



# Collaborative Geological-Engineering Integration for Unconventional Reservoir Development

---

21–22 OCTOBER 2025 | SHANGHAI, CHINA



# Application Examples of Geology-Engineering Integration in Mahu Shale Oil Field, Xinjiang

Jiaxin Dong

Research Institute of Petroleum Exploration & Development, CNPC

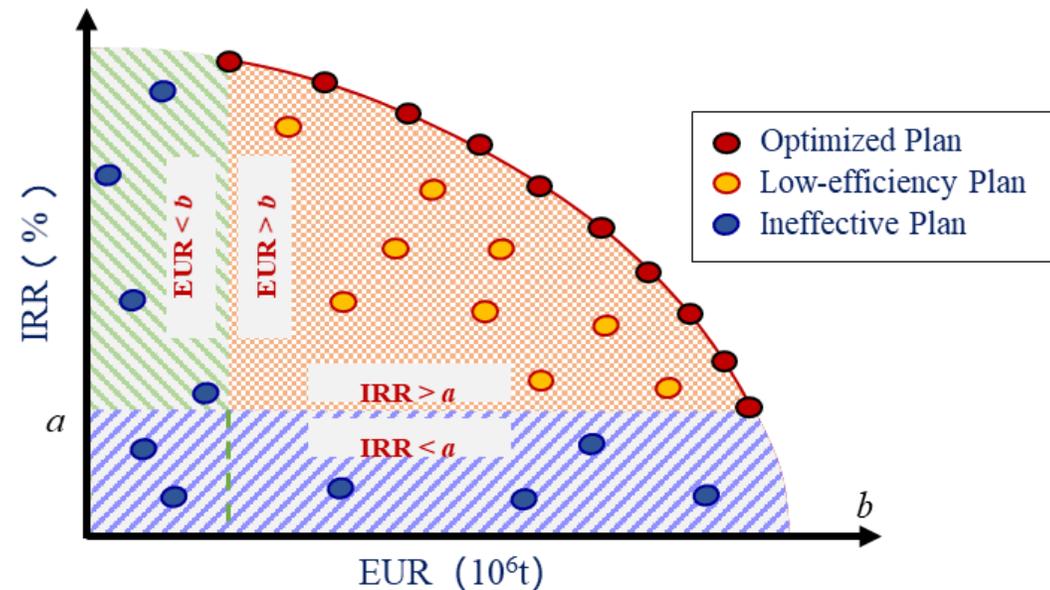
# Outline

- 1. Existing Problems**
- 2. Solution Overview**
- 3. Application Examples in Mahu Shale Oil Field**
- 4. Optimization of Key Parameters**
- 5. Integrated optimization solution**
- 6. Conclusion**

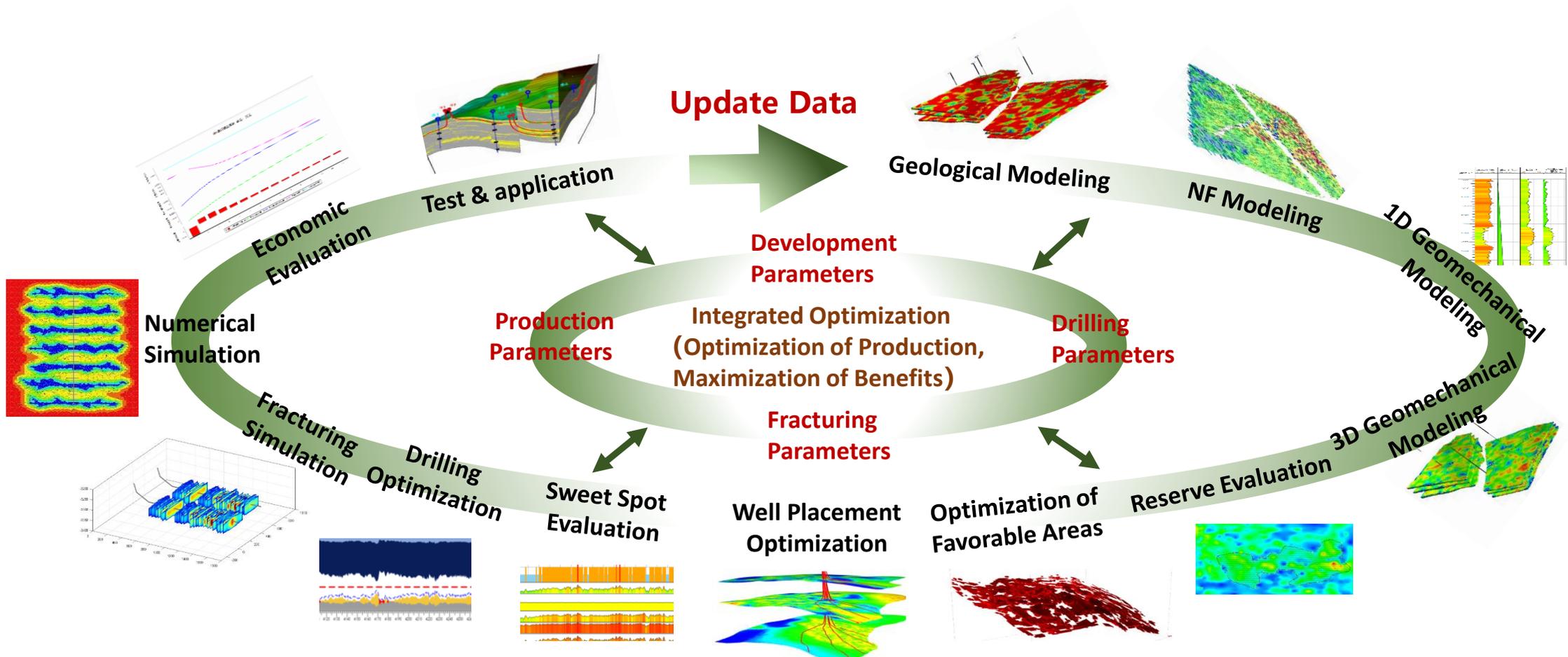
# 1. Existing Problems

How to balance the investment, production, and profitability?

- ❑ Geological Challenges
- ❑ High Drilling Cost
- ❑ High Fracturing Cost
- ❑ Low Production
- ❑ Low Oil Price
- ❑ High-efficiency Development

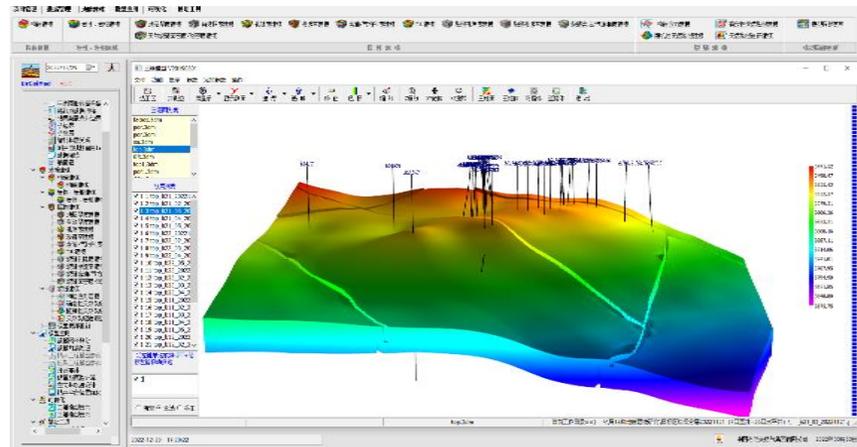


# 2. Solution Overview

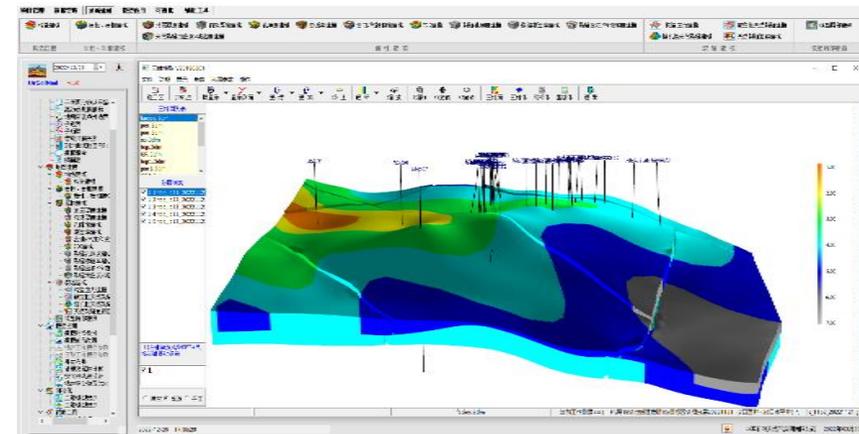


# 3. Application Examples in Mahu Shale Oil Field

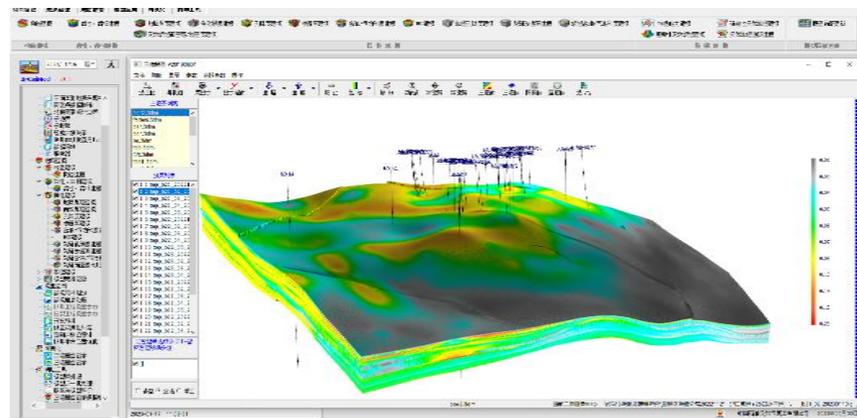
## Geological Modeling



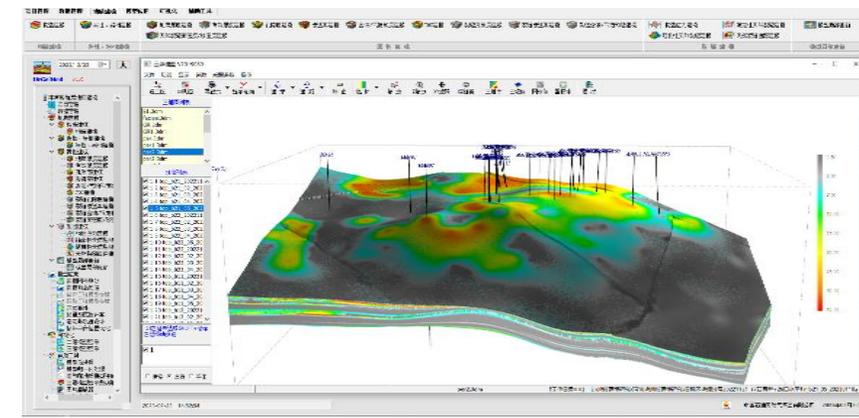
Structural model



Lithology and lithofacies model

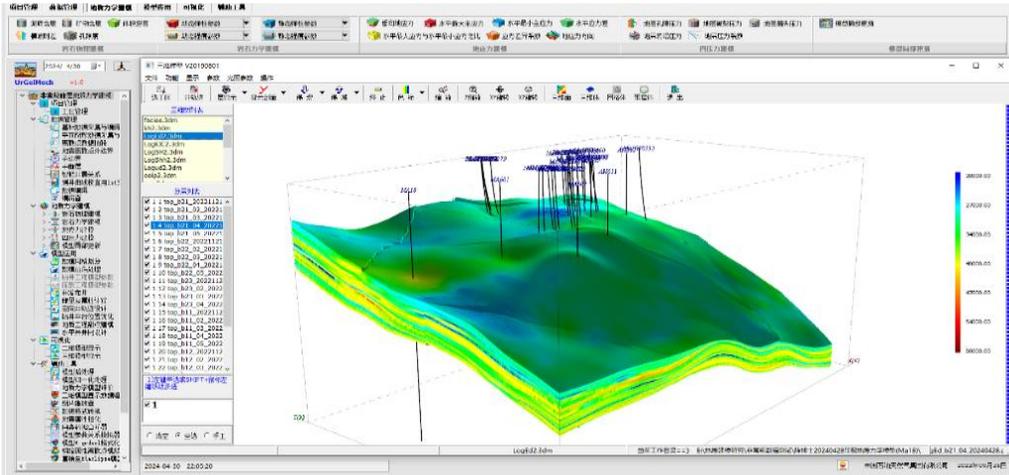


Porosity model

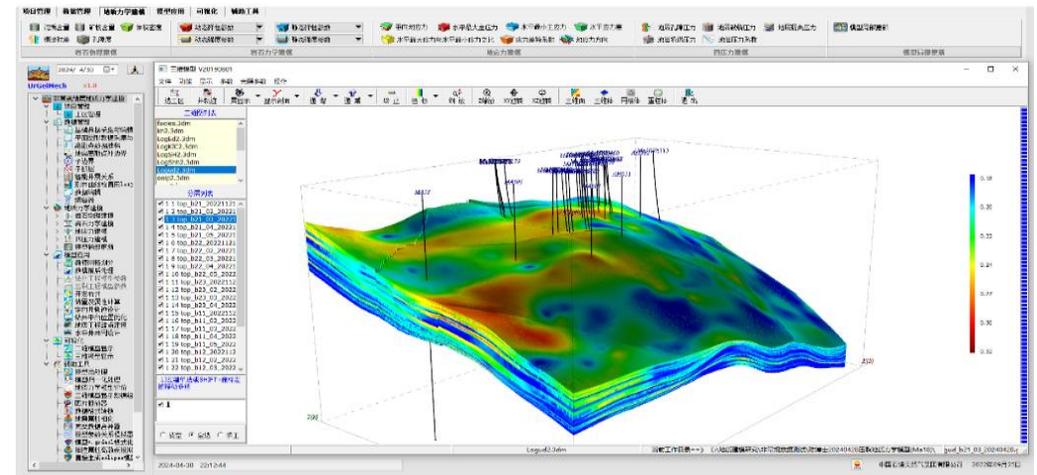


Permeability model

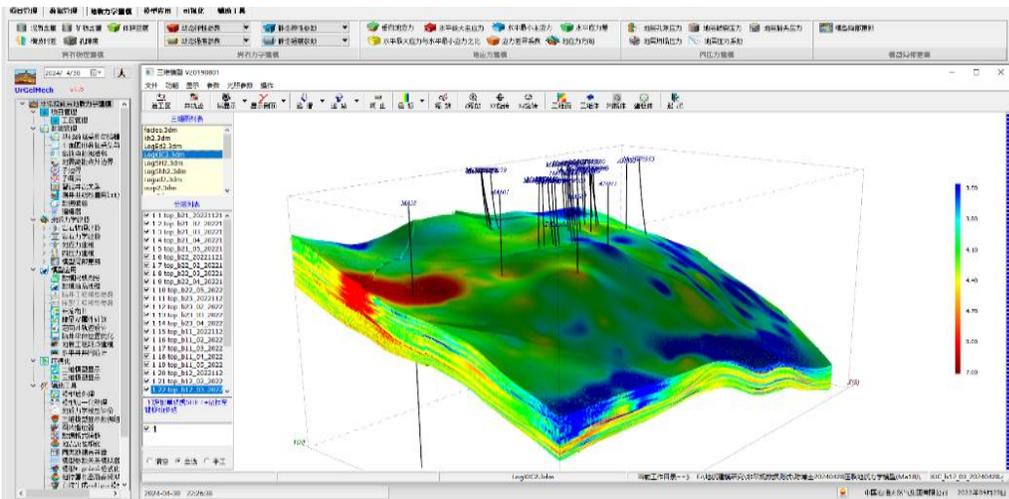
# 3D Geomechanical Modeling



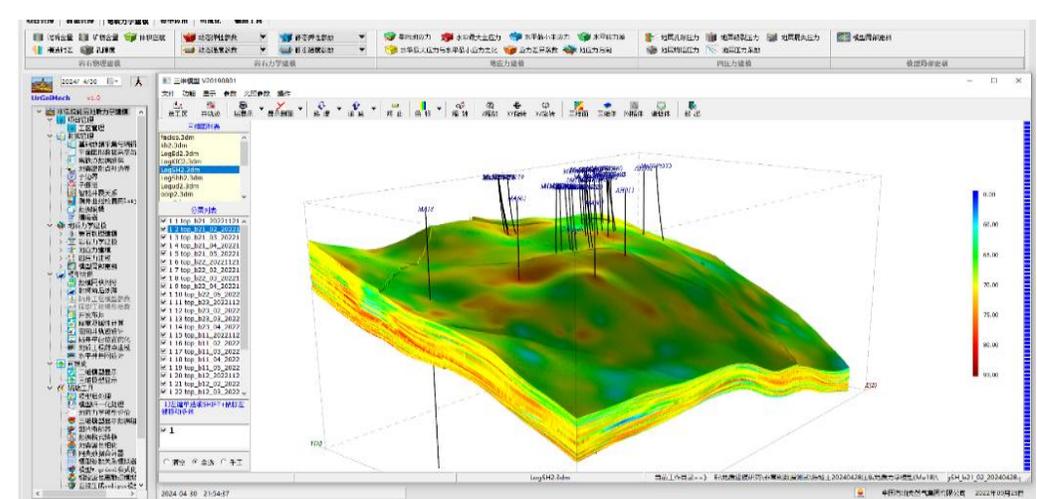
Young's Modulus



Poisson's Ratio

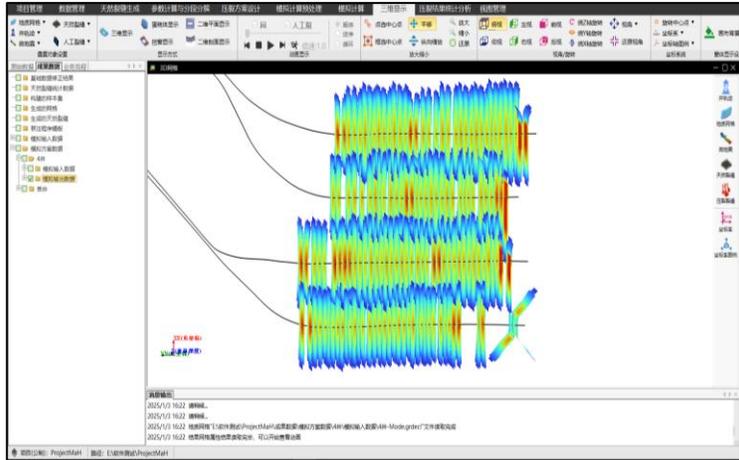


Fracture Toughness

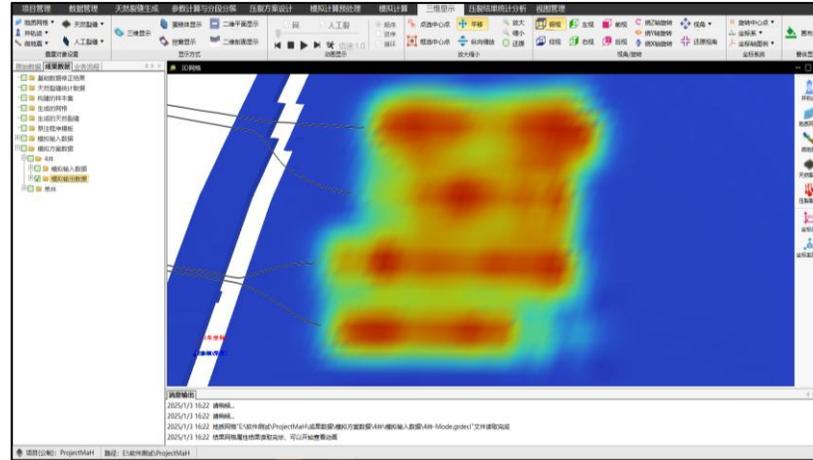


Maximum Horizontal Principal Stress

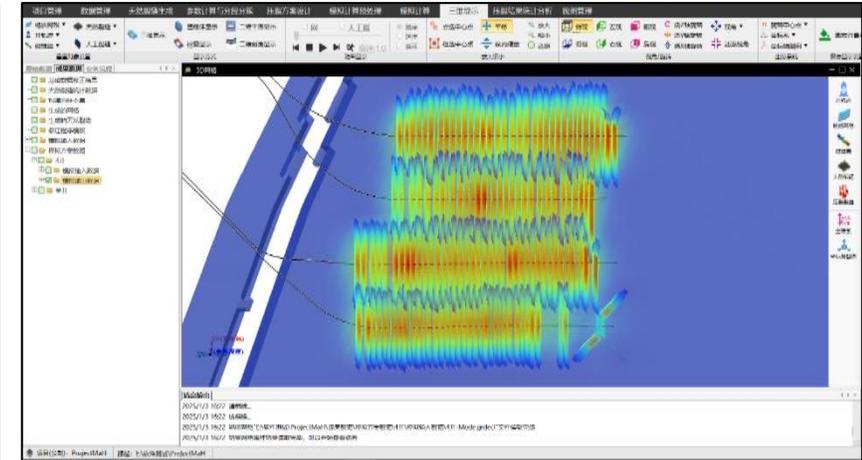
# Fracturing Simulation



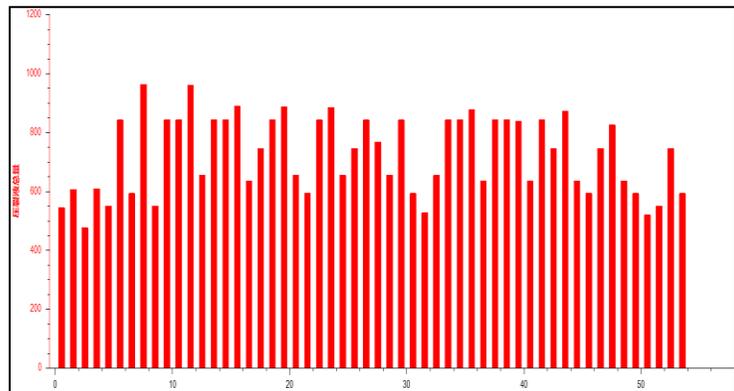
Post-frac artificial fracture geometry map



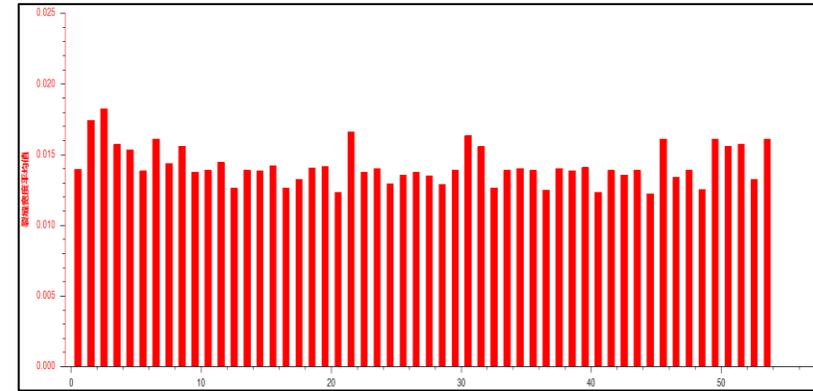
Post-frac induced stress field distribution map



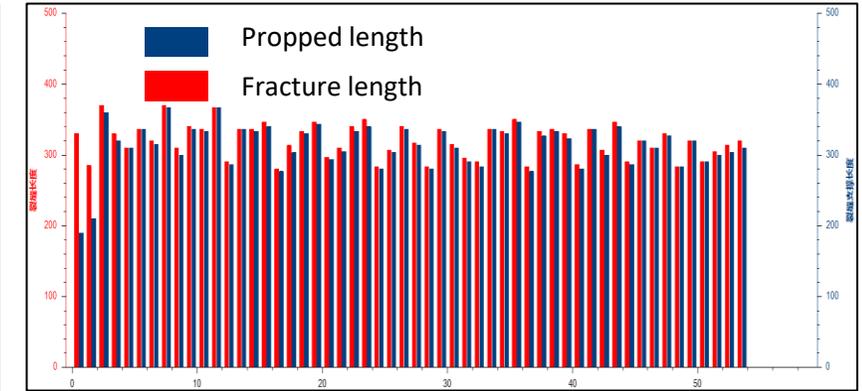
Overlay map of post-frac induced stress field and fractures



Fracturing fluid volume distribution diagram

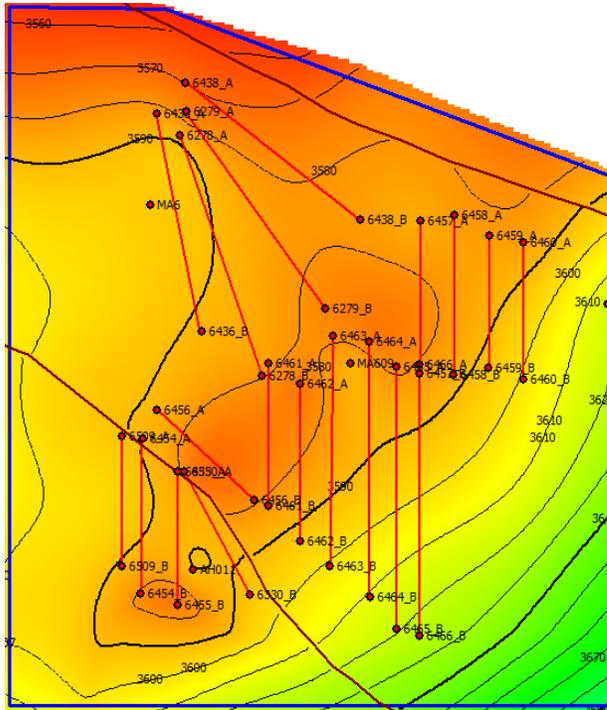


Fracture width distribution diagram

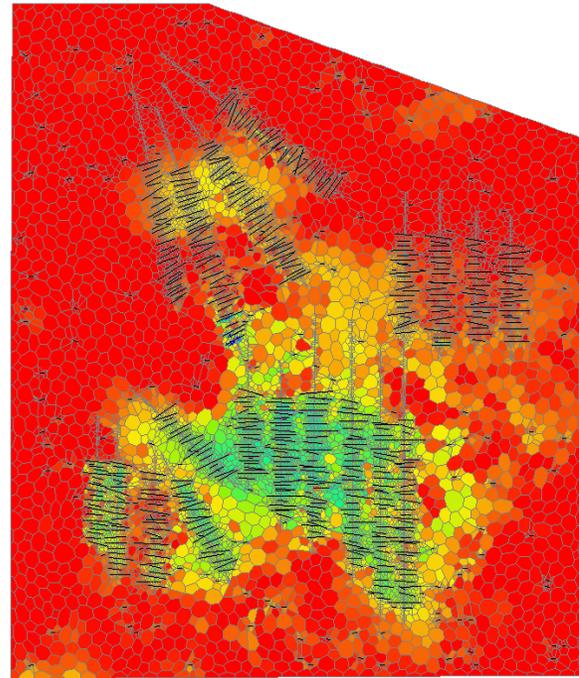


Fracture length distribution diagram

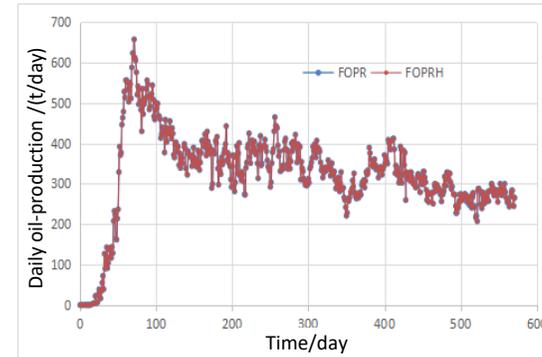
## Numerical Simulation



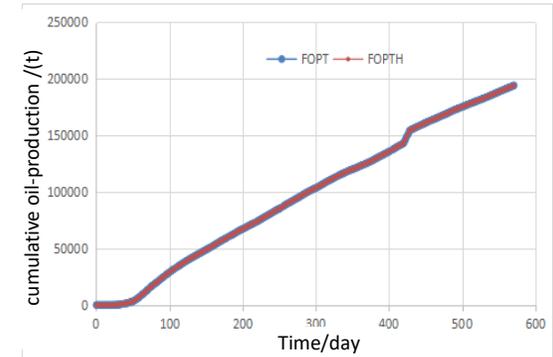
Well location map



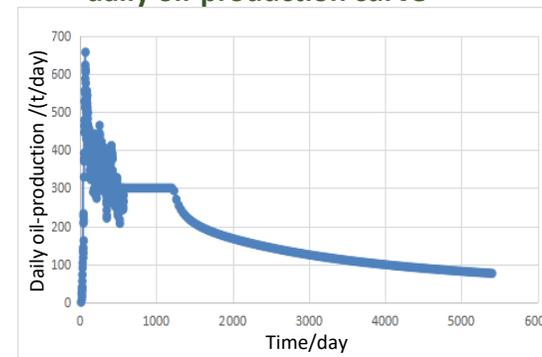
15-year forecast map of oil-saturation distribution



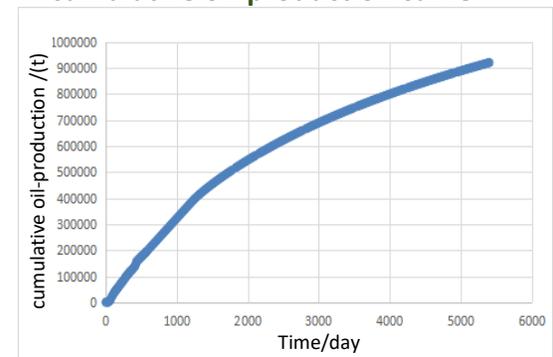
History-matched daily oil-production curve



History-matched cumulative oil-production curve



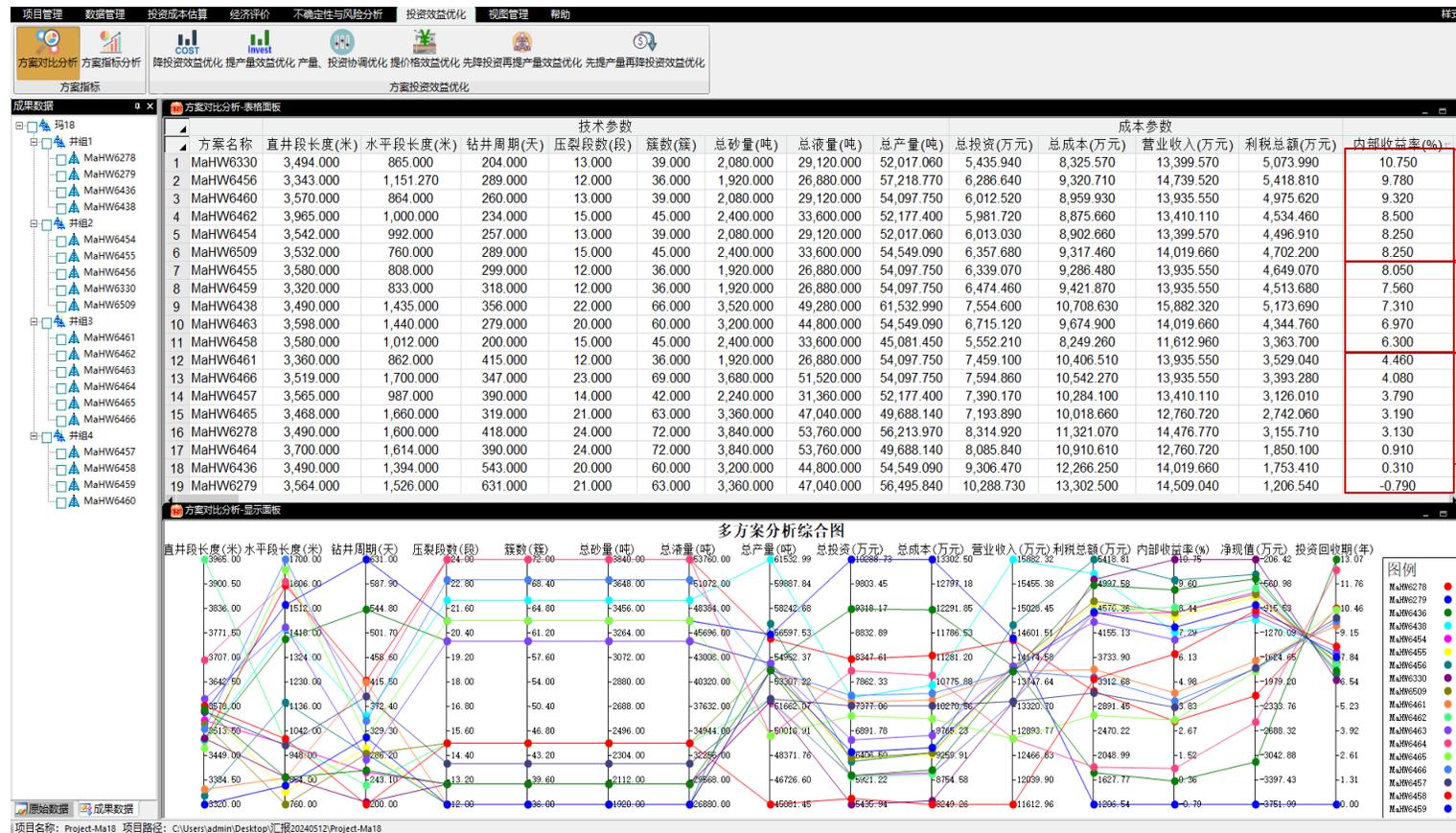
Forecast daily oil-production curve



Forecast cumulative oil-production curve

## Economic Evaluation

Conducted economic evaluations at the single-well, platform, and block levels.



IRR > 8%

IRR: 6%~8%

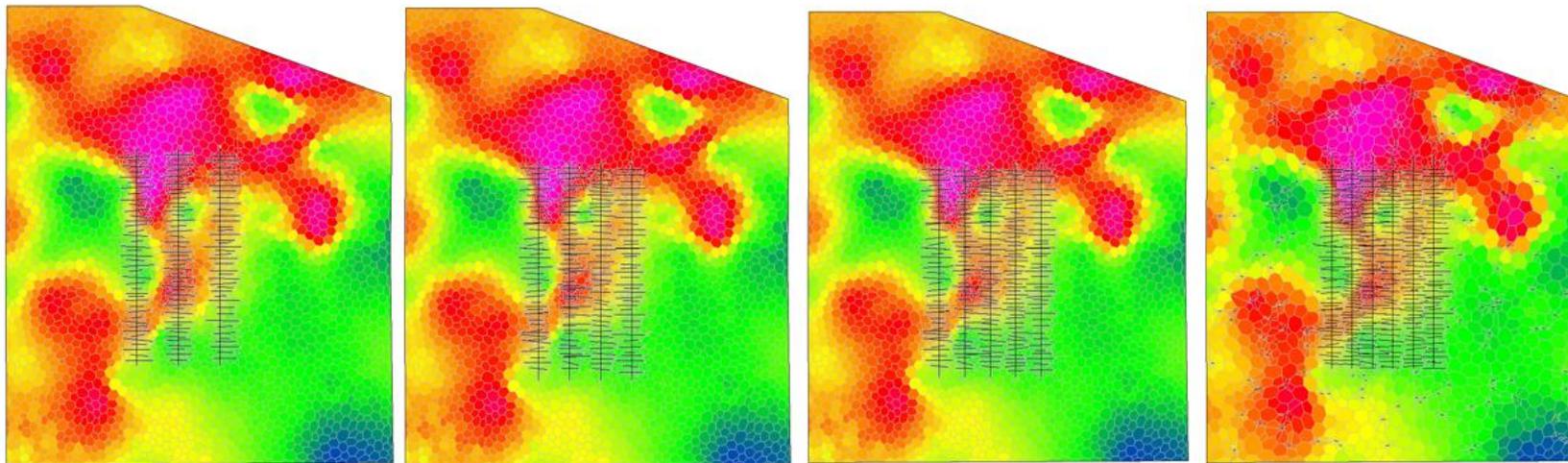
IRR < 6%

# 4. Optimization of Key Parameters

## Development deployment parameter optimization

Conduct a collaborative optimization of target location, well placement, well pattern, well spacing/well count, well-array mode, and development strategy to maximize economic returns and obtain the optimal development-deployment parameters.

### Well spacing



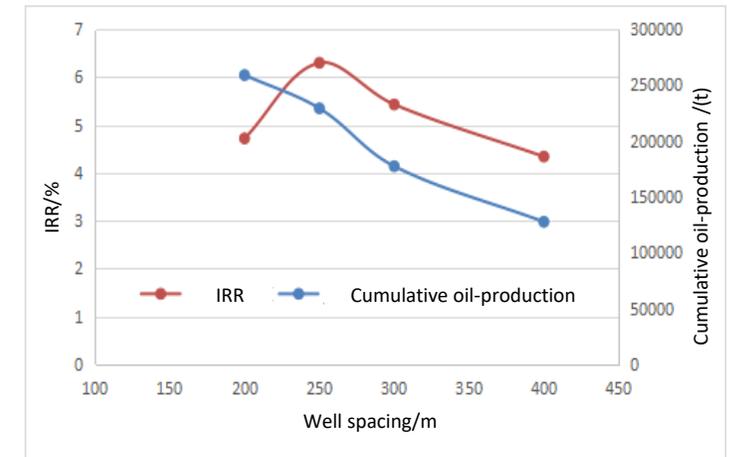
400m well spacing, 3 wells

300m well spacing, 4 wells

250m well spacing, 5 wells

200m well spacing, 6 wells

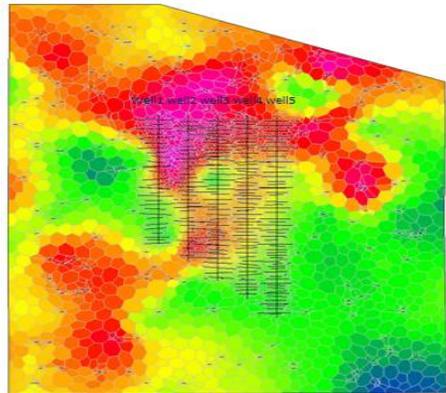
Diagram for different well spacings



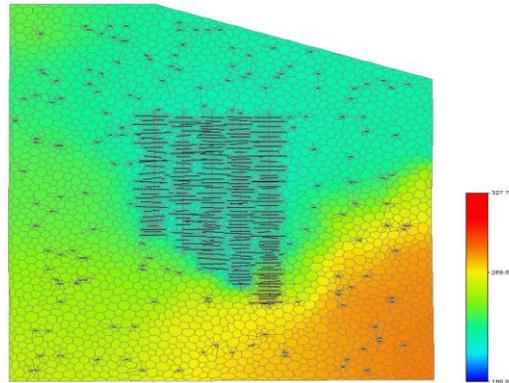
IRR vs. well-spacing curve

## □ Drilling parameter optimization

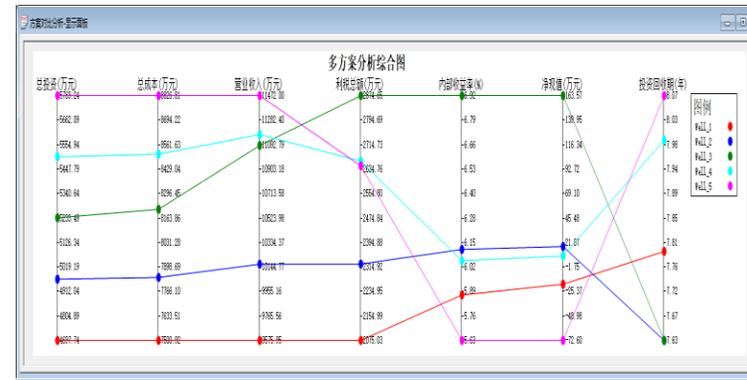
Collaboratively optimize well type, horizontal-well azimuth, lateral length, and lateral trajectory to achieve the best economic outcome and derive the optimal drilling parameters.



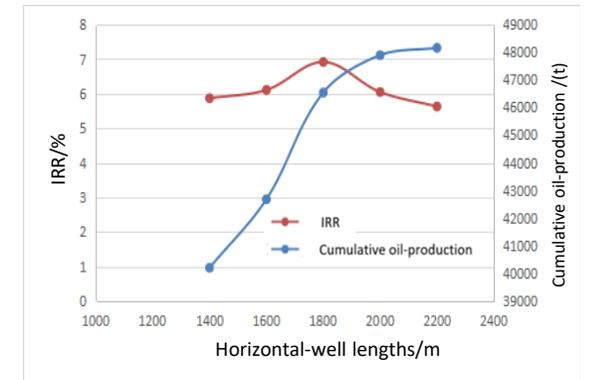
Different horizontal-well lengths



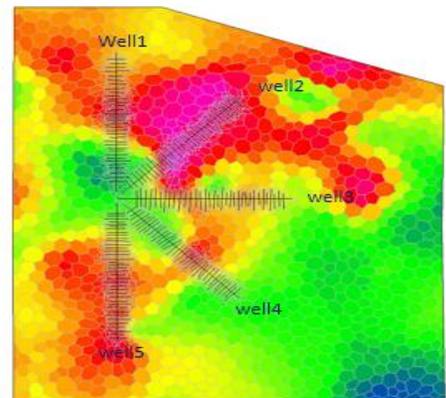
15-year simulated pressure-field distribution map



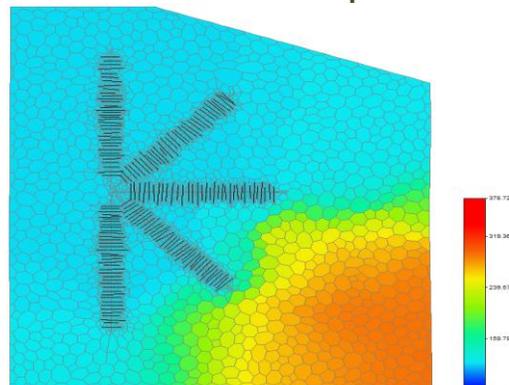
Economic-indicator comparison chart for different horizontal-well lengths



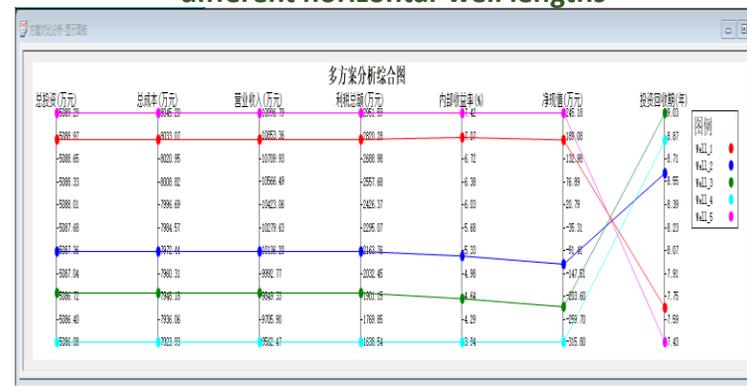
IRR vs. horizontal-well-length curve



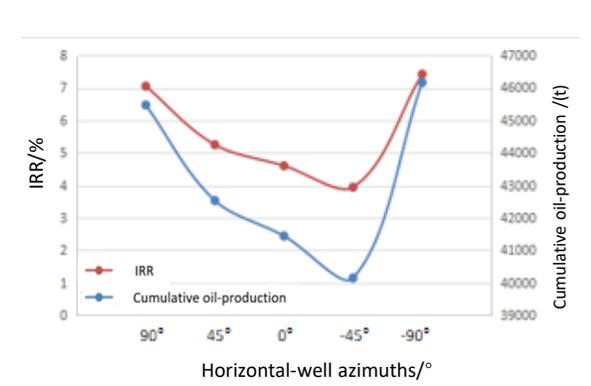
Different horizontal-well azimuths



15-year simulated pressure-field distribution map



Economic-indicator comparison chart for different horizontal-well azimuths



IRR vs. horizontal-well-azimuth curve

## Fracturing parameter optimization

Carry out a joint optimization of fracturing stages (stage count/spacing), clusters (cluster count/spacing), fluid volume, proppant volume, and injection rate to maximize benefits and establish the optimal fracturing parameters.

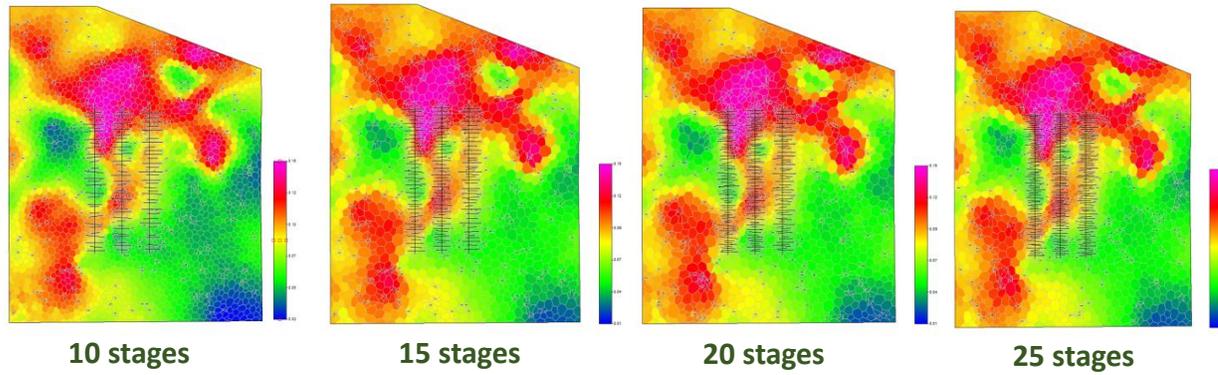


Diagram for different numbers of fracturing stages

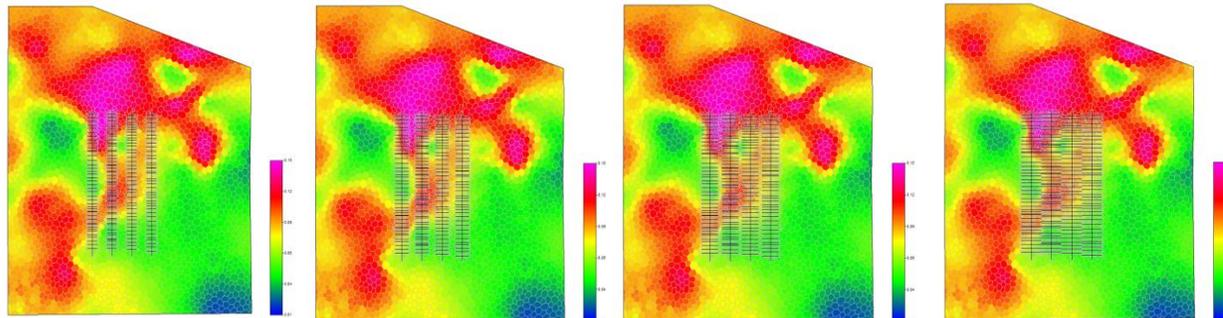
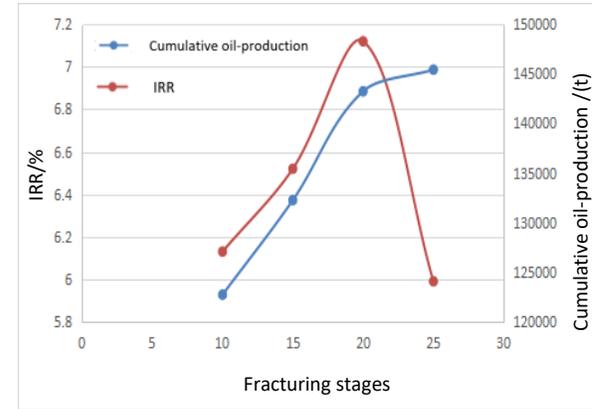
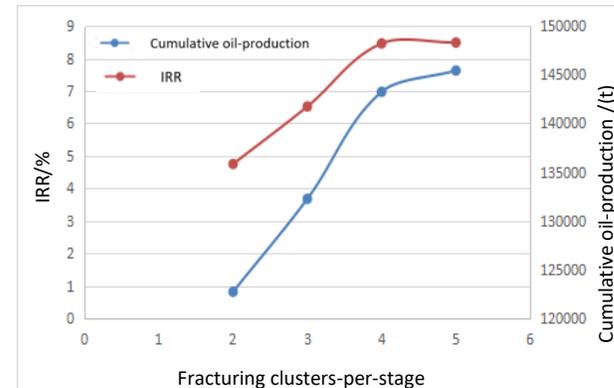


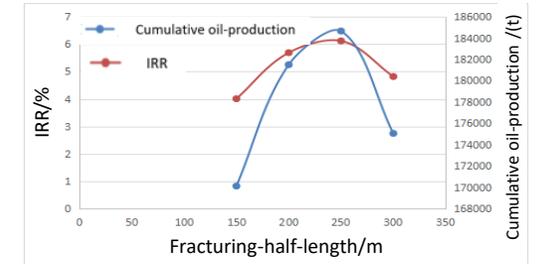
Diagram for different fracturing scales(changing Fracture half-length)



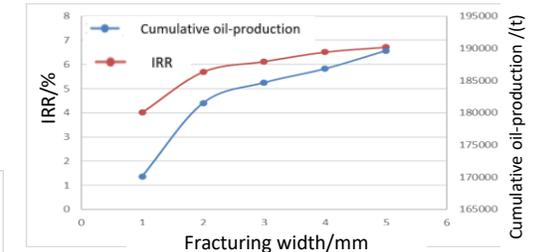
IRR vs. number-of-stages curve



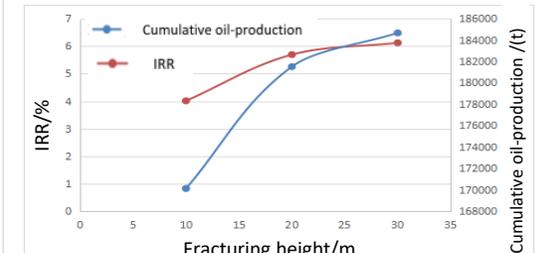
IRR vs. number-of-clusters-per-stage curve



IRR vs. fracture-half-length curve



IRR vs. fracture-width curve



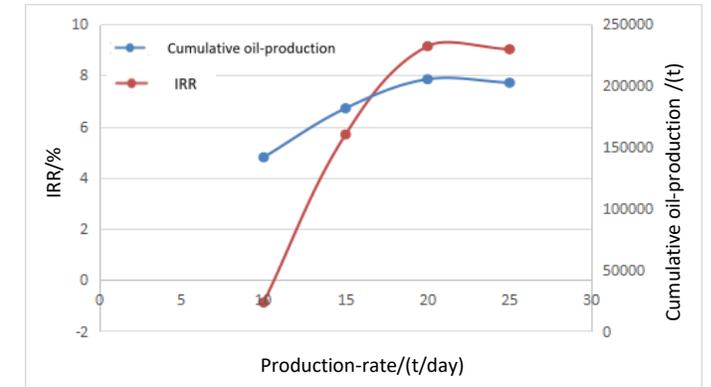
IRR vs. fracture-height curve

## □ Production parameter optimization

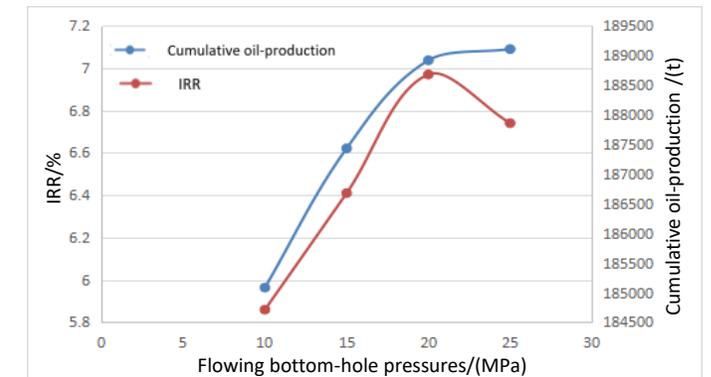
Collaboratively optimize individual-well production allocation and flowing bottom-hole pressure to attain the best economic performance and identify the optimal production parameters.

Table of economic-indicator results under different production-rate

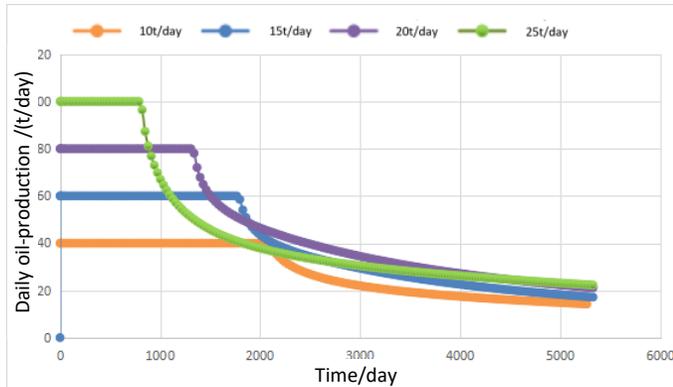
Rate	IRR (%)	NPV (10 <sup>4</sup> yuan)	PBP (Year)
10 t/d	-0.88	-4713.13	12.04
15t/d	5.69	-223.68	8.4
<b>20 t/d</b>	<b>9.14</b>	<b>2312.57</b>	<b>6.77</b>
25 t/d	9.02	2145.87	6.73



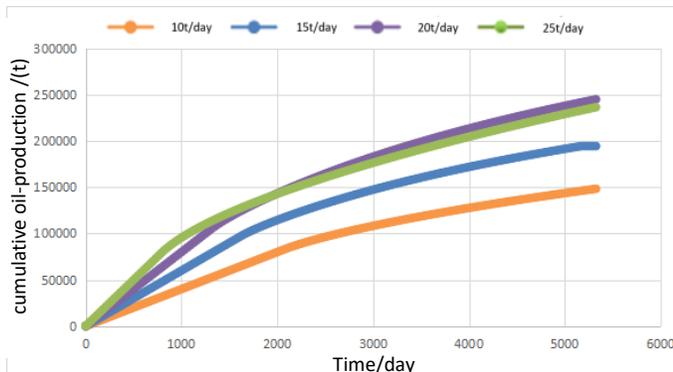
IRR vs. production-rate-allocation curve



IRR vs. bottom-hole-flowing-pressure curve



Forecast daily oil-production curve



Forecast cumulative oil-production curve

Table of economic-indicator results under different flowing bottom-hole pressures

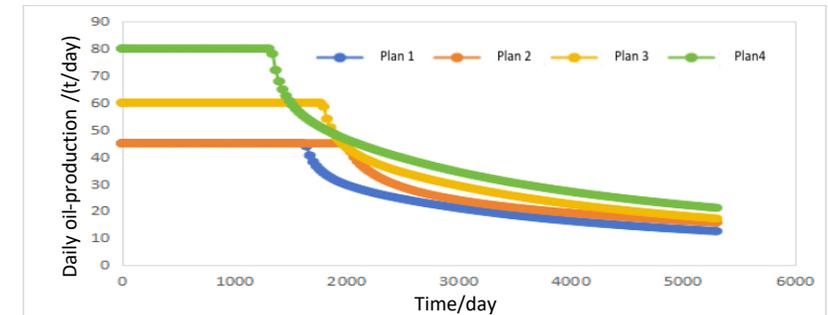
Pressure	IRR (%)	NPV (10 <sup>4</sup> yuan)	PBP (Year)
10MPa	5.86	-103.73	8.73
15MPa	6.41	302.97	8.12
<b>20MPa</b>	<b>6.97</b>	<b>682.64</b>	<b>7.59</b>
25MPa	6.74	544.89	7.59

# 5. Integrated optimization solution

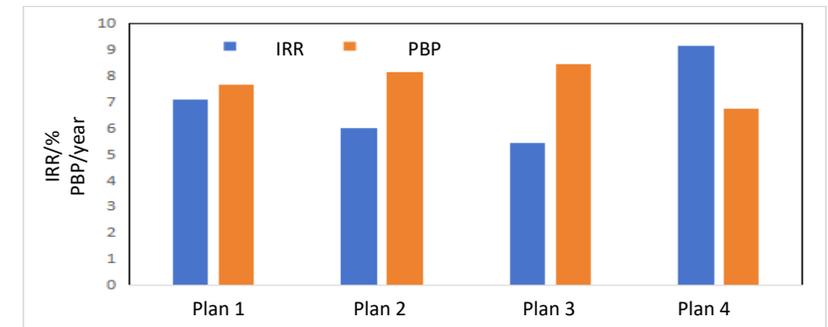
Key geo-engineering parameters across development deployment , drilling, fracturing, and production are assembled into multiple plans and subjected to multidisciplinary, integrated optimization aimed at maximizing economic return, yielding the optimal field-development plan.

**Plan Performance Comparison Table**

Plan	Number of Well	Well Space (m)	numbers of fracturing stages	numbers of fracturing clusters	Production Rate (t/day)	IRR (%)	NPV (10 <sup>4</sup> yu an)	PBP (year)
Plan1	3	400	20	60	15	7.12	608.02	7.66
Plan2	3	400	25	75	15	5.99	-6.06	8.14
Plan3	4	300	20	60	15	5.43	-405.01	8.47
Plan4	4	300	20	60	20	9.14	2312.57	6.77



**Daily oil production curves for different plans**



**Bar chart of IRR comparison across plans**

## 6. Conclusion

Integrated geo-engineering, multi-disciplinary collaborative optimization is an effective pathway to cost-effective development of tight oil reservoirs.

Utilizing the systematic and real-time optimization capabilities of geo-engineering software can enhance single-well production/EUR, reduce capital expenditure, and achieve profitable development.

Thank you for your attention.

Comments and suggestions are welcome.