

Safe Work Method Statement

Business Name:	Evexis Group				
Task/Activity:	Stand Build for Rexroth at Auspack 2022	Date Developed:	18/04/2022	ABN:	55 3314 160 683
Office Address:	8C Adina court, Tullamarine VIC 3043	Date of Last Review:	25/04/2022	Approved by:	Francesco Guarna
Site Address:	MCEC	Required permits:	N/A	Position:	Project Manager

RISK TABLE How bad is the hazard likely to be? If a hazard is rated Level 1 [Extreme], Level 2 [High] or Level 3 [Moderate] Do not start work until the revised risk rating is either 4, 5 or 6				
WHAT DAMAGE COULD IT CAUSE?	VERY LIKELY <i>Could happen anytime.</i>	LIKELY <i>Could happen sometimes.</i>	UNLIKELY <i>Could happen, but only rarely.</i>	VERY UNLIKELY <i>Could happen, but probably never will</i>
Death or permanent disability.	1	1	2	3
Long-term illness or serious injury.	1	2	3	4
Medical attention or several days off work.	2	3	4	5
First Aid Needed	3	4	5	6
1, 2 & 3 Indicates unacceptable hazard/risk that must be eliminated 4, 5 & 6 Indicates acceptable hazard/risk				

How to complete this safe work method statement

- 1) Adjust all details on the front page
- 2) Consult with the workers who are going to use this SWMS and make the necessary adjustments
- 3) "Risk Assessment Hazard Identification" - Inspect the site, identify the hazards that may be present and add to this SWMS
- 4) Job Steps- List the job steps in sequence of tasks required to carry out the work
- 5) Hazard Identification- List the potential hazards associated with each Job Step
- 6) Initial Risk- Using the "Risk Table", rate the identified risks.
- 7) Control Measures Implemented- List the controls you will implement to reduce the risks to the lowest possible level
- 8) Revised Risk- Using the "Risk Table", rate the level of risk once the controls have been implemented. If the revised risk rating is still 1, 2 or 3 do not start work until better control measures are implemented and the revised risk rating is 4, 5 or 6.
- 9) Person Responsible- List the name or position of the person or persons responsible for ensuring the controls are implemented
- 10) Ensure this safe work method statement is reviewed and revised if relevant control measures are revised.

ALL PROJECT/SITE & SWMS INDUCTIONS MUST BE COMPLETED PRIOR TO ANY PROJECT WORKS TAKING PLACE.

Required PPE to carry out activities:	 Helmet	 Boots	 Eye	 Vest	 Gloves	 Hearing	 Respirator	 Harness	
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WORK ACTIVITY (Steps in the activity/task)	HAZARDS PRESENT (What could cause injury)	RISK SCORE	RISK CONTROL MEASURES (What can be done to minimise the risk of injury)	RESIDUAL RISK SCORE	WHO IS RESPONSIBLE
1 Material handling, loading / unloading materials.	Personal injuries- Abdominal hernia, muscle and joint injuries, cuts and abrasions	Likely LTI 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Confirm with project manager the task, including amounts and weight at hand and the way in which it should be handled. • Always use mechanical lifting where applicable. Use a forklift on site for your use if possible; contact a foreman to use it. If there are pallet trolleys, wheel barrows on site this will need to be utilised to minimise manual handling. • Project Manager or the responsible person should make the decision on the best use of mechanical lifting equipment to be used and this should be explained to the operator. • All loads above 20kg are to be lifted by at least 2 persons. Care must be taken to establish the weight/load prior to lift. • Dependent on the required amount of movements (repetition/fatigue), rotation of task/personnel must be considered. • The shortest possible distance between material movement and storage area should be considered before undertaking the task. 		MANAGER, SUPERVISOR AND WORKERS

WORK ACTIVITY (Steps in the activity/task)	HAZARDS PRESENT (What could cause injury)	RISK SCORE	RISK CONTROL MEASURES (What can be done to minimise the risk of injury)	RESIDUAL RISK SCORE	WHO IS RESPONSIBLE
Material handling, loading / unloading materials (cont)	Back injuries		<p>When positioning/delivering loads;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deliver/store loads at height where bending is reduced • Good communication and eye contact between lifting team to be clearly understood before starting task. • Positioning of persons to be clarified before lifting • Lifting between persons should be sequential e.g. in steps • Route of travel to be established before lifting occurs • Ensure area of movement/path is clear of obstacles • Bend your knees • Keep your back straight • Keep your chin up/eyes straight • Keep load as close as possible to body • Limit the amount of twisting/turning of body • Keep load as balanced and even as possible between lifters • Keep route as direct as possible • Place the load as close as possible to chest height <p>The use of gloves should be used to reduce the likely hood of material slipping in hand.</p>		MANAGER, SUPERVISOR AND WORKERS

WORK ACTIVITY (Steps in the activity/task)	HAZARDS PRESENT (What could cause injury)	RISK SCORE	RISK CONTROL MEASURES (What can be done to minimise the risk of injury)	RESIDUAL RISK SCORE	WHO IS RESPONSIBLE
2 Use of power tools and electrical equipment	Electrocutation Personal injuries	Likely LTI 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All leads and tools to be tagged by a competent person with a minimum of a testing and tagging certification, a record of which is to be recorded in electrical testing register. • Leads must not be "piggy backed" to each other, eg 32 metre lead plugged into another 32mtr lead to make it reach longer. If this is viewed a risk assessment (or re-evaluation of the current risk assessment) must be completed on the correct amount of temporary power boards required at this site. • Hand tools only to be operated by competent, trained and qualified personnel. • Areas to be kept clean and materials removed ASAP 		MANAGER, SUPERVISOR AND WORKERS

WORK ACTIVITY (Steps in the activity/task)	HAZARDS PRESENT (What could cause injury)	RISK SCORE	RISK CONTROL MEASURES (What can be done to minimise the risk of injury)	RESIDUAL RISK SCORE	WHO IS RESPONSIBLE	
3	<p>Various carpentry and joinery installation tasks</p>	<p>Inexperienced casual labour staff can cause harm to self and others</p> <p>Falls from working at heights</p> <p>Cuts and abrasions</p>	<p>Likely LTI 2</p> <p>Likely LTI 2</p> <p>Likely LTI 4</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ensure all staff have undergone a general safety induction • All staff engaging in construction work must hold a White card and relevant documents to run certain tasks • All staff to wear correct and appropriate PPE • Site areas to be kept clean and tidy from trip hazards • All mobile scaffolding exceeding 2 metres must have kickboards and mid rails in place. • 3 points of contact must be maintained when ascending and descending the ladder • ladders must always be positioned securely on a flat surface • Avoid using the top 3 rungs of the ladder to improve stability • Project manager and staff are responsible for work to be carried out by a competent operator whilst operating hand held tools • Staff to wear appropriate and correct PPE at all times • All manual handling to be in conjunction with Section One of this SWMS. 		<p>MANAGER, SUPERVISOR AND WORKERS</p> <p>MANAGER, SUPERVISOR AND WORKERS</p> <p>MANAGER, SUPERVISOR AND WORKERS</p>
4	<p>Basic cleaning</p>	<p>Work with chemicals</p>	<p>Likely LTI 3</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All chemicals and materials (where required) are to have the appropriate MSDS held at site. • Labels should be clear, easy to read and visible on each cleaning bottle • Areas to be always kept clean and tidy • Hazards to be reported immediately to appropriate person/s 		<p>MANAGER, SUPERVISOR AND WORKERS</p>

<p align="center">List plant, equipment and tools to be used</p> <p>e.g. Hand tools, Electrical tools, Ladders and any other equipment to be used in the task</p>	<p align="center">RELEVANT LEGISLATION, CODES OF PRACTICE & AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hand tools 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work Health and Safety Act 2011
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical tools 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work Health and Safety Legislation 2011
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ladders 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workplace Injury Management & Workers Compensation Act 1998
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scaffold 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workplace Injury Management & Workers Compensation Act 1998
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Scissor Lift 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Workplace Injury Management & Workers Compensation Act 1998
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chemicals (general cleaning products) - AJAX SPRAY AND WIPE - WATER BASED METHYLATED SPIRITS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How to Manage Work Health and Safety Risks
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electrical equipment 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hazardous Manual Tasks
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Work Health and Safety Consultation Cooperation and Coordination
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Managing the Work Environment and Facilities
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construction Work
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Managing electrical risks in at the workplace

