

Reversing Chronic Disease: Lessons from Integrative Medicine

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A tale of two patients with diabetes...





Vegan and Vegetarian diets in Type 2 Diabetes

- · 2014 meta-analysis of vegetarian diets found a significant reduction in HgbA1c (-0.39 points) compared to control diets
- · 2016 RCT compared a brown-rice-based vegan diet with a conventional diabetic diet
- Vegan diet (brown rice, low-GI foods –ie. legumes, green vegetables, & seaweed), avoid polished/white rice, processed food made of flour, and animal foods. Portions, calories, and frequency of meals were not restricted Hemoglobin A1c levels decreased by 0.5 points in the vegan group compared with 0.2 points in the conventional group

Yokoyama Y, et al. Vegetarian diets and glycemic control in diabetes: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Cardiovosc Diogn Ther. 2014;4:373–382. Lee YM, et al. Effect of a brown rice based vegan diet and conventional diabetic diet on glycemic control of patients with type 2 diabetes: a 12-week randomized clinical trial. PRO Sine. 2016;

Low Carb diet reverses Type 2 Diabetes

- 186 patients followed a low-carbohydrate diet for ~34 months: 77% achieved remission if began within 1 year of diagnosis
 16% achieved remission if diagnosed 1-5 years previously
- 11% achieved remission if diagnosed 6-15 years previously Results:
- HgbA1c reduced 33%
 Triglycerides reduced 30% Systolic blood pressure reduced 8.6%
 Total cholesterol reduced 10%



Unwin D. et al. What predicts drug-free type 2 diabetes remission? Insights from an 8-year general practice service evo of a lower carbohydrate diet with weight loss BMJ Nutrition, Prevention & Health 2023;e000544.

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Intermittent Fasting for diabetes

- 3-month intermittent fasting diet intervention among 36 people 90% of participants, including those on blood sugar-lowering agents and insulin, reduced their diabetes medication after intermittent
- fasting
- 55% experienced diabetes remission, discontinued diabetes medication, and maintained it for at least one year
- 65% percent of the participants who achieved diabetes remission had a diabetes duration >6 years

Manoogian ENC et al. Time-restricted Eating for the Prevention and Management of Metabolic Diseases. Endocrine Reviews, 2022; 43 (2): 405

Intensive Lifestyle Program

- Randomized controlled trial in Qatar (n=158)
- Compared intensive lifestyle intervention with usual care on weight loss and glycemic outcomes in patients with type 2 diabetes, ages 18–50; diabetes duration ≤3 years; BMI of >27 Two groups:
- low-energy diet meal replacement product phase → gradual food reintroduction with physical activity support → weight-loss maintenance phase, with lifestyle support usual diabetes care based on clinical guidelines
- Results
 Intervention group mean body weight decreased 12 kg compared with 4 kg in controls
 21% of participants achieved >15% weight loss compared with 1% in control group
 61% of participants in intervention group went into diabetes remission compared with
 12% of controls

Taheri S. et al. Effect of intensive lifestyle intervention on bodyweight and glycaemia in early type 2 diabetes (DIADEM-I). The Lancet. Vol 8 issue 5; 477-489, June 2020

Vitamin D meta-analysis

• 3 trials, 4,190 participants



- · Vit D prevents progression from pre-DM to DM • a 15% reduction in the risk of new-onset diabetes If vitamin D level maintained at 125 nmol/L or higher the risk of developing diabetes was reduced by 76%
- 1 out of 6 people in UK have vitamin D deficiency
- "Side Benefits" bone health, mental health, cancer prevention, immune function

Vitamio D effective in preventing the progression of pre-diabetes to diabetes. Annols of Int Med. Feb 2023 https://www.nutrition.org.uk/news/2021/british-nutrition-foundation-survey-reveals-49-adults-unaware-of-uk-government-guidelines-for-vitamin-d/

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Why now? Diabetes in the UK

Prevalence: 1 in 10 adults over the age of 40 has diabetes

The number of people with diabetes is expected to reach 5.5 million by 2030



























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- Williams JL The Effects of Green Tea Amino Acid L-Theanine Consumption on the Ability to Manage Stress and Anxiety Levels: a Systematic Review. Plant Foods Hum Nutr. 2020 Mar;75(1):12-23
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