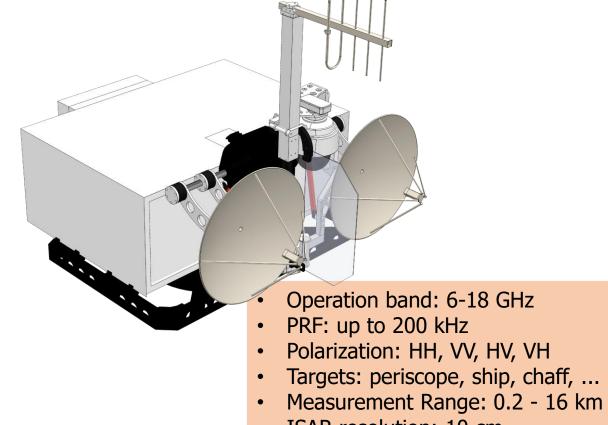
> Universida_{de}Vigo **EV**3**\vert\v**



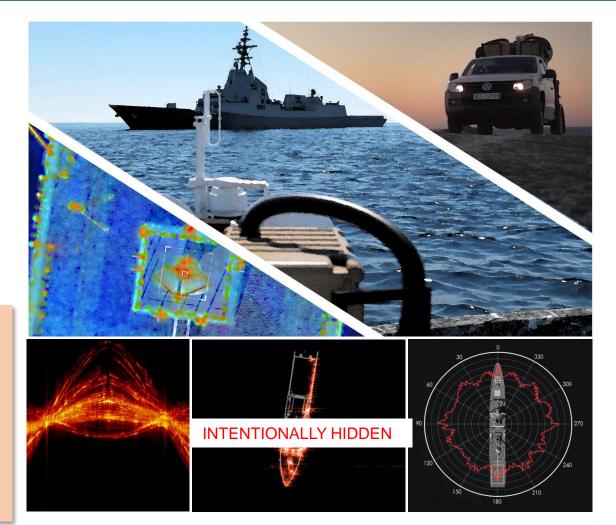
Background



DIAR: radar signature measurement system



- ISAR resolution: 10 cm
- Easy deployment and pick up: 30'
- Off-road vehicle

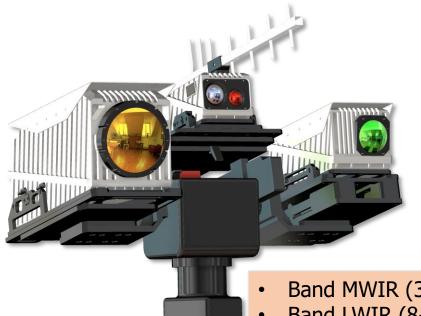




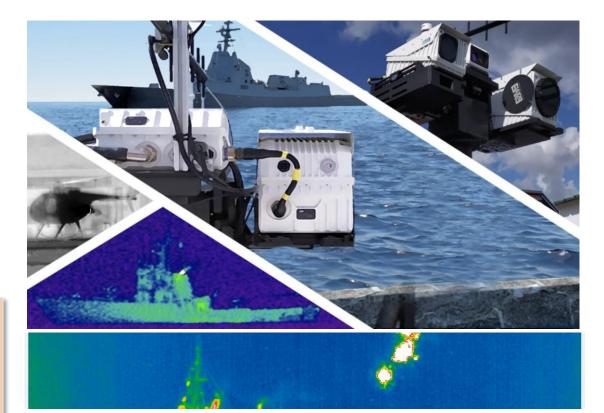
EV3VORKS Universida_dVigo



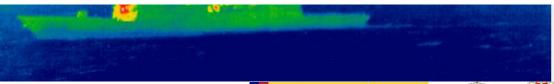
DIFI: infrared signature measurement system



- Band MWIR (3-5 um)
- Band LWIR (8-12 um)
- LRF for distance measurement
- Automatic tracking
- Easy deployment and pick up: 30'
- Off-road vehicle



INTENTIONALLY HIDDEN

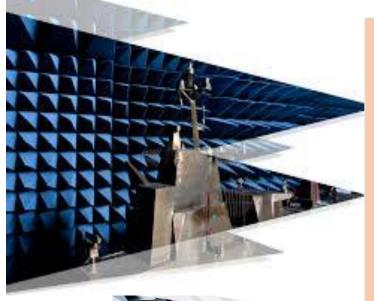




EV3VORKS UniversidadeVigo



LMR: Radioelectric Measurement Laboratory



Spherical range measurement system (7x7x9 meters), provides radiation patterns of antennas up to 50 GHz, both far field and near field, VSWR and gain.

LMR also performs EMC precertification tests.

Tests about EMI and EMS can be performed, based on commonly used standards



Barcelona Supercomputing Center Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

EM3MORKS UniversidadeVigo

The science behind



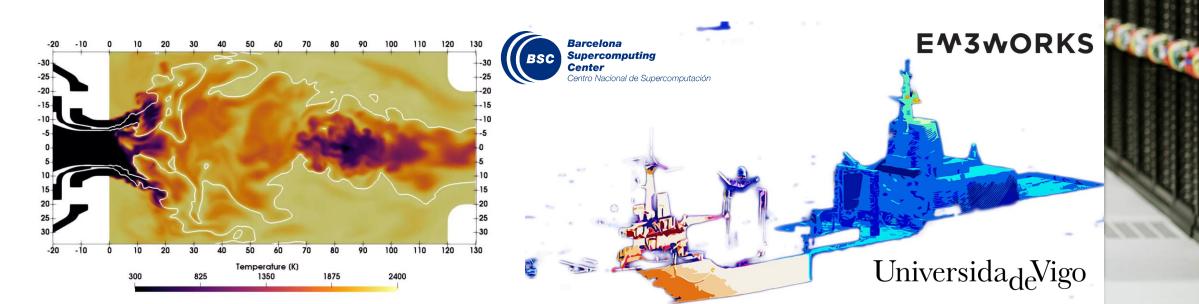


S Universida_{de}Vigo

Conclusions about HPC and AI in digital engineering

Due to the complexity of **new developments** and their extremely high cost, it is necessary to rely on **digital engineering** throughout the whole entire **life cycle**, including **High Performance Computing**, **high-fidelity** modeling and **AI**.

This is the only way to **ensure compliance** with requirements before making **decisions** about **production.** In addition, high fidelity models are **critical** to the life cycle of **complex systems and SoS**.





BSC Barcelona Supercomputing Center Centro Nacional de Supercomputación

Use of a High Performance Computing (HPC) and AI for complex phenomena analysis on surface ship design



Universida_{de}Vigo E**M3\ORKS**



Joan Farnós, PhD. Head of Dual-Use Technologies at BSC-CNS; joan.farnos@bsc.es Prof. Dr. Fernando Obelleiro. Full Professor Univeridad de Vigo; obi@com.uvigo.es

COMBINED NAVAL EVENT 2024