



Check₂O[®]

POOL & SPA TEST STRIPS



*Test strips for the indication
of various parameters for
the maintenance of
Pools & Spas*

www.check2o.com

Monitoring Parameters

A number of parameters must be monitored in swimming pools and spas to ensure they are kept both hygienic and fit for human use.

Cyanuric Acid

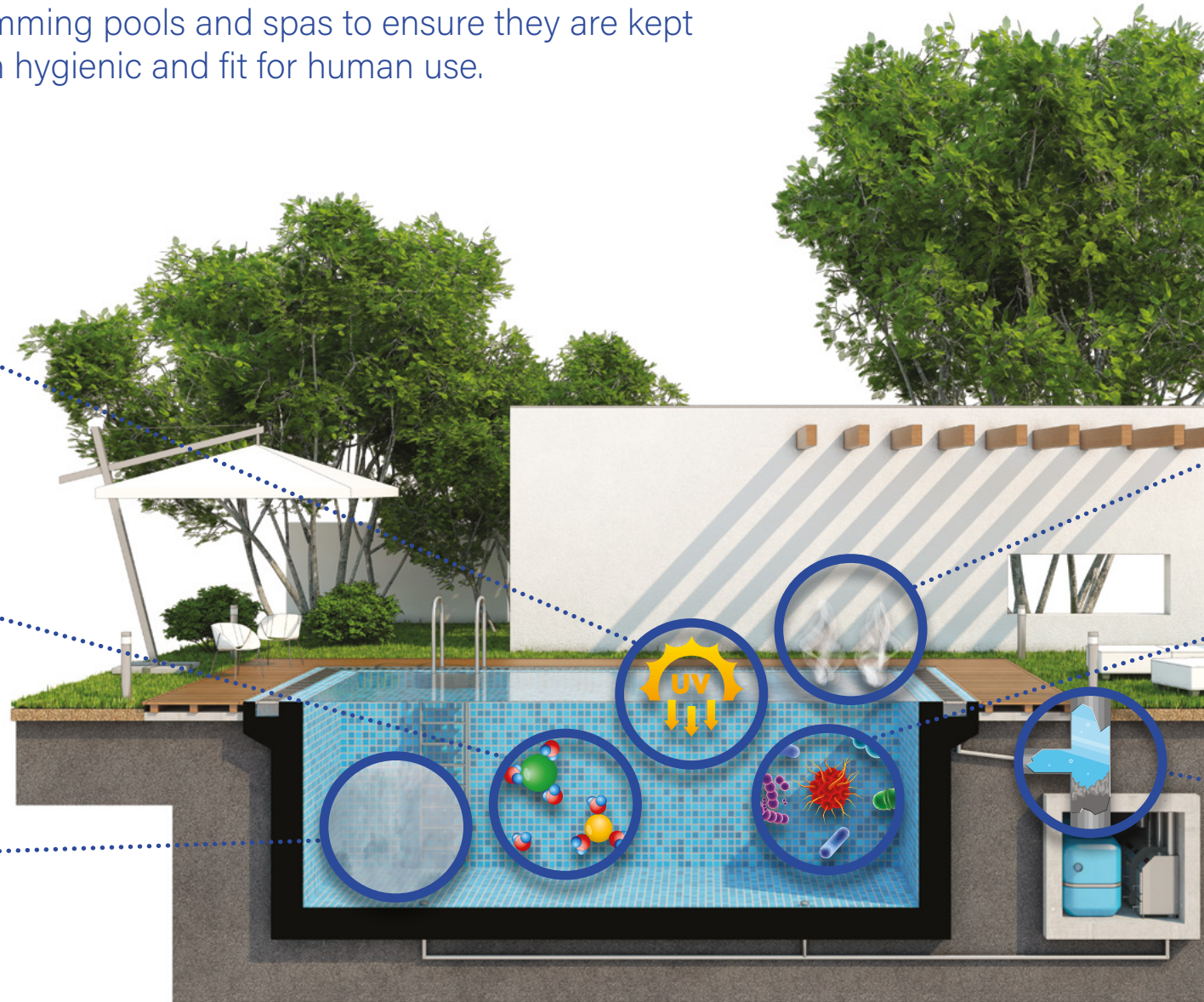
Cyanuric acid is added to swimming pools and spas to stabilise the added free chlorine. This is especially critical for outdoor swimming pools or hot tubs as UV rays from sunlight can break down any free chlorine rendering it inactive. Cyanuric acid combines with the free chlorine and slowly releases it back into the water over a period of time, minimising the amount that is lost to UV degradation. Recommended levels of cyanuric acid are 100ppm.

Alkalinity

Total alkalinity refers to a number of chemicals that are present in swimming pools which are able to primarily resist any sudden changes in pH. These chemicals are usually in the form of carbonates, which is why alkalinity is sometimes referred to as carbonate hardness. The total alkalinity or carbonate hardness of a swimming pool should be kept between 80 - 120 ppm. Low levels of alkalinity can lead to big swings in pH whereas levels of alkalinity that are too high will consequentially cause the pH to be high also.

pH

The pH of a swimming pool or spa should be kept between 7.2 and 7.6. pH levels outside this range can have detrimental effects on both anybody who uses it as well as the pool structure itself. A pH of 8 and above lead to skin rashes as well as cloudy water. A pH of 7 and below will again lead to cloudy water as well as damaging any tiling, grout work or plastic components.



Total Chlorine

Total chlorine or combined chlorine refers to the amount of free chlorine that has been used up. It is important to note that this chlorine remains in the solution but in an inactive form. High levels of combined chlorine usually is accompanied by a strong odour. Total chlorine levels should always be maintained as low as possible, ideally no more than 1ppm.

Free Chlorine

Swimming pools are disinfected with chlorine in the form of either hypochlorite or di/trichloroisocyanurate. This keeps the water free from microorganisms. The optimum chlorine levels are dependant on which material has been used. If hypochlorite is used, a level of 3ppm should not be exceeded, whereas with chloroisocyanurates a level of 5ppm should not be exceeded. The pH of the swimming pool is also an important factor to consider when dosing any pool. The higher the pH, the less effective the chlorine will be for disinfection purposes. The ideal pH for free chlorine disinfection is between pH 7.0 and pH 7.4.

Total Hardness

Total hardness is often referred to as calcium hardness. Hardness can vary across different areas as it is solely dependent on what water is used to fill the swimming pool or spa. The ideal level of calcium hardness in a swimming pool is between 80 - 200ppm. Anything above this level can lead to increased pH levels as well as limescale build up on the water filters.

LAUNCH YOUR OWN BRAND

PRIVATE LABEL MANUFACTURING



OEM ONE STOP SERVICE!

- ✓ ANY COMBINATION OF TEST PARAMETERS
- ✓ CUSTOMISABLE DETECTION RANGE
- ✓ FLEXIBLE PACKAGING OPTIONS
- ✓ LOW QUANTITY START-UP
- ✓ BESPOKE END TO END SERVICE
- ✓ IN-HOUSE R&D TEAM

JOHNSON ANALYTICA

WATER QUALITY ANALYSER



- ⌚ Quick
- 🎯 Accurate
- ✅ Easy

Testing 6 parameters of Swimming Pool and Spa water, using the latest optoelectronic and microprocessor technology to accurately take measurements.

Check₂O

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Why? Check₂O Test Strips

Results are obtained in only 10 seconds. There is also no need to add any further chemicals to the sample before testing.

Easy to use

All chemistries are contained within the test pad and can be used straight out of the pack.

Non-toxic

Each test strip provides results for up to 6 different parameters, meaning a single pack of 50 strips can provide up to 300 individual test results.

1 Test = Multiple Results

Desiccated Lid

Each pack contains desiccant within the lid. This protects the strips from any residual humidity that may be encountered during storage.

3 year shelf life

When stored unopened and under the correct conditions, the strips can be used up to 3 years from manufacture.

Aluminium Tube

The aluminium tube primarily ensures that optimal storage conditions are maintained. Once all the strips are used, the tube can be easily and widely recycled.





Multiple Parameter Test Strip Range

Check₂O 6 in 1



Check₂O 5 in 1



Check₂O 6 in 1

50 strips

Ref: 300.001

Alkalinity	0 - 40 - 80 - 120 - 180 - 240 ppm CO ₃ ²⁻
pH	6.4 - 6.8 - 7.2 - 7.5 - 7.8 - 8.4 pH
Cyanuric Acid	0 - 30-50 - 100 - 150 - 300 ppm CA
Free Chlorine	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 5 - 10 ppm OCl ⁻
Total Chlorine	0 - 1(2) - 2(4) - 3(6) - 5(10) - 10(20) ppm Total Cl ₂ (Total Br ₂)
Total Hardness	0 - 100 - 250 - 500 - 1000 ppm as CaCO ₃

Check₂O 6 in 1 test strips allow for full control of all aspects of swimming pool maintenance on a single test strip.

Check₂O 5 in 1

50 strips

Ref: 301.001

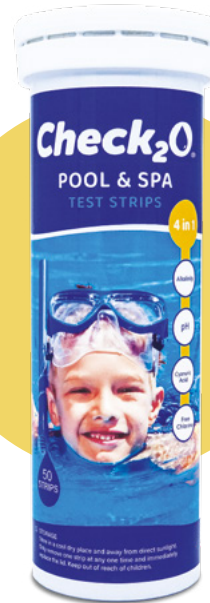
Alkalinity	0 - 40 - 80 - 120 - 180 - 240 ppm CO ₃ ²⁻
pH	6.4 - 6.8 - 7.2 - 7.5 - 7.8 - 8.4 pH
Cyanuric Acid	0 - 30-50 - 100 - 150 - 300 ppm CA
Free Chlorine	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 5 - 10 ppm OCl ⁻
Total Hardness	0 - 100 - 250 - 500 - 1000 ppm as CaCO ₃

Check₂O 5 in 1 test strips are ideal for when total chlorine measurement is not required, for example when using peroxide or MPS as alternative oxidisers.

The Check₂O Pool & Spa Range

- Multiple parameters
- Multiple configurations
- Your choice

Check₂O 4 in 1

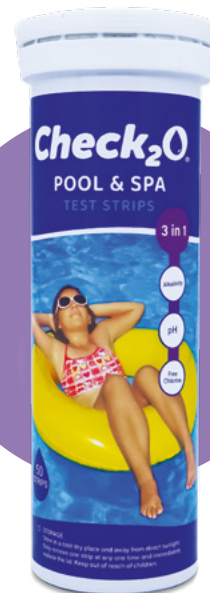


Check₂O 4 in 1 50 strips Ref: 302.001

Alkalinity	0 - 40 - 80 - 120 - 180 - 240 ppm CO ₃ ²⁻
pH	6.4 - 6.8 - 7.2 - 7.5 - 7.8 - 8.4 pH
Cyanuric Acid	0 - 30-50 - 100 - 150 - 300 ppm CA
Free Chlorine	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 5 - 10 ppm OCI ⁻

Check₂O 4 in 1 test strips are ideal for when total chlorine and water hardness measurements are not required, for example when water softeners are purposely built into the swimming pool mechanics.

Check₂O 3 in 1



Check₂O 3 in 1 50 strips Ref: 303.001

Alkalinity	0 - 40 - 80 - 120 - 180 - 240 ppm CO ₃ ²⁻
pH	6.4 - 6.8 - 7.2 - 7.5 - 7.8 - 8.4 pH
Free Chlorine	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 5 - 10 ppm OCI ⁻

Check₂O 3 in 1 test strips allow for measurement of only the most important parameters required in swimming pool maintenance.

Single Parameter Test Strip Range

Free Chlorine

50 strips

Ref: 304.001

Swimming pools are disinfected with chlorine in the form of either hypochlorite or di/trichloroisocyanurate. This keeps the water free from microorganisms. The optimum chlorine levels are dependant on which material has been used. If hypochlorite is used, a level of 3ppm should not be exceeded, whereas with chloroisocyanurates a level of 5ppm should not be exceeded. The pH of the swimming pool is also an important factor to consider when dosing any pool. The higher the pH, the less effective the chlorine will be for disinfection purposes. The ideal pH for free chlorine disinfection is between pH 7.0 and pH 7.4.

Measuring Range

0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 5 - 10 ppm OCI



MPS (Monopersulfate)

50 strips

Ref: 307.001

Monopersulfate, which is more commonly known under its trade name Oxone, is a powerful oxidizer used to sanitise swimming pools and reduce build up of organic contaminants. Whilst Oxone cannot completely replace the need for a chlorine-based disinfectant, it can dramatically reduce the overall consumption as well as reduce the buildup of chloramines and the odour associated with them.

Measuring Range

0 - 0.5 - 1 - 3 - 5 - 10 - 20 ppm MPS



Total Chlorine 50 strips Ref: 305.001

Total chlorine or combined chlorine refers to the amount of free chlorine that has been used up. It is important to note that this chlorine remains in the solution but in an inactive form. High levels of combined chlorine usually is accompanied by a strong odour. Total chlorine levels should always be maintained as low as possible, ideally no more than 1ppm.



Measuring Range

0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 5 - 10 ppm Total Cl₂

Total Bromine 50 strips Ref: 306.001

Bromine is used as an alternative to chlorine disinfection. In a similar way to chlorine, it is not actually bromine that is present in the swimming pool, but hydrobromous acid which can be released by certain chemical compounds. Bromine has a number of advantages over chlorine, most notably it is viewed as being less harsh to human eyes and skin. However, in terms of disinfecting power bromine is less powerful than chlorine.



Measuring Range

0 - 2 - 4 - 6 - 10 - 20 ppm Total Br₂

Copper 50 strips Ref: 308.001

Whilst the majority of swimming pools are disinfected using chlorine, copper is a relatively new way of being able to achieve the same level of disinfection. Copper based disinfectants are extremely effective at killing microorganisms including resistant forms of black algae. These disinfectants are also much kinder to human skin than chlorine so present an excellent alternative.



Measuring Range

0 - 0.4 - 0.7 - 1.5 - 3.0 ppm Cu²⁺

Peroxide 50 strips Ref: 309.001

In a similar way to MPS, hydrogen peroxide is a powerful oxidizer that can be used to reduce the overall chlorine consumption of a swimming pool as well as reduce the buildup of byproducts. Hydrogen peroxide is activated by sunlight and without the need for additional materials, making it a good chemical for use in outdoor swimming pools. However, when using hydrogen peroxide, levels must be checked regularly as bright sunlight and high temperatures can lead to a rapid breakdown of the added hydrogen peroxide.



Measuring Range

0 - 1 - 3 - 10 - 30 - 100 ppm H₂O₂

Biguanide

50 strips

Ref: 310.001

Biguanides disinfectants represent a completely halogen free method for swimming pool disinfection. Where the performance of chlorine disinfectants can be affected by the pH of the water, Biguanides work independent of pH, light and temperature and are usually used in conjunction with hydrogen peroxide. The main drawback for the use of Biguanides are that they tend to produce insoluble by products, which means a more frequent cleaning routine must be maintained.

Measuring Range

0 - 15 - 30 - 50 - 80 ppm



Biguanide Shock

50 strips

Ref: 311.001

Swimming pools can be shock treated using Biguanide disinfectants in the same way as chlorine. This is generally used when a large amount of cleaning power is needed in a short space of time e.g., when pools have been left without a proper cleaning routine.

Measuring Range

0 - 40 - 80 - 160 - 240 - 360 ppm



Total Hardness

50 strips

Ref: 314.001

Total hardness is often referred to as calcium hardness. Hardness can vary across different areas as it is solely dependent on what water is used to fill the swimming pool or spa. The ideal level of calcium hardness in a swimming pool is between 80 - 200ppm. Anything above this level can lead to increased pH levels as well as limescale build up on the water filters.

Measuring Range

0 - 100 - 250 - 500 - 1000 ppm as CaCO₃



Salt

50 strips

Ref: 315.001

The concentration of chloride ions in swimming pools is a good way of monitoring the quality of the water. High levels of chloride ions can lead to interferences with the disinfection capacity of free chlorine, as well as the production of toxic by products through reactions with human organic matter e.g. urea.

Measuring Range

0 - 500 - 1000 - 1500 - 2000 - 3000 ppm Cl



Cyanuric Acid

50 strips

Ref: 312.001

Cyanuric acid is added to swimming pools and spas to stabilise the added free chlorine. This is especially critical for outdoor swimming pools or hot tubs as UV rays from sunlight can break down any free chlorine rendering it inactive. Cyanuric acid combines with the free chlorine and slowly releases it back into the water over a period of time, minimising the amount that is lost to UV degradation. Recommended levels of cyanuric acid are 100ppm.

Measuring Range

0 - 30 - 50 - 100 - 150 - 300 ppm CA



Alkalinity

50 strips

Ref: 313.001

Total alkalinity refers to a number of chemicals that are present in swimming pools which are able to primarily resist any sudden changes in pH. These chemicals are usually in the form of carbonates, which is why alkalinity is sometimes referred to as carbonate hardness. The total alkalinity or carbonate hardness of a swimming pool should be kept between 80 - 120 ppm. Low levels of alkalinity can lead to big swings in pH whereas levels of alkalinity that are too high will consequentially cause the pH to be high also.

Measuring Range

0 - 40 - 80 - 120 - 180 - 240 ppm CO₃²⁻



Phosphate

50 strips

Ref: 316.001

Phosphates are a natural product of the breakdown of plant matter. If phosphates are left to accumulate unchecked then a process of eutrophication can occur. This is where the water becomes over saturated with nutrients, in particular nitrogen and phosphorus. This excess of phosphorus containing materials stimulate the excess growth of algae and can lead to large algal blooms forming. These algal blooms can turn the water green but most importantly are toxic to humans if left to accumulate.

Measuring Range

0 - 3 - 10 - 25 - 50 - 100 - 250 - 500 ppm PO₄³⁻



Iron

50 strips

Ref: 317.001

Iron may be present in swimming pools through the slow breakdown of any metallic objects that are left in the pool for a prolonged period of time. This iron can accumulate as local deposits or even discolour the surface of the pool.

Measuring Range

0 - 0.3 - 0.6 - 0.9 - 1.2 - 1.5 - 3.0 - 5.0 ppm Fe²⁺





Ordering Information

ppm = mg/L

Product	Measuring Range	Pack Size	REF	Shelf Life
Check ₂ O Pool & Spa Test Strips 6 in 1	0 - 40 - 80 - 120 - 180 - 240 ppm CO ₃ ²⁻ 6.4 - 6.8 - 7.2 - 7.5 - 7.8 - 8.4 pH 0 - 30-50 - 100 - 150 - 300 ppm CA 0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 5 - 10 ppm OCl ⁻ 0 - 1(2) - 2(4) - 3(6) - 5(10) - 10(20) ppm Total Cl ₂ (Total Br ₂) 0 - 100 - 250 - 500 - 1000 ppm as CaCO ₃	50 strips	300.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Pool & Spa Test Strips 5 in 1	0 - 40 - 80 - 120 - 180 - 240 ppm CO ₃ ²⁻ 6.4 - 6.8 - 7.2 - 7.5 - 7.8 - 8.4 pH 0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 5 - 10 ppm OCl ⁻ 0 - 1(2) - 2(4) - 3(6) - 5(10) - 10(20) ppm Total Cl ₂ (Total Br ₂) 0 - 100 - 250 - 500 - 1000 ppm as CaCO ₃	50 strips	301.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Pool & Spa Test Strips 4 in 1	0 - 40 - 80 - 120 - 180 - 240 ppm CO ₃ ²⁻ 6.4 - 6.8 - 7.2 - 7.5 - 7.8 - 8.4 pH 0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 5 - 10 ppm OCl ⁻ 0 - 100 - 250 - 500 - 1000 ppm as CaCO ₃	50 strips	302.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Pool & Spa Test Strips 3 in 1	0 - 40 - 80 - 120 - 180 - 240 ppm CO ₃ ²⁻ 6.4 - 6.8 - 7.2 - 7.5 - 7.8 - 8.4 pH 0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 5 - 10 ppm OCl ⁻	50 strips	303.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Free Chlorine	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 5 - 10 ppm OCl ⁻	50 strips	304.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Total Chlorine	0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 5 - 10 ppm Total Cl ₂	50 strips	305.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Total Bromine	0 - 2 - 4 - 6 - 10 - 20 ppm Total Br ₂	50 strips	306.001	3 years
Check ₂ O MPS (Monopersulfate)	0 - 0.5 - 1 - 3 - 5 - 10 - 20 ppm MPS	50 strips	307.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Copper	0 - 0.4 - 0.7 - 1.5 - 3.0 ppm Cu ²⁺	50 strips	308.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Peroxide	0 - 1 - 3 - 10 - 30 - 100 ppm H ₂ O ₂	50 strips	309.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Biguanide	0 - 15 - 30 - 50 - 80 ppm	50 strips	310.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Biguanide Shock	0 - 40 - 80 - 160 - 240 - 360 ppm	50 strips	311.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Cyanuric Acid	0 - 30-50 - 100 - 150 - 300 ppm CA	50 strips	312.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Alkalinity	0 - 40 - 80 - 120 - 180 - 240 ppm CO ₃ ²⁻	50 strips	313.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Total Hardness	0 - 100 - 250 - 500 - 1000 ppm as CaCO ₃	50 strips	314.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Salt	0 - 500 - 1000 - 1500 - 2000 - 3000 ppm Cl ⁻	50 strips	315.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Phosphate	0 - 3 - 10 - 25 - 50 - 100 - 250 - 500 ppm PO ₄ ³⁻	50 strips	316.001	3 years
Check ₂ O Iron	0 - 0.3 - 0.6 - 0.9 - 1.2 - 1.5 - 3.0 - 5.0 ppm Fe ²⁺	50 strips	317.001	3 years



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